

THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

VOL. XIII.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1904.

NO. 23

REPORT ON CONVICTS

Submitted by President Carmichael of the State Board of Inspectors.

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCES.

Some History of the System—Health of Prisoners—Boys at Speigners.

The annual report of Judge J. M. Carmichael, president of the state board of convict inspectors, has been filed with the governor.

Judge Carmichael begins with a sketch review of the history of the system and points out the difficulties which were encountered under the old plan of leasing convicts.

The report says in part: "Since the last biennial report between 700 and 800 convicts, not heretofore under the immediate control of the department have fallen immediately in the care of the department. Previous to the 1st of January, 1903, convicts were made with the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company, and the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron company for the mining of coal, at so much per ton, the department having the entire control and management of the convicts, feeding, clothing, medicating, etc., all the men laboring at these two places.

"During the present year a contract has been made with the Dunham Lumber company to work from 50 to 65 hands in saw milling at Dunham, the department to have the exclusive care and treatment of the convicts.

"The Sloss company was required to move its prison to the present location at Flat Top because of the death rate at the prison formerly occupied by them. The mortality was a great grief to each of the inspectors of the department and so continued until the people were moved. Their present location is most comfortable and healthy.

"The report reviews the project for a reformatory for negro boys under 16 years of age at Speigners.

"In pursuance of this section and the ordinance of the board referred to, quarters separate and apart from other convicts have been established with an apartment for night teaching, and the boys all gathered from the several places in the state where they were located and placed there, numbering something like thirty-five to forty.

"They are now engaged in picking cotton and will be employed at such labor as they are able to do during their imprisonment, and at night instructed in spelling, reading and writing."

"The inspectors report that it is impracticable to operate the cotton mill at Speigners.

"This department is now engaged in mining coal for Pratt mines at 73 cents per ton, delivered over the tipples, and for the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron company at Flat Top, at 43 cents per ton, delivered at the mouth of the rooms. This, at the outset, was an experiment, many people predicting that it would be a failure, and a few believing and hoping that it would be a success.

"Expenses in running the mines have been very heavy, not more so, however, than we reasonably expected from the beginning.

"That the success of the present management may be fully understood, it may not be amiss to state, that for the year next before the beginning of the term of the present management, there was received into the state treasury, as shown by the treasurer's report, the sum of \$6,527.32. At the end of the first fiscal year, after March 1, 1901, the net receipts were \$84,157.56; for the next, \$35,273.49; for the next, \$177,935.17, and for the year ending August 31, 1904, the net receipts were \$267,955.75. The whole sum earned during the two years ending August 31, 1904, was \$469,789.40. The whole net sum paid into the treasury for the four years ending August 31, 1904, was \$625,391.97. To this may be added \$23,828.52 earned, but not yet paid in, making the whole net sum earned \$649,220.49."

Louisiana Gets the Best.

Governor Vandaman, of Mississippi, has received a petition from the raw oyster dealers along the Mississippi coast urging that steps be taken to abrogate the agreement previously entered into between the states of Mississippi and Louisiana regarding the disputed oyster reefs and fishing territory, concerning which litigation is now pending before the United States supreme court.

The neutral ground described in the agreement includes some of the best oyster reefs in the Mississippi sound, and the Louisiana boats take oysters therefrom freely, but the Mississippi oystermen are unable to do so on account of Louisiana's armed patrol.

Gins Burned.

The gin of J. H. Robinson, some 20 miles below Selma was completely destroyed by fire. A match is believed to have been accidentally thrown into the cotton and the building immediately caught fire.

Two gins were burned in eastern Cullman county. One was the Martin ginney at Bayleton, the loss reaching \$2,500, and the other that of Schulz & Watkins at Walters, the loss being \$2,000.

PAYMASTER REPORTS.

Recommends Improvements in Standard of Officers and at Stations.

That an appointee to the pay corps shall not receive his commission as assistant paymaster until he has served one year as acting paymaster and until his physical, mental, moral and professional qualities have been examined and approved by a board of pay officers, appointed by the secretary of the navy, is the recommendation made by Rear Admiral H. T. B. Harris, paymaster general of the navy. The recommendation has the approval of the secretary.

Enlistment of chief yeomen directly from civil life is urged, \$45,000 in stores having been lost in the last year by incompetent yeomen. Increase of the naval supply fund to \$5,000,000 is earnestly requested.

Among the improvements at the navy yards which the report deems necessary are general storehouses at Washington and Norfolk, a lumber shed and steel storehouse at Charleston, S. C., general storehouses at San Juan and Guantanamo, a storehouse for provisions at Mare Island and a lumber shed and yard at League Island. Improvement in the navy rations on specified line is recommended.

VETERANS' REUNION.

Call issued for Mobile November 15 and 16—Other Bodies Also.

Major General George P. Harrison, commander of the Alabama division of the United Confederate Veterans, has issued an order through his adjutant general and chief of staff, Col. Harvey E. Jones, calling a reunion at Mobile on November 15 and 16. The order urges the different camps in the state to elect delegates and alternates at once. The major general earnestly desires every camp in his division to send delegates to Mobile, and cordially invites every Confederate veteran, whether a member of the camp or not, to join his old comrades on this occasion. The United Daughters of the Confederacy, Sons of Veterans and members of kindred organizations are especially included in this invitation. Commander Owen, of the Sons of Veterans, has already issued an order calling the sons together at Mobile on the same dates. The sponsor for the veterans is Miss Lucille Washburn.

RESTRAINING ORDER

Which Affects Warrior Canal Building Has Been Issued.

A restraining order has been issued against the firm of Willard and Cornwall and Richard E. Prowell, of New York.

According to the bill the surety company went on the bond of Willard and Cornwall for \$500,000. The company was to build a dam at lock No. 4 on the Black Warrior river in Alabama. It is alleged that after completing some of the work the company transferred their contract to Prowell, who, it is alleged, has been conducting the work in an unsatisfactory manner. As a result of this a number of suits are threatened, and Prowell has so far refused to pay the amount of the outstanding debts.

May Import Japanese.

A movement is on foot by railroad men and mill owners to import about 1,500 Japanese laborers from California and the Pacific coast to work in the mills in Mississippi. The mill men are experiencing great difficulty in securing either white or black labor and it is thought that the Japanese will fill the vacancies made by the scarcity of common labor.

Three Disagreements.

L. E. Huffman, the alleged murderer of United States Marshal J. N. Holsenback, is in the Jefferson county jail. Huffman has just had his third trial.

Burned to Death.

Mrs. M. J. Collier, of Merrimac, fell down the stairs of her residence with a lighted lamp in her hands. The fall broke the lamp and ignited the oil, the unfortunate woman being burned to death in the flames. In an endeavor to smother the fire with bed quilts, the quilts caught fire and the house was almost destroyed.

Sensation Sprung.

At Anniston the Haynes murder trial has taken a sensational turn, owing to the statement of Ed White, a witness from Etowah county, who claims that John Haynes offered him \$200 to swear that Turner was the man who applied a vile epithet. This, the witness claimed, he declined to do, and was told that he would be troubled for ten years, accepting the statement as a threat that the case would be continued that long.

Appointed Postmaster.

Henry White has been appointed postmaster at Lockhart, Covington county, vice John B. Rider, removed.

New Station.

At the first meeting of the directors of the new Meridian, Miss., terminal company, plans for the new passenger station were approved: the capital stock increased from \$50,000 to \$75,000 and President F. C. McGhee resigned. C. P. Wetherbee was elected president in his stead. Work was authorized to commence at once on the removal of the old cotton compress which occupies the site selected for the new depot.

Bicycle factories all over the country have almost ceased the manufacture of the two-wheeled machines and are making autos.

This year's total registration in Greater New York was 688,755, which exceeds by nearly 50,000 the record of 640,522 in 1900.

"Othello, Moor of Venice," the only known complete copy of the first issue of Charles Lamb's juvenile tale, has been sold at auction. It brought \$530.

Eight thousand gallons of fresh water are used in a large battleship daily. About two-thirds of this is taken up by the boilers, and the remainder is used for drinking, washing, etc.

A London newsboy, 12 years old, attempted suicide by cutting his throat with a pocket knife because he had sold only 4 cents' worth of papers and did not dare go home to his father with less than 25 cents.

It is announced that the Carnegie Hero Fund commission will not award any medals or prizes until the commission holds its next meeting, January 18, 1905. There are now 59 cases under consideration.

Japanese believe they were originally a race of giants, and that their stature has diminished as a result of their strenuous exertions in acquiring modern science, and that they will grow tall again in the peace and prosperity that will follow victory.

Permission has been accorded the students of Dorpat (Russia) University to resume wearing caps of colors which were forbidden to such corporations under Alexander III, in pursuance of the policy of the Russification of the Baltic provinces.

The wonderful amethyst which Napoleon gave to Countess Walewska and which so delighted Madame Recamier, has been found again, all trace of it having been lost for many years. It is now in a case in the museum at Sens.

That kings receive petitions is common enough, but that a king should send a petition to his prime minister is out of the ordinary. Still this just what the young King Alfonso of Spain has done, requesting his prime minister to grant him an eight-hour day.

Henry James Cove, who for a great many years was in charge of the house of commons cloak-room, died recently in London. He left \$210,000, all of which he bequeathed to hospitals, excepting \$500 to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

The largest topaz in the world is to be presented to the pope next spring by American Catholics. Money is now being collected for the purchase of this valuable stone, which was discovered in Brazil and cut and polished in Italy. It weighs nearly four pounds.

Just as there are valuable strains in other stock, so there are varieties of queen bees which are worth many hundred times their weight in gold. Italian bee farmers demand and receive without question prices ranging from \$50 to \$200 for a single queen bee. Some of them are even insured.

Unless steps are taken soon the old headquarters which Washington occupied at the battle of White Plains will be demolished. A New York realty company has purchased the tract of land on which the building stands and is engaged in cutting it up into building lots.

Dr. Jackson's experiment in acclimatizing the Siberian reindeer in Alaska, at first thought a failure, is proving a great success. The animals have taken to the Alaskan moss, of which there is an inexhaustible supply, and are multiplying fast. They are useful as pack or sled animals.

BY PROXY.

What the Baby Needed.

I suffered from nervousness and headache until one day about a year ago it suddenly occurred to me what a great coffee drinker I was, and I thought maybe this might have something to do with my trouble, so I shifted to tea for awhile, but was not better, if anything, worse.

"At that time I had a baby four months old that we had to feed on the bottle, until an old lady friend told me to try Postum Food Coffee. Three months ago I commenced using Postum, leaving off the tea and coffee, and not only have my headaches and nervous troubles entirely disappeared, but since then I have been giving plenty of nurse for my baby and have a large, healthy child now."

"I have no desire to drink anything but Postum and know it has benefited my children, and I hope all who have children will try Postum and find out for themselves what a really wonderful food drink it is." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Both tea and coffee contain quantities of a poisonous drug called caffeine that directly affects the heart, kidneys, stomach and nerves. Postum is made from cereals only, scientifically blended to get the coffee flavor. Ten days' trial of Postum in place of tea or coffee will show a health secret worth more than a gold mine. There's a reason.

Get the book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

National Commissioner of Education Submits Report For a Year.

COST OF THE SCHOOL SYSTEM.

One-fifth of Our Population Attends School—Ninety-six Reform Schools.

The report of the commissioner of education for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, made public by the secretary of the interior shows 16,009,361 pupils, or 20 per cent of the entire population of the country, attending the public schools during that year. As compared with the previous six years, this percentage shows a light decrease in the number of pupils, as compared with the total population. The total cost of the public school system is given at \$251,457,625. This is an increase of \$16,000,000 over the previous year. It amounts to \$2.15 per capita of total population, and \$22.75 per capita per pupil.

Since 1870 the proportion of male teachers has decreased from 34 per cent of the entire number to 25 per cent of the entire number the past year. The average compensation for male teachers last year was \$49.98 and \$40.51 for females. This is a slight increase over the previous year.

The enrollment in the private schools for the year is given as \$1,093,876. By the addition of pupils in elementary schools, academies, institutions for high education, evening schools, business schools, private kindergartens and schools for defective orphans, the grand total of 18,187,918 pupils is reported.

The report estimates that the average schooling given to each inhabitant in 1870 was 672 days and in 1903, 1,034 days. The report shows that last year 1,578,632 colored children were enrolled in the common schools for that race in the former sixteen slave states and the District of Columbia. The enrollment in 1877, the first year statistics were taken of the colored schools, was 571,506. Since 1876 it is estimated that \$130,000,000 has been expended in the education of the colored children in the former slave states and nearly \$600,000,000 for the same purpose for the white children of the same section. Ninety-six reform schools are recorded with 31,468 inmates, 21,603 of which are learning useful trades.

ALABAMA BANKS.

Data on Organization and Capitalization.

From May, 1900, to October 26, 1904, there were 93 banks organized in the state of Alabama, representing a total capital stock of \$6,402,500. Of this number 64 were state banks, with a combined capital of \$4,067,500, and 29 were national banks, with a gross capital of \$2,335,000.

For this year, up to October 26, there have been organized fifteen state banks with a total capital of \$640,000 and 9 national banks with \$492,000.

During the above period the bank incorporated with the largest capital was the City Bank and Trust Company, of Mobile, under the state laws, with a capital of \$500,000, on April 2, 1903. The two largest national banks, with a \$200,000 capital each, were the Fourth National bank, of Montgomery, and Selma National bank.

New Bank Building.

At Tusculum the Merchants' Bank has purchased a desirable corner lot and will at once begin the erection of a handsome bank building. Plans are being submitted, and it is thought the building will be completed and ready for occupancy by the first of January.

Urging Cotton Growing.

Two representatives of the British Cotton Growing association are now in the West Indies advising the people to engage in the cultivation of cotton. The area in Jamaica devoted to cotton growing is being extended, and a big company is being formed in England to develop the industry there.

Improvements at Meridian.

Announcement is made by J. A. Gibson, secretary and treasurer of the Meridian Light and Railway company, that \$100,000 will be expended at once on improvements of the line. Five hundred tons of new seventy-pound steel rails have been purchased and the company will begin in November to take up all the lighter rails and replace them with the heavier ones. A downtown loop will be built to avoid the congestion of traffic and for the convenience of the public. An extension of one and a half miles will also be built in the cotton mill district.

JUDGE RANDOLPH

Released by Montgomery Grand Jury.—Cases Not Prossed.

Ex-Judge Francis C. Randolph was acquitted of the charge of embezzling funds from the state. The jury was out twenty hours. On motion of the solicitor all the other cases, except four of the state and two private cases, were not prossed.

ALABAMA TAX VALUES.

Have Risen Steadily for Twenty Years. Now Aggregate \$323,000,000.

The assessed valuations of Alabama properties in 1884, twenty years ago, was \$167,124,591, or \$156,041,119 less than the figures of the assessments of 1904, which are \$323,165,710.

The total receipts from the state's resources in 1884 were \$830,331, while they were \$3,201,840 in 1903, and will be about the same this year, notwithstanding the reduction in the tax rate from 75c to 65c on the \$100.

The state taxes were \$772,595 in 1903; they will be \$807,593 by the assessment of 1904. The three mill tax for schools will be \$868,636 for 1904 compared to \$725,873 for the year previous.

For the year ending August 31, 1904, the net receipts from the convict department were \$267,965. For the time between October 1, 1903, and September 24, 1904, the convict department turned into the state treasury over and above all expenses \$299,013.

There are a great many sources of revenue for the state outside of taxes. Licenses, redemption of lands, fees, corporation and franchise taxes, sales of tax lands, and other lands owned by the state, insurance fees and convict department, sales of books, all bring in big sums. Last year the total state tax collections were \$2,201,840.

The \$968,630 assessed to schools this year does not represent all the school fund, which is much over a million dollars this year. The old soldier fund is also to be largely augmented by special appropriations.

PHOTOS REQUIRED

Hereafter on Civil Service Examination Papers.

Much crookedness in civil service examinations has been stopped by the recent issuance of orders requiring that a photograph must be attached by each applicant to his examination papers. The photographs must not be more than three years old and it must be accompanied by an official certification that it is a good likeness. The photograph and sample of the applicant's handwriting will be sent for comparison to the chief of the division to which he is assigned. The order was the result of the discovery that many dummies were being employed to take examinations for applicants, and were paid either a fixed sum or a percentage of the applicant's salary each month after appointment. The frauds were especially large in connection with places in the Philippines.

JAPANESE VESSEL

Said to be Accountable for the North Sea Trouble.

Only two days before the North sea incident the consul general of one of the important nations represented at Paris wrote a letter saying that Demetrios Ivolpos, living formerly at Patros, Greece, has made the following statement to the consul general:

Ivolpos shipped as master's cook from a port in Scotland on board the Japanese ship Itsuma. The ship came to Brest, whence she began making trips of surveillance of channel ships, took in the Japanese flag and raised sometimes the American flag, and sometimes the Swedish flag. Ivolpos perceiving that the Itsuma was not an ordinary merchant cruise, but was engaged in a dangerous mission of surveillance over Russian ships, left the ship at Brest, came here and reported to the Russian authorities.

Water Too Low.

Low water in the Tennessee river has caused the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway to suspend all freight and passenger traffic from Hobbs Island to Guntersville. The transfer boats can not pick their way between the two points and they will be tied up until there is a rise.

Bridge Condemned.

The big draw bridge at New Hope, across the Paint Rock river, erected by Madison and Marshall counties jointly, has been condemned by commissioners of both counties and has been ordered closed to the public until repairs can be made. Two of the piers have been found defective.

MONTGOMERY WATER.

System to be Modernized at Expense of \$200,000.

Rudolph Herring, expert engineer of New York, has gone to advise with Montgomery officials in the matter of putting in new water works. Forty miles of water pipe will be laid, one new reservoir will be constructed, two stand pipes erected and an eight million gallon pump installed.

The whole system will cost \$200,000. Mr. Herring receives \$75 a day and expenses. He installed the present sanitary sewer system of Montgomery.

Nearly 7,000 New Cars.

The Pennsylvania railroad has placed an order for 6,000 freight cars for immediate construction with the American Car and Foundry company, the Standard Steel Car company and the Cambria Steel company. Within a month's time the Pennsylvania has contracted for 6,800 cars.

Twenty-three is considered a lucky number by the royal family of Russia.

MINE EXPLOSION

In Colorado Results in Loss of a Score of Lives. Mine Burning.

RESEMBLED A VOLCANO.

Supposed to Have Been Caused by Dust—Number of Dead Not Known Positively.

A terrific explosion occurred at mine number 3 of the Rocky Mountain Fuel and Iron company at Terrio, Col., and the number of dead is placed between thirty and forty men.

The number reported as having gone into the mine was seventeen miners and four camp men. Many more are known to have gone into the mine and the exact number of dead may never be known, as the mine is burning and the bodies may be cremated.

United States Inspector Foreman was present when the explosion occurred. He gives the following account of the affair:

"I was standing not more than 300 yards from the mouth of the tunnel when the explosion occurred. The explosion was preceded by a low rumbling sound resembling an earthquake which made the earth tremble and startled the whole camp.

"I looked toward the mine and out of the mouth of the tunnel and two airshafts came a volume of smoke and dust which continued for nearly a minute. Out of the two airshafts, each of which are seven feet in diameter, timbers that were fully two or three feet in diameter were shot into the air and broken into splinters.

"Rocks were thrown about for a distance of a mile. Broken timbers and all kinds of debris were thrown out for fully a minute and many people were injured by these missiles.

"The explosion was for all the world like a volcano eruption. Women, men and children rushed to the mouth of the tunnel and women whose husbands were in the mine had to be brought away by miners to keep them from being killed by the deadly fumes coming from the mouth of the tunnel."

The mine in which the accident occurred works 140 men and it is thought that at least sixty were in the mine at the time. Hundreds of men are trying to get into the mine, but deadly fumes overcome them frequently, their places being taken by others ready to risk their lives.

LATER.

The number of dead will not be ascertained until the mine is thoroughly explored. The men are foreigners who have been recently imported to take the place of strikers, and their names have not been learned.

Hundreds of miners from other camps are working in three-hour shifts in the effort to reach the bodies, but the work is slow and extremely dangerous on account of the formation, the ground constantly sliding and caving in. Three bodies so badly burned and mutilated as to be unrecognizable were taken out. Most of the other dead are supposed to be in rooms about 1,000 feet further in the tunnel. The mine is completely wrecked.

Lumber Mill Wrecked.

A fatal accident has occurred at Satilla Bluff, Ga. The large boilers in the mill of the Hilton-Dodge Lumber company exploded. The mill property was practically demolished. Three negro workmen were killed outright. The body of one man was blown across the river.

The mill was a large one, cutting forty or fifty thousand feet per day. Operations are suspended indefinitely.

Will Live in Washington.

Mrs. Florence Maybrick, who has been recently released from prison in England, has decided to make Washington her home, for the reason that the city is most convenient for her while she is engaged in the preparation for the litigation in connection with the establishment of her right in the estate left by her father.

NO INDICTMENTS

Returned by the Grand Jury at Statesboro, Ga.

So far as the present grand jury of Bullock county, Ga., is concerned the lynchers of the negroes Cato and Reed will go free. The jury adjourned without returning indictments against the rioters of Aug. 16.

Judge Daly said in discussing the matter to the jury, that he did not see why indictments were not returned, and spoke in such a manner as to indicate disappointment and disapproval of the failure to indict the rioters.

Alabama Railroads.

The gross earnings of the railroads of Alabama for the year ending June 30th last were \$28,222,829.72, compared to \$27,615,657.99 for the previous 12 months, the increase being \$607,171.73. The operating expenses were \$21,379,412.96 in the year last ended, an increase from \$20,345,526.00, or \$833,885.96 in excess of the figures for 1902-3. The total mileage of this time is 5,762.14, an increase of 145.21 from the previous year.

DEWEY WILL COMMAND.

Naval Maneuvers for This Winter Mapped Out.

Admiral Dewey will probably assume command of the Caribbean sea fleet and direct the winter maneuvers. Early in December Rear Admiral Dewey, now commanding the European squadron, will start for the Caribbean. Later he will be joined off Cuba by Rear Admiral Chadwick with the south Atlantic squadron and Rear Admiral Sigbee with the Caribbean squadron. January 10th the combined fleet will rendezvous at Guantanamo, where Admiral Dewey will assume command and the winter maneuvers will begin. Target practice will occur either at Pensacola or near Key West, and the results of this target practice will decide the winners of the trophy for the battleship, gunboat and torpedo boat record. Especial precautions will be taken against the recurrence of an accident that occurred off Pensacola last spring and all the ships by that time will be fitted with blowers which will make blow backs practically impossible. The fleet engaged in the maneuvers will be the largest and most powerful that has ever been assembled under the United States flag and the maneuvers will be the most comprehensive ever attempted by the navy department.

KUROPATKIN TO MOVE.

Weather is More Favorable and Russians are Reinforced.

General Linevitch, the new commander of the Siberian army, is sixty-six years old, but he is as active as a young man, and is immensely popular among the Siberian troops, whom he commanded in the "boxer" war. He acted as commander-in-chief of the Russian forces prior to General Kuropatkin's appointment and arrival in Manchuria.

Operations in Manchuria have again lulled, the Japanese and Russians apparently contenting themselves with partial successes, the Russians having captured a couple of villages on the western flank, while the Japanese carried the Buddhist temple on the hill east of and near Benishizutse.

According to a correspondent two machine guns which had been abandoned by the Russians have been completely dismantled and their barrels separated.

General Kuropatkin has now sufficient reinforcements to replace the 45,000 men officially admitted to have been killed, wounded or missing in the battle of Shakhoe.

Fine warm weather has set in. The general feeling is that an advance can not be delayed if General Kuropatkin still hopes to reach Port Arthur before the fortress falls.

TENNESSEE COAL LANDS

To Be Developed By \$1,000,000 Of Chicago Capital.

Messrs. N. C. Chapman, Charles Spalding and Henry E. Weaver, all have been on an investigating tour of their coal lands in Tennessee's coal regions. Mines have been opened at Crawford, Waldensia and Mill Stone, and in the near future operations will be extended throughout the entire Cumberland mountain section. It is stated that the steaming coal obtained is of a high grade, and that the quality is equal to that found in Pennsylvania.

According to reports emanating from Nashville, the Chicago operators named above have determined to expend about \$1,000,000 to further develop their holdings.

Mobile Bonds.

At the election on November 8 the county of Mobile will vote on an issue of \$200,000 of bonds to build a new jail, repair the court house and build an asylum. It is expected that the jail will be one of the best in the south.

THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

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Columbiana, Ala., Nov. 3, 1904.

Populist National Ticket.

For President:
THOMAS E. WATSON,
of Georgia.

For Vice-President:
THOMAS H. TIBBLES,
of Nebraska.

County Ticket.

For Probate Judge:
A. P. LONGSHORE.

For Circuit Clerk:
JOHN R. DYKE.

For Tax Assessor:
JOHN S. PITTS.

For Tax Collector:
W. A. BRASHER.

For County Treasurer:
W. E. HARRISON.

For Supt. of Education:
J. O. DOROUGH.

For Commissioner 1st District:
J. E. DYKES.

For Commissioner 2nd District:
JAMES M. ALLEN.

For Commissioner 3rd District:
PLASANT SHAW.

For Commissioner 4th District:
G. W. GREEN.

For Coroner:
J. F. ATCHISON.

The Populist and Republicans have no traitors; they all join the democratic party.

Let every Populist and Republican do his duty and our majority will be 500 next Tuesday.

Don't listen to democratic lies; the democratic leaders have no other goods to peddle out.

Fizzle Bug, Thompson can go home and stay. We have no use in this county for misrepresentation and fraud.

If you are opposed to stuffed ballot boxes, stuffed jury boxes and men holding other peoples' offices, why then, vote the fusion ticket.

The democratic party and the Sentinel have stooped to the lowest rot in this campaign, and it behooves the good citizens of our county to repudiate such rot at the election next Tuesday.

The Sentinel has misrepresented the facts and figures on Judge Longshore during the whole campaign, and next Tuesday the people will repudiate such infamous rot by electing him Judge of Probate of Shelby county for another six years.

Voters, remember if D. R. McMillan was to be elected Judge of Probate there never would be another man elected to office that was opposed to democracy. Even if we were to elect one he never could get his bond approved by D. R. McMillan. Remember how the officers had to ride all over this county night and day to get a bond that D. R. McMillan could not turn down.

No doubt D. R. McMillan had it fixed in his mind in 1896 after the Populists and Republicans were elected he would have their bonds set so high and he, himself, would require them so strong that he would beat them out that way. Remember the friends of these parties quit their work and come to Columbiana to make their bond. Remember these things and vote against the entire democratic ticket next Tuesday.

Mr. Pearson in his article in another column says, "I am the only officer in the court house, and the only county officer for that matter who is openly and publicly at all times supporting Tom Watson, the Peoples party candidate for President." There is not a word of truth in the above statement, Pearson has set around town and conferred and talked with democratic leaders, while Judge Longshore was making speeches for Watson and Tibbles, Pearson has never raised his voice, or done one single thing to further the interest of Watson in Shelby county or elsewhere.

What the Democratic Leaders Think of Populist, Republicans.

"The opposition ticket in this county was nominated in part, and approved in its entirety, by that wing of the Republican party whose nom de plume, 'Black and Tans' marks them indelibly as upholders of the Black and Tan plank in their party's platform. In so far as a vote can be construed as an endorsement of 'principles,' a vote for that ticket must mean a preference for political and social equality, and a recurrence of the avalanche of black ballots of which we have just been happily relieved.—R. E. Bowden Chairman.

"A vote for Roosevelt means social equality with the negro"—D. R. McMillan.

"I was beaten for Probate Judge but it was done by the illiterate WHITES and negroes"—D. R. McMillan.

"Any farmer of any note is a democrat, any preacher or teachers of any note are democrats, and any lawyer of any note is a democrat unless he is an office seeker"—W. R. A. Milner.

"We should come together as a band of brothers and repel Rooseveltism, BLACK and TANS and fusion with those who would force upon us social equality with the races"—W. B. Browne.

The above questions are from the lips of the leaders of the democratic party in Shelby county, and is truly the sentiment of every candidate on that ticket. Fellow citizens, if you will stop to think of the above ugly sayings of this band of leaders, you will certainly think it is time to call a halt. It is a said cometary, when men of the same community and county will speak of their fellow citizens in this manner, and at the same time be asking their support to get in office and hold of the reigns of government. We ask each and every citizen in Shelby county, where will men who have no more regard for their fellow man than to speak of them in this way, land you? Should they succeed in getting hold of the reigns of our county, would they not plunge us into seas of misery and woe. Would they not deny us the right of citizenship even? From the above expressions it will be seen they do not regard the Populist and Republicans as citizens and the only conclusion to be arrived at is, that if they should happen to get in power, they would treat the people accordingly.

The Advocate desires to say to the citizens of this county, that it believes the men who compose the Populist and Republican parties, are respectable and honorable citizens; they have rights in the affairs of this county, the same as any of the men who have thus spoken of them, and that it is a gross insult for these men to be classed with the negro, as has been done in the above sayings of the leaders of the democratic party. Shame on men who will thus speak of their fellow men, and the only recourse for our citizens to keep from being ignored the right of citizenship, is to keep men of this stripe from ever getting hold of the reigns of this county. Go to the polls November 8th, and vote against the last one of the democratic candidates.

Get in and stay in, is the policy of the democratic leaders, and any old lie will be resorted to to do this. This kind of campaigning will fall through, and next Tuesday the democratic demagogues now trying to deceive and mislead the people can take up their respective avocations and retire from politics. The democratic party will be beaten by five hundred majority next Tuesday.

Bowie, Thompson and McMillan are a nice trio, asking the Populists to vote the democratic ticket and at the same time abuse Judge Longshore and the Populist when there is no one to reply. They were too cowardly to come to Columbiana and make such statements and they canceled the appointment at this place.

One of the democratic candidates was seen to start out from the Mercantile corner to the court house a few days ago. In making the run he shook hands with eighty-nine men, he crossed the street twenty-nine times, bowed to seventeen women, kissed nine babies, munched up and whistled to thirteen dogs in that short run. This is canvassing some.

McMillan hugs the Populist in one breath and cheers Bowie in the next, when he says the only difference between a Populist and a Republican and a negro is, that the negro's skin is black.

We thought until recently that Mr. Bowie was a candidate for Congress, but he seems to be running for Probate Judge, at least he is making his speeches against Judge Longshore and has but little to say about the Federal election.

There is no use for Mr. Pearson to pose as a Populist, he had as well come out from under the cover, pull off the Watson badge and get on the democratic band wagon. Every Populist in the county knows where he stands.

Do you want to vote for men that say they stole the election in 1874 and have been stealing it ever since.

False Statement.

THE DEADLY PARALLEL!

End of McMillan's administration. (Grand Jury Report, March 1899.)

Indebtedness None
Cash on hand \$8,781.85
Tax rate 4 Mills

End of Longshore's administration (Grand Jury Report, October 1904)

Indebtedness \$ 16,000
Cash on hand 509.14
Tax rate 7 Mills

R. E. BOWDEN, Chairman.

COMMISSIONER'S COURT, JUNE 1897.

"Whereas by an act of the General Assembly of Alabama approved July 18, 1897, this county was authorized to borrow the sum of Five Thousand dollars for the use of the county. And whereas Steiner Bros. of Birmingham, Ala., on behalf of the county has negotiated with Gilbert Combs for said sum for that purpose, upon the following terms to wit:
\$1,000 dollars payable July 1, 1898.
\$2,000 dollars payable July 1, 1899.
\$2,000 dollars payable July 1, 1900, with interest at the rate of six percent per annum."

From the above it will be seen that the comparison sent out by R. E. Bowden is absolutely false and that he knew it was false when he signed the card. It is plainly seen from above that the indebtedness contracted by D. R. McMillan's administration has been paid by Judge Longshore, and we copy the records of the Commissioner's court June 7th, Term 1897. This shows to the people what methods the democratic party will stoop to to defeat the Populist. Such willful and malicious falsehoods will react, and the men circulating these reports will be cast aside on the 8th day of November.

A True Comparison.

Judge McMillan said in every speech made during the joint canvass that the Populist administration with Judge Longshore at its head, had been a flat failure. Let us see what Judge Longshore's administration has done, and see what Judge McMillan did during his administration, that is the way to find out.

Judge McMillan's administration:	Judge Longshore's administration:
Water Works \$3,300, built by Mr. Edwards, a kins man of Judge McMillan.	Steel bridge over Waxahatchee \$2,700.
Steel bridge built between the town of Montevallo and the depot \$2,800.00.	Steel bridge La-ney's ford \$4,810.
Eight wooden bridges \$1,600.	Steel bridge Parkersville \$1,475.00.
Total \$7,700.	Rebuilding Poor-houses \$675.00.
	New cages \$2,300.00.
	Forty-seven wooden bridges \$9,400.
	Roads, small bridges and caseway \$7,700.00.
	New Jail \$11,000.00.
	Total \$40,230.

Pearson says he detests fusion and yet two years ago he was the fixer for the Republicans at this box, and said in public when his time was out as Chairman of the Executive committee that he had seen the "Alliance die" and now he said he had seen the "Populist party die" he was then ready to join the Republican party; but a change has come over the spirit of his dreams and now he loves the democrats so well that he turns down such men as Bob McEwen and W. J. Sewell as returning officers.

Mr. Pearson in his belabored effort to extricate himself from the embarrassing position in which he has placed himself, tries to make the people believe that E. W. Holland and J. O. Moore were treated badly and slaughtered by the "bosses" of the Populist party; but he forgets that these two men are true Populists, and are supporting the ticket. They are not traitors, they have not and would not sell their birth right for a mess of pottage.

Bowie said in a speech at Montevallo that there was no difference between a Populist and Republican and a negro except the negro's skin is black, McMillan clapped his hands and endorsed the statement, and yet McMillan is hugging the Populist and asking for their support.

We thought until recently that Mr. Bowie was a candidate for Congress, but he seems to be running for Probate Judge, at least he is making his speeches against Judge Longshore and has but little to say about the Federal election.

There is no use for Mr. Pearson to pose as a Populist, he had as well come out from under the cover, pull off the Watson badge and get on the democratic band wagon. Every Populist in the county knows where he stands.

Do you want to vote for men that say they stole the election in 1874 and have been stealing it ever since.

Do you want to vote for men that will coat stuffed jury boxes about under their arms and refuse to have them refilled. If so vote the democratic ticket.

A vote for the fusion ticket is a vote to keep all white people on an equality with each other and do away with the Lords as the democrats would have them.

Go to the polls next Tuesday and vote. All you have to do is to make a cross mark (X) in the circle under the Populist or Republican Emblem and that votes the ticket.

The Sentinel says Syd Bowie did not say Longshore issued license to a negro to marry a white woman. Read Tom Johnson's letter and see if the Hon. Syd did not say it at Pelham and also at other places.

Rule or Ruin is the motto of the democratic clique around the court house. The men that busted up the democratic party in 1888 are the very same men that are at the head of the ticket asking your suffrage. Can you vote for them? No, No.

The false statements in the Sentinel this week is enough to disgust the citizens of Shelby county, and when men who have regard for truth reads that dirty sheet they will turn away from such rot in disgust and vote the Populist and Republican ticket.

The democrats have resorted to a very low ebb, it seems that they cannot get a man to do their dirty work nearer than Kansas, and he will not remain here long as the wild geese go south he will go north and join in with his old political pals whatever that may have been.

Read the card of R. W. Walton in this issue and see what he says about D. R. McMillan. Mr. Walton is an honorable citizen, and fills the soil for a living, yet D. R. McMillan has the nerve to impose this large and unjust fee upon him, yet McMillan says he loves the poor people.

The Sentinel of this week says the Populist and Republicans held a caucus last Sunday night at the courthouse and decided to throw all their strength to Longshore and Pitts. The Sentinel knew that was false when he wrote it, as he knows our entire ticket will be elected next Tuesday.

Thos. W. Lester says R. W. Walton denies that he gave the Advocate authority to say McMillan charged him \$50.00 for writing a deed. Look at Mr. Walton's card in this issue of the Advocate and see which you will believe Walton or Lester. Lester can afford to exaggerate, as he has a brother on the democratic ticket that he wants elected.

McMillan has a piece in this week's Sentinel denying charging R. W. Walton \$50.00 for writing him a deed. Ask Walton, he will tell you McMillan did charge it. McMillan thinks we would not have time to reply to it, and he will tell you any old thing. Mc is running for Probate Judge, and he don't care how he gets it. He is a democrat.

The Sentinel says Longshore said the county did not owe but \$1,000 that was last spring, will the people remember that we have had long terms of court since that put on us by the democrats. And just now the money has begun to come in from the tax payers, and every dollar of this debt will soon be paid, when the grand jury made that report there had been no money turned into the Treasury in nine months.

It has cost Shelby county about \$60,000 to give Longshore a six year's trial. A pretty expensive experiment. The voters will cut it out on November 8th.

We cut the above out of the Sentinel and brand it as a malicious falsehood, and the Sentinel knew the above was false, but thought it would mislead the citizens, and was willing to let it go out and sacrifice its own veracity. The citizens know what they have received during Judge Longshore's administration—good roads, steel bridges, new poor houses and new jail, etc., speak for themselves.

A Statement.

Editor Advocate: I desire to make a few statements in order that the people of the county may see to what means the democratic leaders will adopt in order to win a victory in this campaign.

R. E. Bowden, chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, has sent out a statement, comparing my administration with that of Judge McMillan, in which he says, that at the end of McMillan's administration the indebtedness was nothing. This statement is not correct, and why a man of Mr. Bowden's standing in this county would publish such mis-statements is beyond my comprehension. When Judge McMillan went out of office there were four thousand dollars in Bonds with interest, outstanding; \$2,000 with interest was paid on June 1, 1899, and \$2,000 January 1, 1900. The principal and interest amounted to nearly \$5,000; and yet Mr. Bowden signs his name to a statement that at the end of McMillan's administration there was no indebtedness. Again he says in this same card that there was in the treasury \$8,781.85, and cites the Grand Jury's report March 1899. That report was made nearly six months after I had been in office; McMillan went out Nov. 3rd, 1898, and I went in. Mr. Bowden had to wait until I had been in office nearly six months to find any money in the treasury, and then he says, that is the end of McMillan's administration. Why did he not find out what was in the treasury in November 1898 when McMillan went out of office? The reason is plain, the object was to misrepresent the facts before the people. Another falsehood is, that I tried to pass a law through the Legislature to tax horses, oxen and vehicles; I made no such effort, and any statement by anybody that I did, is a willful lie. It has also been circulated in the county that I issued license for a negro to marry a white woman; this is a willful premeditated lie, circulated by designing scoundrels to injure me with the voters of the county. In conclusion I desire to warn my friends against any falsehood that may be hatched up on the eve of the election.

A. P. LONGSHORE.

A vote for Milner is a vote for not only an old Confederate Soldier, but a vote for one of the best clerks this county has ever had.—Sentinel.

The Sentinel has gotten itself mixed. But it can't tell so many falsehoods without getting in a tangle. In the above it says Milner is the best clerk Shelby county ever had and in another place in the same issue it commends J. P. Pearson to the skies, and that's the way it goes. But the Sentinel is so rattled in its efforts to mislead the people that it can't tell the truth. The Confederate Soldiers in Shelby county know much more about the affairs in this county than the editor of the Sentinel, and they know that Milner is not the only Confederate Soldier in this county. They know too that Milner has been in office in Shelby county something like 25 years, and they know that in 1892 he accepted an office to which he was never elected; to this, J. P. Pearson will testify, and that the men elected at that time (among whom were noble Confederate Soldiers) were denied a trial and robbed of their offices, and W. K. A. Milner set back and said you must pay me every cent of the cost. This is known to the Confederate Soldiers in Shelby county.

Much depends on the election next Tuesday. Should the Populist and Republicans be direct of their duty and let the democrats again get hold of the rein of our county, this means oppression to the common people, and as sure as this "rule or ruin" crowd gets in power again the common people may prepare to suffer the consequences. The leaders of the party have expressed themselves all through the campaign as having a contempt for the Populist and Republicans, and have all along the line placed the Populist and Republicans on a level with the negro, and the fact of the business is, the democratic leaders have no more respect for the Populist and Republican who does not vote for them, and put them in office, than they do for a negro. Then we admonish all those who are Populist and Republicans and all men who are opposed to such a spirit to go to the polls next Tuesday and cast their vote against the democratic candidates, every one of them.

Don't fail to vote and work for every man on the co-operative ticket.

To The Voters of Shelby Co.

I desire to say a few words in reference to the slanderous attacks made upon me while I have been in office in this county, and especially do I desire to refute the infamous charges brought against me by the Sentinel during my term of office, to which I have paid no attention, but as the Election is near at hand perhaps I owe it to the citizens of the county to show that these charges are false from beginning to end, and that the author of them is a scoundrel. As is well known the State Examiner checked up my books and pronounced them in good condition and that my action in transferring one fund to another was in obedience to the orders of the Commissioner's court, and that the county was not short a copper cent. On this report the simlin headed politicians of this county, among whom the most prominent was the mullet headed Editor of the Sentinel made a great booger. The comments were sent to various papers over the State, branding me as being short something like \$8,000 dollars.

These comments made by the Sentinel were bare-faced lies and the Editor of that paper knew it when he wrote them; and this brands him as a scoundrel of the first water. I have never been short a cent since I have been in office and the county has never lost a cent during my administration and the books of my office will show it. As to the report made on my books by the recent Grand jury, I will say that the road money paid in by different overseers does not show up on the books as it should, on account of the fact that in turning over this money the said overseers failed with few exceptions to specify the precinct and roads the money was paid on, and for this I do feel responsible. And as to the committee from the Grand jury to examine my books, I have this to say; that said committee did not check my receipts and vouchers to see whether my books were correct or not. The attacks made upon me by the Sentinel have been totally destitute of truth and fairness, and have been made upon me to injure me and the party I represent in this county.

In retiring from the office of County Treasury of Shelby county, I desire to say to my fellow comrades and the citizens at large of this county, that you must not be misled by the willful misrepresentation hatched up by the Sentinel and the leaders of the democratic party. But we should stand together like men of old and repudiate such schemes and defend our county from such evils.

To one and all I thank you for past favors and ask you to walk up like men and elect the Populist and Republican ticket in this county November 8th.

Yours Very Truly,
L. J. CARDEN.

White men, you jeopardize the safety of your wives, mothers, daughters, sisters, when you vote anything else but a democratic ticket. Any other ticket represents social and political equality with the negro, and you can't make anything else out of it. Over the democratic ticket you will the words "White Supremacy" and a "White Man's Government." That is what the democratic ticket stands for.—Sentinel.

The imported editor of the Sentinel thrusts a gross insult into the faces of every white man who does not vote the democratic ticket. Is there a man in Shelby county who will vote against the democratic ticket who will not resent this insult? We dare say there is not, and we will say further that we believe there are many democrats in this county who know the Sentinel is stooping beneath the sanctity of true manhood to indulge in such low rot. Talk about the men who compose the Populist and Republican ticket and those who support it, being in favor of social equality with the negro. This belittles and lowers the writer in the minds of the people and shows you plainly that his "make-up" is of a small caliber. Common decency and true manhood condemns such low rot as this, and the public generally think very little of the author of such infamous literature. Such stuff as the above does not appeal to the self-respecting citizens of our county.

See catechism in the Sentinel.
1st Question. What is fusion? Answer, Black and Tans and side-walkers.

Now you see how the democrats look on any fusion that is opposed to democracy. They are a pretty set to speak of white supremacy. The new constitution was forced on us by negro votes that were never cast. The last negro that ever voted in Shelby county voted the democratic ticket in their last primary and when it was told on them they claimed they threw it out. Let that be as it may it don't better it. That imported editor knows but very little about white supremacy hailing from where he did.

Managers, Clerks and Returning Officers.

Beat 1, box 1—Managers: J. H. Mason, H. W. Nelson, Rufus Lester; clerks: W. L. Farley, J. L. Peters; returning officer, R. F. Cox.

Beat 1, box 2—Managers, T. J. Wells, J. C. Williams, J. F. Avery; clerks: Wesley Armstrong, Dick Carter; returning officer, S. J. Harrell.

Beat 2—Managers, Hosea Pearson, J. N. Carden, A. Z. Merrell; clerks, A. H. Merrill, S. D. Baldwin; returning officer, W. M. Connell.

Beat 3—Managers, J. A. Williams, Bob Allen, L. G. Privett; clerks, J. A. Cook, I. W. Bailey; returning officer, O. H. Field.

Beat 4—Managers, J. H. McMath, G. F. Harper, F. P. Crowe; clerks, J. M. Allen, R. L. Lacey; returning officer, J. M. Rancher.

Beat 5—Managers, W. H. Boyce, W. H. Sturdivant, John Harmon; clerks, Bob Atchison, James A. Johnson; returning officer, John Waddell.

Beat 6—Managers, D. D. Ruffin, L. N. Roy, J. H. Lovelady; clerks, M. S. Lee, Joe Lambert; returning officer, Geo. Wyatt.

Beat 7—Managers, L. F. Elliott, Jesse Crim, G. L. O'Neal; clerks, Offie Wooten, J. M. Leonard, Jr.; returning officer, J. H. Fulton.

Beat 8—Managers, G. W. Shaw, W. A. Weldon, R. W. Walton; clerks, E. J. Gilbert, John W. Stone; returning officer, T. B. Holcomb.

Beat 9, box 1—Managers, J. F. Hill, J. S. Jackson, James Evans; clerks, J. W. Kittle, Henry A. Jackson; returning officer, W. S. Gwin.

Beat 9, box 2—Managers, O. W. Horton, Henry Lester, Lucian Baker; clerks, Frank Baker, Frank Lyon; returning officer, W. H. Farr.

Beat 10, box 1—Managers, John Gill, Frank Robertson, T. S. Flory; clerks, Dewitt Cate, J. H. Borum; returning officer, R. B. Posey.

Beat 10, box 2—T. W. Coleman, G. W. Wallis, Sr., G. W. Wallis, Jr., Geo. M. Bilbrey, T. L. Bates; returning officer, C. A. Glaze.

Beat 11—Managers, Seab Sewell, Harmon E. Archer, J. S. Walton; clerks, Will Spearman, John Shaw; returning officer, W. L. Epperson.

Beat 12—Managers, W. L. Deshazo, E. B. Jones, J. M. C. Johnson; clerks, G. L. Mask, L. E. N. Johnson; returning officer, W. N. Gilbert.

Beat 13—Managers, J. W. Farley, T. R. Crider, M. M. Deshazo; clerks, E. W. Attaway, Jr., M. N. Lee; returning officer, R. A. Deshazo.

Beat 14—Managers, G. E. Brasher, J. B. Whitfield, G. D. B. Isbell; clerks, Dan Salsar, H. M. Abernethy; returning officer, Jim Whitfield.

Beat 15—Managers, W. A. O'Barry, R. J. Byers, Joel Falkner; clerks, Penn Moore, J. H. Falkner; returning officer, R. M. Hollis.

Beat 16—Managers, A. C. Wilder, W. T. Kidd, A. E. McGraw; clerks, J. R. Davis, S. Hodge; returning officer, George Glaze.

Beat 17—Managers, W. H. Pledger, J. E. B. Oldham, W. S. Cross; clerks, Offie Cost, E. M. Deshazo; returning officer, Noel Thomas.

Beat 18—Managers, J. L. Tinney, W. L. Isbell, Wm. G. King; clerks, J. H. Dorough, Lewis Morgan; returning officer, Wm. Lowery.

Beat 19, box 1—Managers, W. E. Lovelady, Jim Smith, W. H. Reau; clerks, Joe Jones, John M. Lacey; returning officer, Earnest West.

Beat 19, box 2—Managers, Joe Jordan, Wm. Day, N. J. Jarvis; clerks, C. R. Miller, John Hunter; returning officer, J. W. Goodwin.

State of Alabama, Shelby Co.

We, J. P. Pearson, R. F. Cox and J. T. LEEPER, the members of the appointing board of said county, hereby certify that we have this day appointed the above named persons as Managers, Clerks and Returning Officers to conduct and hold the County, State and National election in said Shelby County, Alabama, to be held on November the 8th, 1904.

This October 24th, 1904.

J. P. PEARSON,
R. F. COX,
J. T. LEEPER.

Members of the Appointing Board of Shelby County, Alabama.

NOT A SICK DAY SINCE.

"I was taken severely sick with kidney trouble. I tried all sorts of medicines, none of which relieved me. One day I saw an ad. of your Electric Bittets and determined to try that. After taking a few doses I felt relieved, and soon thereafter was entirely cured, and have not seen a sick day since. Neighbors of mine have been cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver and Kidney troubles and General Debility." This is what B. F. Bass, of Fremont, N. C., wrote, Only 50c, at Latham Drug Co., and Williams Bros.

Annual Reunion United Confederate Veterans, Mobile, Ala.

On account of the above occasion the Southern Railway will sell tickets to Mobile, Ala., at extremely low rates for the round trip. Tickets will be sold November 14th and 15th, good returning until November 18th, 1904. For full information and tickets apply to any agent of the Southern Railway, or address,

J. N. HANCOCK,
District Passenger Agent,
Birmingham, Ala.

BUY THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

Before You Purchase Any Other Write THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY

ORANGE, MASS.

Many Sewing Machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the "New Home" is made to last. Our guarantee never runs out.

We make Sewing Machines to suit all conditions of the trade. The "New Home" stands at the head of the list. Write for full particulars.

Social and Local News.

We authorized to state that there will be no speaking at Calera Saturday as announced, but Judge Longshore and others will speak at Columbiana Saturday.

E. T. Brasher, of Shelby, was in town Tuesday.

J. F. Pope, of Wilsonville, was in town Monday.

S. J. Evans, of Calera, was in the city Saturday.

W. R. A. Milner spent last Thursday in Birmingham.

Frank Robertson, of beat 9, was in the city Monday.

J. W. Johnston and wife spent Sunday at Shelby Springs.

S. W. Nelson spent Sunday in Birmingham with relatives.

J. W. Johnston and wife have moved to H. M. Millstead's.

George Mansfield, of Birmingham, was in the city Friday.

W. M. Armstrong, of beat 9, called in to see us Saturday.

Judge A. P. Longshore was in Birmingham Tuesday on business.

W. M. Connell, of beat 2, was among the visitors in town Saturday.

The K. of P.'s gave an oyster supper at the Central Hotel Friday night.

C. O. DuBose spent last Friday and Saturday at Attalla with relatives.

Arthur Armstrong, of Childersburg, visited relatives in the city Tuesday.

The Tax Collector and Assessor started out on their second rounds Tuesday.

Henry Oglesby, of Birmingham, has been in town this week visiting relatives.

Mrs. Kate Wallace, of Klein, visited the family of W. A. Parker a few days last week.

Go to the polls on next Tuesday and cast your vote for the Populist and Republican ticket.

There was no preaching at any of the churches Sunday, it being the 6th Sunday.

Mrs. J. H. Hammond returned Tuesday from a visit to relatives in Birmingham.

H. S. Latham, of Montevallo, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city with relatives.

Circuit court adjourned Wednesday of last week after being in session three weeks.

W. S. Nelson, of Wylam, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in the city with relatives.

Rev. H. M. Millstead and daughter, Miss Nena, visited relatives near Calera Sunday.

Little Mattie Redding, of Longview, spent a few days here this week with relatives.

Mrs. J. L. Ferguson, of Birmingham, visited friends in the city Saturday and Sunday.

Little Ester Redding, of Longview, visited relatives here a few days last week and this.

Hon. W. F. Aldrich, of Aldrich, and W. H. Sturdivant, of Bamford, were in the city Tuesday.

A. B. Milner, who has been in the city several days, returned to Nashville, Tenn., Monday.

Mrs. A. H. Verchot, of Pratt City, visited the family of J. H. Robertson a few days this week.

Mrs. Simon Friedberger and children will return Sunday from an extended visit to Catherine, Ala.

Claude Glenn and family are occupying rooms at the residence of James McGowan on East College street.

G. G. Nabors, of beat 7, was in town Saturday and renewed his subscription to the Advocate a year in advance.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are becoming a favorite for stomach troubles and constipation. For sale by Williams Bros.

News was received here Tuesday of the death of Clinton Baker at Carthage, Texas, on Oct. 26th, 1904. Mr. Baker was a brother of our fellow citizens W. D. and G. F. Baker of this county.

W. J. Horsley and wife, of Birmingham, have moved to this place and are occupying the Wortham residence near the Southern depot. L. A. Bradley and wife moved to the same residence Wednesday.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY IS PLEASANT TO TAKE.

The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. Mr. W. L. Roderick, of Peacesville, Ala., in speaking of this remedy, says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with my children for several years and can truthfully say it is the best preparation of the kind I know of. The children like to take it and it has no injurious after effect. For sale by Williams Bros."

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A Lie Nailed.

In the Sentinel appears an article headed, "Drawing Attorney's Fees," in which a statement is made that "I drew an Attorney's Fee of \$250.00 for services." I desire to state that I never at any time drew \$250.00 as an attorney, and the editor of the Sentinel knew the above statement was a lie out of the whole cloth. The warrant spoken of was appropriated by the Commissioner's Court to pay Messrs. Browne & Dryer in representing the county in the courthouse removal matter. The warrant was handed over to them, I never got a dollar out of it, and any statement that I did is a lie.

A. P. LONGSHORE.

This is the Way it Reads.

Helena, Ala., Oct. 28, 1904.

Editor Advocate:—"Annals," of of Biblical Fame, was outdone by the S. J. Bowie ass of congressional aspirations in his discourse at Pelham on the 27th inst. The same old abuse of everything and everybody that was not democratic and of the democratic faith was indulged in by this Annals of modern democracy.

Here is one of this monster's fabrications: "Why! my fellow citizens, did you know that A. P. Longshore, your Judge of Probate, had issued a marriage license to a white woman of Shelby county to wed a negro?" What rot! The school children knew that Mr. Bowie lied when he made this statement about Judge Longshore, and the intelligent portion of "Sydney's" audience knew Bowie was "Anna-ni-ass-in" and that he knew the whole story was a lie from "a to z."

May the light of truth yet save our country from the falsehoods of yarn-spinners of the Bowie stripe!

Truly, etc,

WILEY T. JOHNSON.

Big Boeswax.

Isn't it a dirty shame that a man because he is running for office will say that if a man doesn't vote such a rotten ticket as that of the democrats that he isn't a white man. I can say to D. R. McMillan that I am as white as he ever dare be and if he will just watch for me he will see me vote against every man on his ticket.

UNCLE FULLER.

Mr. Pearson almost cried in the committee meeting of the Populist Party and said he had seen the Farmers Alliance live and die, and had seen the Populist Party live and die, and that now there was nothing left for us to do but to go to the Republican party—"hoo-hoo."

THE BEST LINIMENT.

"Chamberlain's Pain Balm is considered the best liniment on the market," writes Post & Bliss, of Georgia. "No other liniment will heal a cut or bruise so promptly. No other affords such quick relief from rheumatic pains. No other is so valuable for deep seated pains like lame back and pains in the chest. Give this liniment a trial and you will never wish to be without it. Sold by Williams Bros."

The Hammond Millinery Co., are showing entirely new goods. They do an up-to-date business in an up-to-date way. All parties near Longview will do well to call on our agent, Mrs. J. L. Redding at Longview, where we show a line of millinery.

Hammond Millinery Co.

Shelby County Division.

Protection at Home for Widows and Orphans.

Cost members last year only \$5.45 per \$1,000.

Officers: Dr. B. H. Smothers President, Wilsonville, Ala.; W. L. Farley, Cashier, Columbiana Savings Bank, Secretary and Treasurer.

Directors: Dr. O. E. Blank, Dr. B. H. Smothers, J. F. Avery, N. W. Abbott, E. S. Horton, W. B. Morgan, Dr. J. R. Morgan, M. W. Hornsby, Dr. H. B. Lane, Dr. J. C. Walker, Dr. C. C. Oliver, Dr. Horton.

We, the undersigned endorse and recommend the Shelby County Division of The Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia, as being the safest, cheapest and best insurance offered. The people should encourage and patronize a home institution:

W. L. Farley, H. B. Lane, M. D., Prof. C. B. Flory, J. L. Peters, C. F. Acker, M. D., D. R. McMillan, C. W. O'Hara, M. D., Wooten, C. J. Rabson, Jas. N. Thornton, T. M. Nelson, J. F. Avery, Dr. B. H. Smothers.

I. E. Adams, J. D. Grimes, L. R. Kendrick, Rev. G. W. Crumpton, Dr. W. S. DuBose.

Several agents at work. From present indications the above Division will have 1000 members in the near future.

Reliable men wanted to represent this popular Company. Apply to T. A. LEATHERS, Division Agent, Columbiana, Ala.

Correspondents will please send in their communications next week.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery**

FOR CONSUMPTION

Price 50c and \$1.00

Free Trial.

Surest and Quickest Cure for all Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and all Lung Troubles.

More Falsehoods Exposed.

Columbiana, Ala., Oct. 31, 1904.

Dear Sir:—Please allow me space in your columns to say to the citizens of Shelby county that whereas there is a report being circulated in different parts of Shelby county, that Judge A. P. Longshore voted against me two years ago. I do not believe this report to be true, but on the contrary I believe it to be false.

This report is circulated on Judge Longshore by his political enemies for the purpose of getting some of my friends to vote against him in the coming election.

I have been personally acquainted with Judge Longshore for several years and he has always showed up to be a gentleman. And two years ago, when he had no personal interest in the campaign at all, he stumped the county at his own expense in behalf of the Co-operative ticket, and did all he could do in an honorable way for its election. This fact with others I might mention proves to me that the report referred to above is false.

And I shall if I am able to get to the polls on November 8th, vote for him, and for the whole co-operative ticket. And I wish my Republican and Populist friends to do the same.

S. S. CRUMPTON.

The above letter from Rev. S. S. Crumpton shows to what lengths the democratic leaders will go. Lies of the blackest type are circulated with impunity. I brand as a willful lie any and every statement that I did not support and vote for every man on the co-operative ticket two years ago.

A. P. LONGSHORE.

Editor Advocate:—Please allow us space to make a statement in reference to a bill published by the Sentinel in which it is charged that Judge Longshore of his own volition got up a bill and sent it to Hon. E. S. Lyman to have passed. The bill referred to was a bill endorsed and gotten up by a mass meeting called by the Commissioner's court, at the request of Mr. Lyman to suggest amendments to the Sturdivant road law. Judge Longshore took no part in the meeting except to read a letter from Mr. John E. Morris in reference to a tax on vehicles, etc; and the statement in the Sentinel that Judge Longshore originated the bill himself is unjust to him, he and several others were appointed on a committee to adopt the bill on accordance with the resolutions passed by the mass meeting. And any attempt by the Sentinel or any one else to saddle the bill on Judge Longshore is unjust and unfair; and Sections 15, 16 and 17 of said bill provides for an election to see whether or not the people endorsed the provision of the bill. The mass meeting of citizens discussed the road question at length and made such suggestions as they deemed wise and prudent, and the Sentinel must be bad pressed for material with which to fight Judge Longshore when it attempts to cover up the mass meeting and make him individually responsible for what it did.

J. E. DYKES.

PLEASANT SHAW.

ONLY MAKES A BAD MATTER WORSE.

Perhaps you have never thought of it but the fact must be apparent to every one that constipation is caused by a lack of water in the system, and the use of drastic cathartics like the old fashioned pills only makes a bad matter worse. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are much more mild and gentle in their effect, and the proper dose is taken their action is so natural that one can hardly realize it is the effect of a medicine. Try a 25 cent bottle of them. For sale by Williams Bros.

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To The Voters of Shelby Co.

I desire to state that the charge made by the Advocate in last weeks issue that D. R. McMillan charged one of Shelby counties citizens \$50.00 for a few hours work in the preparation of a deed is absolutely correct, and that I am the man in question and that I have the proof of the same. Not exceeding five hours work was done for me by D. R. McMillan and he charged me fifty dollars and holds my note for that amount. I desire to make this statement as I understand the charge is being denied.

R. W. WALTON.

Card From John P. Pearson.

To the Voters of Shelby County: I have been assailed by the Peoples Advocate, by those who do its writing, and by the would-be bosses of the Populist party, for doing what I consider my sworn duty. As one of the appointing Board for arranging for and appointing the managers, clerks and returning officers of the November election, I voted to give each of the two (2) tickets to be voted for in this county, one-half of the officers controlling the said election. This is carrying out the full spirit of the law and is just and fair to each ticket in the field. The two tickets are the democratic and the fusion, there is no Populist county ticket, nor is there a Republican county ticket. These two parties have fused for electoral purposes but one. The managers of the election are divided equally between the Fusion and the democratic tickets. For voting to so distribute in this fair and equitable manner managers of the election, the Peoples Advocate and those who control its utterances, accuse me of cutting loose from the Peoples Party. In reply to this charge I wish to say that it is as untrue as the present Populist fusionist are untrue to the principles of the Peoples Party. I am the only officer in the courthouse, and the only county officer for that matter, who is openly and publicly at all times supporting Tom Watson, the Peoples Party candidate for President. These party fusionist accuse me of cutting loose from the Populist Party. In reply I say if any of the present county officers have "cut loose from the Peoples Party" it is those men who slipped in the face the Populist Executive Committee, which voted unanimously against giving the clerk and tans the office of circuit clerk; over-riding the expressed wish and vote, and in the face of a protest from the committee, these would-be bosses paid no attention to the wishes of the true Populist, but fixed up the deal with the black and tans to suit themselves. They did this too, without the black and tan manipulators, W. F. Aldrich and J. L. Abercrombie asking for it. After having announced myself a candidate for re-election subject to the action of the Peoples Party primaries, and having paid the regular announcement fee to the Peoples Advocate, I was forced to withdraw from the race or be slaughtered at the dictation of these would-be Populist bosses. I was slaughtered. I was slaughtered in beat 9, and Oliver Moore was slaughtered in beat 11. These are the tactics resorted to by those who claim to be the Populist leaders, but who are in fact anything but Populist. I stand up for my old source. The administration of my office has been commended by State Examiners and by Judges of the Circuit Courts of this county as being clean, competent and correct—an administration which will not suffer in comparison with any other office in the county. Whether I am a true Populist in the sense expressed by the National platform of that party, my affiliation with that party will prove, but with Tom Watson and all other true believers in the fusion principles of the Populist National platform I detest fusion, because I believe it to be dishonest, and I am assailed by the high schemes of the fusion ticket because I do not endorse their method. I have lived in Shelby county thirty-three years and my record as a citizen and a public officer will compare favorably with those who are trying to read me out of my party, a party to which they are not loyal and true.

Yours Respectfully,

J. P. PEARSON.

FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

NEW WAY OF USING CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

Mr. Arthur Chapman writing from Durban, Natal, South Africa, says: "As a proof that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a cure suitable for old and young, I pen you the following: A neighbor of mine had a child just over two months old. It had a very bad cough and the parents did not know what to give it. I suggested that if they would get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and put some upon the dummy that the baby was sucking it would not just cure the child. This they did and brought about a quick relief and cured the baby." This remedy is for sale by Williams Bros.

Dr. Brunk from Selma, will make regular visits to Montevallo the first Thursday of each month, and Columbiana the following Friday and Saturday, to see Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat cases. Office with Dr. Wilkinson at Montevallo, and with Dr. W. P. Hamner at Columbiana. Next visit November 3, 4 and 5.

DISASTROUS WRECKS.

Carelessness is responsible for many a railway wreck and the same causes are making human wrecks of sufferers from Throat and Lung troubles. But since the advent of Dr. King's New Discovery, Croup, Coughs and Colds, even the worst cases can be cured, and hopeless resignation is no longer necessary. Mrs. Lois Cragg of Dorchester, Mass., is one of many whose life was saved by Dr. King's New Discovery. This great remedy is guaranteed for all Throat and Lung diseases by Latham Drug Co. and Williams Bros. Price 50c, and \$1.0



Miss Agnes Miller, of Chicago, speaks to young women about dangers of the Menstrual Period—how to avoid pain and suffering and remove the cause by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"To Young Women:—I suffered for six years with dysmenorrhea (painful periods), so much so that I dreaded every month, as I knew it meant three or four days of intense pain. The doctor said this was due to an inflamed condition of the uterine appendages caused by repeated and neglected colds."

"If young girls only realized how dangerous it is to take cold at this critical time, much suffering would be spared them. Thank God for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that was the only medicine which helped me any. Within three weeks after I started to take it, I noticed a marked improvement in my general health, and at the time of my next monthly period the pain had diminished considerably. I kept up the treatment, and was cured a month later. I am like another person since. I am in perfect health, my eyes are brighter, I have added 12 pounds to my weight, my color is good, and I feel light and happy."—Miss Agnes Miller, 25 Potomac Ave., Chicago, Ill.

The monthly sickness reflects the condition of a woman's health. Anything unusual at that time should have prompt and proper attention. Fifty thousand letters from women prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound regulates menstruation and makes those periods painless.

READ WHAT MISS LINDBECK SAYS:



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has greatly benefited me. I will tell you how I suffered. My trouble was painful menstruation. I felt as each month went by that I was getting worse. I had severe bearing-down pains in my back and abdomen. A friend advised me to try Mrs. Pinkham's medicine. I did so and am now free from all pain during my periods."—JESSE C. LINDBECK, 1201 6th Street, Rockford, Ill.

FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN.

Remember, every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is not understood. Her advice is free and cheerfully given to every ailment more than one hundred thousand women. Why don't you try it, my sick sisters?

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Some People Say.

That it is really only the poor musician who is a nuisance to the neighborhood.

That it is always a favorable symptom if a husband is patient and good-natured while his wife is preparing a belated meal.

That it is rather discouraging to a man to be forced to wait until he is dead in order to discover what a good fellow he was.

That another man with a genius for stirring up trouble is to the front with the query as to whether or not it is really advisable to tell one's wife everything.

That a good rule in automobileing is that it is better to be safe than sorry.

That a man whose occupation consists of hanging around and waiting for a rich uncle to shuffle off his mortal coil would not like to hear the comments which the neighbors make.

That when a man is always throwing out hints that he knows a good many things that he won't tell the probability is that he has already told more than he knows.

That if a girl doesn't put on her best hat and stunner clothes when she goes out strolling riding with her young man it is a sign that she is confident that she has him cinched.—Utica Tribune.

Automobile trains are to be run on wagon roads in German East Africa as feeders to the railway lines.

Penny-in-the-slot gas meters are so popular in Liverpool that the city is suffering from a dearth of coppers.

HAPPY WOMEN.

Mrs. Pare, wife of C. B. Pare, a prominent resident of Glasgow, Ky., says: "I was suffering from a complication of kidney troubles. Besides a bad back, I had a great deal of trouble with the secretions, which were exceedingly variable, sometimes excessive and at other times scanty. The color was high, and passages were accompanied with a scalding sensation. Doan's Kidney Pills soon regulated the kidney secretions, making their color normal and banished the inflammation which caused the scalding sensation. I can rest well, my back is strong and sound and I feel much better in every way."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.



The Osage Indians are the richest people in the world. They have \$8,000,000 in a state bank and own 1,500,000 acres of land. Each square, brave and papoose in the tribe possesses land to the value of \$4,000 and the interest on their money gives an annual income of \$200 to each member.

A novelty in stoves is a battleship range with steel racks for preventing the pots and pans from going helter-skelter in a high sea and with ingenious braces for holding the range itself in place.

The death is announced at Samarkand, Turkestan, of the Mullah Mahomet Razumoff—the oldest man in the world, aged 142 years. It has been positively proved that he was born in 1719.

ANIMALS MOST WIDELY SPREAD.

Wherever Man Lives Are Found Horse, Pig and Cow.

The three animals that are most widely spread over the earth are the cow, the horse and the pig. These animals did not spread through their own efforts, but were developed by man, and gradually rendered adaptable to practically every place where man himself can live.

Cattle entered America simultaneously with its discovery, for Columbus introduced Spanish steers and cows in 1493. In 1525 they were introduced into Mexico, which offered ideal conditions for them. From Mexico they spread into Texas, where the new conditions of range and feeding developed a race of cattle that became known as Texas cattle, and these animals are typical of range bred cattle of America now.

The pig had its origin in India, and its first conquest was that of eastern Asia and the archipelagoes of the eastern seas. China fell an early victim to the love of the pig. Records show that the cultivation of the grunting porker was a high art in that land as long ago as 3000 years before Christ. One of the greatest of the Chinese feast days is known by the name, "Pig."

The Koran forbids the use of pork, just as the Moslem law does; hence the pig is not raised in countries where the Mohammedan law rules. But in all other parts of the world the porker is as popular as the cow or the horse, and there are as many varieties of pig, due to local causes and to different ways of breeding in different countries, as there are varieties of horses and cattle.

It has always been a matter of wonder to naturalists and economists that the camel did not become so widely spread as any of these three animals in the course of its thousands of years of existence as a domestic animal.

The camel combines the advantages of ox and horse as draught animal and burden carrier; it is of high food value; it gives excellent milk; its demands in the form of food and water are exceedingly modest, and its hair is of great value. While the camel probably could not bear all the extremes of climate that the horse or cow can bear, it is by no means a difficult animal to acclimate, as is shown by the fact that it is used as a draught animal in the colder parts of Siberia, on the Russian and Turkestan steppes, in the Himalayas, in Africa and in Australia.

It is well known that wild camels, which descended from domestic camels that had been turned loose were to be found in some of the western sand plains of the United States until recent years, and occasionally there are stories that a herd of them exists in Arizona.

The dromedary is the plains camel, while the beast with two humps is the favorite for mountain use. In Sokatra the latter camel climbs up steep steps hewn into the face of the rock, and in all places where they are used as mountain climbers they are almost as surefooted as mules. Preshevalski, the Russian explorer, found wild camels in the worst mountain regions of Asia, in places so dangerous that the human foot could not find a hold.—Pittsburg Leader.

Great Britain to Use Decimal Method.

The House of Lords of the English parliament recently passed unanimously a bill providing for the compulsory use of the metric system of measures. The law is to become effective April 5, 1906, or later, if it be so determined. Professor W. Le Conte Stevens takes the period of duration of a machine as 10 years, and holds that this gives a space of time which could be assigned for the change of system. When an English system screw-cutting machine, for instance, had worked for 10 years and was in fit condition to be discarded, it could be replaced by one cutting metric threads. As compromises he proposes the following rather ingenious measures. The yard is to be lengthened to the length of a metre. The metre is to be divided into four parts, each of which will be the new foot. The foot is to be divided into 10 inches. For the pound the half-kilogram, for the quart the kilogram or litre of water, and for the ton the 1000 kilogram metric ton are to be used. The difference of these measures from the English system measures is exceedingly small, except for the yard and foot.

Separating Gamblers and Legislators.

"In the old days when the capitol of Alabama was located at Tuscaloosa, there was a good deal of open gambling at that seat of legislation," said Mr. D. M. Lowrey of New Orleans. "It was the custom in those times for men of all grades of society to risk their money at games of chance, and the law-makers who gathered at Tuscaloosa were among the best patrons of the gambling tables."

"The proprietors of one of these resorts, wishing to keep the State Senators separated from the ordinary customers of his place, put up a big sign in the apartment devoted to faro, poker, roulette and the like, which read: 'Members of the Legislature please take the table to the right; gamblers take the table to the left—it's hard to tell you apart.'"

Shopping in Manila.

A Boston girl who has just returned from Manila has surprised her friends by saying at least one good thing of the city which has been subjected to so much unfavorable criticism.

"There is no place in the world like Manila, for shopping," she said, "for it is almost impossible for you to buy what you want. You can, nevertheless, purchase everything you do not, and soiled at that, at four times its original value."—Boston Record.

Debt of Panama Company.

The Panama company is not yet free of its embarrassments in the liquidation of its old convention with the Colombian government. The French treasury has now put forward a claim for the payment of a sum of 2,200,000 francs for registration dues on the deeds of the original concession, and the renewal of the same.

THE VALUE OF "NO."

Difficulties in Refusing Favors When Often Necessary to Oneself.

"No" is characterized as "a monosyllable the easiest learned by a child, but the most difficult to practice by the man."

Dr. Johnson displays a world of wisdom in these few simple lines, and the saying is no less true in regard to women than it is to men.

It seems cold and heartless to a man to refuse to lend a friendly little money to tide over some anxious time, and yet it is a great question as to whether he is justified in doing so if he himself is forced to make some of his own creditors wait while his money is fulfilling a friend's need.

In domestic life a woman has also much call for the little monosyllable "No." She may dislike to disappoint her children in some matters, but knows in her heart of hearts that the granted favor would be bad for their future health or happiness.

Yet how few mothers do say "No" under such circumstances! And they excuse themselves by saying it is bad for children to be thwarted! So it is, but if the said children were brought up to know that their mother had always a good reason for her decision and was not to be cajoled out of that decision, the mother would save a great deal of annoyance both to herself and to others thrown in contact with her offspring.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Color Taste of Mosquitoes.

In connection with the investigation of the transmission of disease by mosquitoes some experiments have been made recently tending to show that these insects have a certain taste in color, preferring dark surfaces to light. This was demonstrated by placing boxes lined with various colored cloths on the floor of an apartment infested by mosquitoes and noticing that while many of the insects went into the boxes lined with blue felt went into those with lighter colors. Accordingly from the results of the observations it was possible to arrange a scale in the following order: Blue, dark red, brown, scarlet, black, slate, gray, olive, green, violet, leaf green, pearl, pale green, light blue, white. Furthermore, it is asserted that an investigator entering a tent with white clothes is far less likely to attract the mosquitoes than one with gray flannel. The experiments, while most interesting, are not altogether convincing, and the question has been advanced, why do the mosquitoes attack the white flesh of the face and arms? Possibly in such cases other elements besides color must be considered, but there seems to be no reason why people living in districts infested by mosquitoes should not make practical tests on their own account by selecting the colors of their clothing according to the above scale, and also make use of it in painting their houses and particularly their verandas.—Harper's Weekly.

The aggregate annual letter and newspaper mail of the world amounts to thirty-two billion, five hundred million pieces, of which eight billion, five hundred million go through United States mails. We have 75,000 post offices and 500,000 miles of postal routes with a yearly travel over them amounting to 600,000,000 miles. The service costs over \$150,000,000 a year. This statement is made by Signor Marconi, inventor of wireless telegrams among artists. But where human

At a recent sale at Christie's famous rooms, London, a playing card, the five of diamonds, brought the enormous sum of \$13,750. This particular five of diamonds held on its back a circular miniature in gouache, by Hans Holbein of Frances Howard, duchess of Norfolk.

A custom still observed in parts of England is that of visiting graves of bees, when a death occurs, and whispering the news to the bees and telling them when the corpse is to be lifted for interment. If this is not done it is urged that bad luck will follow.

The vicar of Little Hutton, England, does not like makers of tombstones to cut their names on the stones, but allows them to do so on stones placed in his graveyard if they pay \$2.50 for the advertisement.

The skeleton market shows a slump and prices have fallen sharply owing to the Russo-Japanese war. The Boer war sent first grade skeletons down to \$17.50. They promise to be lower now.

The Panama canal commission reports to the president that a saving of 35 per cent can be made on the French estimate of construction.

Baron Kaneko, of Japan, who is in

When the Dominican sisters leave their convent in the Rue de Charonne, Paris, an effort will be made to find the tomb and skeleton of Cyrano de Bergerac, who was buried there in 1655.

The Russians are deeply religious and charitable. Even the poor, who can ill afford to give, do their part toward swelling the alms that go to the poor and needy.

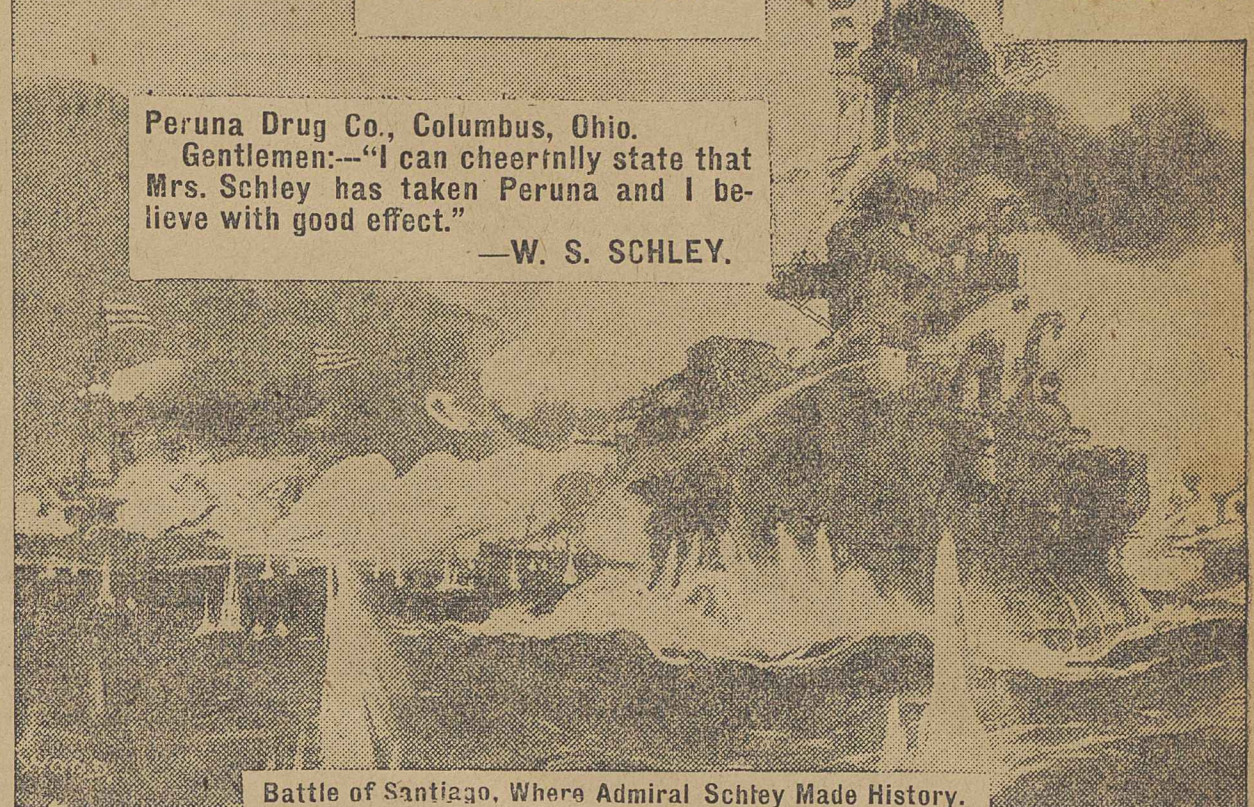
In the village of Altenberg, on whose borders three countries meet, there are no soldiers, no police, no taxes, and its people are ruled by no monarchs.

An official of the Denmark milk industry, Herr Hegelund, has discovered that a cow can be made to yield double the quantity of milk if milked eight times a day.

No matter where a British warship may be on the Atlantic or in the Mediterranean, the British admiralty can communicate with it at any moment.

Admiral Schley Uses Pe-ru-na

In His Home.



Peruna Drug Co., Columbus, Ohio.
Gentlemen:—"I can cheerfully state that Mrs. Schley has taken Peruna and I believe with good effect."
—W. S. SCHLEY.

Battle of Santiago, Where Admiral Schley Made History.

ONE of the greatest naval battles in the world was the Battle of Santiago. Never since the dispersion of the Spanish Armada has there been a more epoch-making victory in the naval march of civilization than in the notable event of July 23, 1898, in which the great hero, Admiral Schley, took a leading part. It was a great naval battle. Without a moment's warning it began. Quick decision, undaunted courage, excellent discipline, resource self-confidence—these combined in Admiral Schley to produce that dash and daring so characteristic of the American soldier. A man must think quickly in these days. There is no time for slow action. New enterprises arise in an hour. Old ones pass away in a moment. A multitude of great themes clamor for notice. A man must take sides for or against by intuition, rather than logical deduction. One day this fighting admiral, Schley, happened to be in company with other admirals at a social gathering. ADMIRAL'S OPINION OF PE-RU-NA. With other topics of popular interest. The subject of Peruna was raised—its popularity as a catarrh remedy, its national importance, its extensive use. One asked his opinion. Without a moment's hesitation he said: "I can cheerfully state that Mrs. Schley has taken Peruna and I believe with good effect." Like the battle of Santiago, the thought was sprung upon him without any warning, and he disposed of it with the same vim and decision as he did with the Spanish fleet led by the ill-fated Viscaya. His words concerning Peruna have gone out into the world to be repeated by a thousand tongues, because he has said them. Like the news of his victory over Cervera, his words concerning ADMIRAL'S W. S. SCHLEY. Peruna caught up by the press and passed from mouth to mouth, across oceans and continents. Except for an inborn manly independence, in a country of free speech, these words never would have been uttered by an officer in such a notable position as that of Admiral Schley. Except for a worldwide notoriety and popularity, such as Peruna enjoys, no remedy could ever have received such outspoken public endorsement by such a man.

The latest title to be applied to Edward VII., of England, is that of "the lightning conductor of Europe."

It is a remarkable fact that no one has ever been killed by lightning after the first day's use of Dr. King's Great Nervine. It is a remarkable fact that no one has ever been killed by lightning after the first day's use of Dr. King's Great Nervine.

The average family in the United States has four and seven-tenths persons.

Fido's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Lonsdale, Vanburner, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

In seven years 950 pupils in German schools committed suicide.

ANNUAL REUNION ALABAMA DIVISION UNITED CONFEDERATE VETERANS, MOBILE, ALA., NOV. 15-16th, 1904.

Account the above occasion the Southern Ry. takes pleasure in announcing a rate of one cent per mile in each direction, plus 25 cts. for round trip, from points within the state of Alabama, to Mobile and return, with a minimum rate of fifty cents.

Tickets on sale Nov. 14-15th, 1904, with final limit of Nov. 18th.

The following rates will govern from points named below:

Anniston, Ala. \$6.30
Birmingham, Ala. \$5.55
Cullman, Ala. 4.75
Chickasaw, Ala. 3.50
Mapleville, Ala. 4.15
Fayette, Ala. 5.30
Selma, Ala. 5.50
Talladega, Ala. 5.70

For tickets and further information call on nearest Southern Ry. Agent, or address, R. B. DEKAR, T. P. A., P. O. Box 1000, Birmingham, Ala.

CHEAP RATE TO THE WEST via Queen & Crescent Route A. G. S. R. R.

The Queen and Crescent Route, (Alabama Great Southern), will sell cheap round trip Homeseekers' tickets to all points in Texas, Oklahoma and Indian Territory on November first and fifteenth also December sixth and twentieth with final limit 21 days from date of sale; choice of routes via either New Orleans or Shreveport. Twelve hours quickest time to Texas, via Shreveport. No transfers. All changes of cars made in Union Depot at Shreveport. The line traverses some of the finest farming lands in the United States situated in Louisiana and Mississippi River, and the Delta lands of the Mississippi River, and the famous Red River lands of Louisiana making it by far the most desirable Homeseekers' Route to Texas.

For Maps, Literature, Rates and other information, call on or address A. B. FREEMAN, T. P. A., 1925 1st Ave., Birmingham.

Our Social Distinctions. "But," said the foreigner, "you have nothing here to exhibit your social distinctions. You all herd together everywhere. Your upper and lower classes are on the same footing."

"You're mistaken. We have sanitariums and lunatic asylums."—Chicago Record-Herald.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WALDEN, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Write Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

I have been very much interested in these experiments with tetrahedral kites," said the man with the gold glasses.

"Yes," answered Mrs. Cumrox, complacently, "but I have about concluded that the surest way to get rid of all such things is to boil the drinking water."—Washington Star.

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One tin package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Mo.

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"DOUGLAS" \$3.50 SHOES DELIVERED FREE!

"W. L. Douglas" charges 25c. express himself. We want you to have our big mail order catalogue, so make this extraordinary offer: Send \$3.50 and your size and we will send the style shoe you want—over 50 styles to pick from—delivered to you absolutely free, no matter where you are. Don't put up with small stocks when you have this large selection at your disposal. Just address

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THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

"THE LOVE OF COUNTRY GUIDES"

VOL XIII.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1904.

NO. 24

FIRES IN ALABAMA.

Central Part of the State Suffered Heavily. Losses Reach \$50,000.

COTTON LOST IN TWO OF THEM.

Montgomery, Faunsdale and Benton Visited.—Some Insurance Was Carried.

Fire broke out in the rear of the Alabama stables in Montgomery and soon ignited 1,000 bales of cotton in the warehouse of the Roman Cotton company entailing a loss of \$30,000. One of the horses running from the stable knocked down E. O. Marion, a gunsmith, and trampled on him, inflicting serious and probably fatal injuries.

When the fire broke out negroes ran into the stable to release the horses, and forty or fifty of them dashed out into the streets running like mad. They raced away in every direction. In a few moments several ran back and tried to get into the stable and were only kept out by hard work.

The loss at Faunsdale is estimated at between \$15,000 and \$20,000, five stores being burned, including the dispensary. The fire originated in a negro restaurant, evidently from a defective flue, and was quickly communicated to adjoining buildings, among which was the brick store house of G. H. McKee, just completed a few weeks ago. The amount of insurance carried on the rest of the property is not known, but Mr. McKee is said to have carried no insurance whatever, and the heaviest loss perhaps falls upon him.

The railroad station house at Benton, on the Western Railway of Alabama, was totally destroyed by fire. A car of cotton sitting on the track near the depot suddenly burst into flames and from it the depot caught fire and was completely consumed. The building was an old frame one, but was substantially built. The car of cotton, consisting of about thirty-five bales, was destroyed, as well as the depot.

LATER.

E. O. Marion, who was run over by a frightened horse during the fire in a cotton warehouse at Montgomery, died Sunday as a result of his injuries.

BOND FOR AIRSHIP.

Furnished by the World's Fair Company.

The \$10,000 bond required by the custom house authorities has been furnished by the exposition company and the flight of the French airship will be made free from any hindrances along this line.

This was done because Mr. Francis had been informed that his ship, being a dutiable exhibit in bond, it could not be taken out of bond at the fair grounds unless a bond was filed. As its ascension at the fair might result in its flying without the bounds of the exposition site, Mr. Gallenkamp ruled that the ascension could not be permitted unless bond had been furnished.

Southern Steel Ingots.

The Birmingham Steel and Iron company, which has been in operation only a few months, has purchased the ingot equipment of the old Henderson steel plant at North Birmingham, and will manufacture small steel ingots for the southern trade.

The plant will work day and night, making steel castings in the day and ingots at night.

Customers who have purchased their steel ingots from the north stated that they would rather have their orders filled in the south, if possible.

For New Cars.

The Gulf and Ship Island and the Southern railroads have both filed equipment mortgages with the state of Mississippi to secure the purchase of 250 box and fruit cars for the one and 3,000 similar cars for the other.

Mobile and West Alabama.

The Mobile and West Alabama Railroad company is reported in capital shape. The contract for constructing the road has been let and \$500,000 has been collected to begin the work. Engineers have completed a survey as far as Bessemer. The new road will penetrate the Blue Creek district, and may be able to take the place of the Birmingham, Huntsville and Gulf road.

Steamers Sunk at Port Arthur.

Delayed advices forwarded from Port Arthur between Nov. 2 and 4, say that two steamers of about 3,500 tons each, anchored in the west harbor, were sunk by the Japanese guns.

Attempted Hold Up.

According to the crew of the Philadelphia and New York express train on the Pennsylvania railroad, which left Washington at 6:50 Sunday night, two unsuccessful attempts were made to hold up the train at Havre de Grace and Perryville by two men, one of whom was a negro. The men escaped.

It is believed the men boarded the train at Baltimore.

BETTER PAY FOR MUSICIANS.

Recommended By Gen. Elliott, Commanding the Marine Corps.

Brigadier General Elliott, commanding of the marine corps, is trying to secure better pay for the members of the marine band. This is rendered necessary, it is claimed, because of the opposition of the musical unions, who have by their opposition prevented the band from securing any outside engagements upon which they formerly depended to equalize their earnings with those of civil life. General Elliott suggests that the leader be given the pay and allowances of a captain in the corps, the second leader the pay and allowance of a second lieutenant, and the first and second class musicians be paid \$100 and \$75 a month respectively. It is thought by many if the change in pay is not made that many of the best musicians now in the band will not re-enlist at the end of their term and it will be difficult to supply the vacancies with limited pay that is now allowed.

IRON FURNACES.

And Something of the Iron Business in Alabama.

Contracts for the second quarter of 1905 are being booked at \$13 on a No. 2 foundry basis.

Pig metal stocks in Alabama amount to less than 100,000 tons. Of the 26 furnaces in Jefferson county, only 14 are in blast. The Tennessee's No. 4, which was started up a few weeks ago, was hanked because of scarcity of coke, the Ensley stacks consuming more than usual. No. 4 will probably resume operations this week.

The Sloss-Sheffield's No. 1 city furnace, which has just been rebuilt, will be ready for the torch soon.

The Tennessee company's five Ensley furnaces are doing splendid work. They made a record last month. President Bacon reports that the company's coal production is now about 50 per cent. of normal. He is having thirty new houses built at No. 5, and thirty at No. 7, Pratt, and expects to build forty more.

ORDER OF EASTERN STAR

Concludes Fourth Annual Session.—At Ensley in 1905.

At New Decatur the grand chapter of Alabama of the Order of the Eastern Star, in its fourth annual session completed its work Friday. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Worthy grand matron, Mrs. Hannah D. Chaffee, of Montgomery; worthy grand patron, H. A. Killen, of Greenhill; associate grand matron, Mrs. Mary Camps, of Wylam; assistant grand patron, Dr. W. M. Cunningham, of Corona; grand secretary, Mrs. Elizabeth Salter, of Birmingham; grand treasurer, Mrs. Sue Cunningham, of Ensley.

The next annual meeting will be held at Ensley. The new officers were installed.

WEST PRATT COAL CO.

New Owners Will Make Marked Improvement in the Properties.

The West Pratt Coal company has been purchased by Henry B. Gray, W. H. Soper and associates. The purchase price is said to be about \$100,000.

The West Pratt coal properties are located in Walker county and belong to that group that have been recognized as independent in operation. The property was first opened and development began by the Stoberts, a stock company being later organized to manage the property. The daily output has been in the neighborhood of 800 tons.

The property is situated on the Frisco system. Considerable improvement was recently made and the new owners will go further in their developments. The output will be materially increased.

Three white men, John Pruitt, Wiley Pruitt and Will Fox, are in jail at Anniston charged with robbing a mail pouch at Lincoln last Thursday. The robbery was discovered as soon as the pouch was received on the train bound for Atlanta, and reported to the officials, who have had them arrested on circumstantial evidence.

Russell's Books.

Examiner J. T. Gorman has filed his report on the officials of Russell county. All the officials were complimented for the neatness of their books and the correctness of their accounts. The tax valuation in the county has increased \$34,718 over last year, but the examiner says that the property is given in at about 50 per cent. of its actual value. He also stated that there were three corporations that owed the state \$190 licenses.

A. P. Longshore, probate judge of Shelby county, who was found due the state \$55.12, has paid the money into the state treasury.

Wright to Make Tour.

Governor Wright, of the Philippines, will leave Nov. 12 for a twenty day tour of inspection in Jolo and Mindanao.

Navigation Resumed.

It is announced that regular steamboat service will be resumed on the Alabama and Tombigbee rivers, the recent suspension being occasioned by low water.

PLOT TO WRECK SHIPS.

Intercepted Message and Balloons the Subject of Controversy.

Not yet has there been received official confirmation of the sensational report that an intercepted dispatch from the Japanese minister at The Hague would be produced in the court of inquiry into the recent North sea incident to prove the existence of a plot to destroy the Russian Baltic fleet.

There is, however, said to be good grounds for believing the report to be true, and that there are many indications that the Russian government has been long in possession of strong evidence of a Japanese plan to intercept all of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's warships. It also developed that Emperor Nicholas during an audience with British Ambassador Hardinge last Sunday, declared in the most positive terms that there were Japanese torpedo boats in the North Sea.

Apparently Denmark was impressed by the same belief.

Another remarkable story is current to the effect that two balloons were seen hovering over the Skagerack when the Russian fleet entered the North sea.

RAILROAD EXTENSION

Another Line is Working Toward Atlanta.

The Georgia, Florida and Alabama railroad is making active arrangements to extend its road northward from Cuthbert to Columbus and Atlanta. For several days an engineering corps has been in the field north of Cuthbert, looking at the different routes.

A deed for \$11,000,000 is being recorded in Randolph county to secure an issue of bonds to make this extension.

The route indicated in the paper is from Cuthbert to Richland, and thence to Columbus and Atlanta or from Cuthbert to Lumpkin and thence to Columbus, or to build a line from Cuthbert to both of these places. Another route is from Cuthbert near Springdale and thence to the Chattahoochee river valley, and up this valley to Columbus, leaving Lumpkin and Richland to the west.

COTTON GIN BURNED.

No Insurance and Several Farmers Lose Their Cotton.

The steam cotton gin of John A. McWilliams, in Tusculumia, including engine and boiler, was completely destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of approximately \$5,000. Beside the gin plant, valued at \$3,000, twenty bales of cotton and 2,000 bushels of cotton seed were consumed.

The burned cotton was the property of numerous farmers in the vicinity, the cotton having been ginned and baled and left on the yard subject to their disposal. There was no insurance on any part of the property destroyed, the owner of the plant neglecting to renew the insurance which had expired only a few days ago.

The origin of the fire is thought to have been in the engine room of the building.

Delayed Pensions.

Some of the pensioners who will come in this year for money from the old soldiers' fund are getting impatient and want to know why the warrants are delayed. The explanation is this: For several years the names of the pensioners have been written in a big book, and that book became entirely full this year and every name had to be copied into a new book. This could not be done until after the state board of pension examiners met and passed on the lists, which was the last of August.

Since that time two men have been working night and day to get the names transcribed. There were 15,500 of them, and they had to be placed in alphabetical order. Only two men could work at it. The old soldiers will get their money before the last of November.

New Industries in Alabama.

Bessemer—Planing mill; stove foundry.

Camden—\$25,000 naval stores company.

Duncannon—Cotton gin.

Georgiana—Saw mill.

Mobile—Ice and cold storage plant.

Montgomery—Ice factory.

Will Enlarge Plant.

It is understood that the United States Cast Iron, Pipe and Foundry company will shortly begin making considerable improvements and enlarging on its plant in Bessemer.

It is also reported that the improvements will represent an expenditure of something like \$200,000.

The company has now perfected arrangements to secure sufficient pig iron to keep the plant operating on full time.

Reserves Called.

The Japanese reservists residing in the Philippines have been called to the colors. Their number is estimated at 600.

Commerce and Labor Budget.

Acting Secretary Murray, of the department of commerce and labor, made public the estimates of appropriations for the department for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1905. The estimates aggregate \$14,339,529, being \$549,425 less than the estimates for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1904. The estimates for the fiscal year of 1905 exceed the appropriations for the current fiscal year by \$4,218,444.

PLANS ARE ACCEPTED.

Russia Agrees to Settlement Conference and Details are Arranged.

COMMISSION TO MEET IN PARIS.

Something of the Russian Claims of a Torpedo Boat Attack.—Other War News.

Russia has accepted the telegraphic draft of the Anglo-Russian convention for the commission of inquiry into the North Sea incident, submitted to Russia Wednesday, and the final exchange will be ratified in London. The convention covers six articles. The commission will sit in Paris and will consist of five members, Russian, British, American and French, the representatives of the four nations to choose a fifth member. Broad outlines for the inquiry are laid down by the convention, but the commission will have wide latitude in determining all the relevant facts. Although the convention is agreed to, it is believed that some minor factors connected with the subject, the exact nature of which cannot be ascertained, are still undecided.

The letter from Vigo represents practically the substance of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's detailed report submitted to Emperor Nicholas.

Four points of the Russian case are as follows:

Information which reached Vice Admiral Rojestvensky as he was leaving Danish waters showed that suspicious vessels were in the North Sea, navigating first under one flag and then under another.

The transport Kamchatka's report by wireless telegraphy some time before the incident occurred, that she had seen two torpedo boats.

Later the receipt of a suspicious wireless message signed "Kamchatka," asking for the exact latitude and longitude of the squadron, a message which it was afterwards ascertained was never sent by the Kamchatka.

The appearance of two torpedo boats alongside the squadron, which could not have been Russian, as all the Russian torpedo boats were then in the English channel.

The fact that only seven torpedo boats are now with the squadron, whereas eight left Libau, is explained by the fact that one of them broke down before the squadron left Danish waters and was towed back to Libau by the Russian ice breaker Ernak.

It is expected that the commission will assemble in about a fortnight. Satisfaction prevails at the foreign office at the agreement reached, and hope is expressed that the American admiral to be selected by the United States to sit on the commission will prove an impartial judge of the facts submitted.

It is reported the Japanese have occupied Wantai hill, sunk several transports and have set fire to a battleship at Port Arthur. There is no confirmation of the report. Wantai hill is one of the extensive semi-circle of forts defending Port Arthur. It is situated in about the center of the semi-circle, between the Antse mountain forts and Sunghow fort, which is situated on an adjoining hill. The capture of Wantai hill means the dividing of the eastern fortified ridge. The Japanese had previously and unsuccessfully attacked Wantai hill, particularly during the latter part of August.

It is reported that the Baltic fleet fired on the Danish torpedo boat Sabjaren while off Langeland Island. The torpedo boat was not hit. The government is said to be attempting to conceal the incident, fearing complications with Russia.

Medal for Carnegie.

Andrew Carnegie acquired a new medal last week, the guest at the dinner of the Iron and Steel Institute. The medal awarded was the Bessemer gold medal and the presentation was made by Sir James Kitson in recognition of Mr. Carnegie's service to the iron and steel trade of the world.

COMPLAINT AND PROTEST

Presented by Panama to the United States Government.

The full text of the complaint and protest made by the republic of Panama against the present administration of affairs in the canal zone has reached Washington in the form of a letter written by Senor Abaldia, the Panama minister to us, to Secretary of State Hay. In the letter Abaldia lays particular stress on the charges that General Davis, governor of the canal zone, has been guilty of unwarranted usurpation of authority and violation of the provision of the Hay-Varilla treaty. Various instances are cited.

Members of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce have arranged to make a trip to the Panama canal zone, starting from New York on the 14th inst., for the purpose of acquiring information as a basis of legislation. The transport Sumner will be placed at their disposal for the tour and they will go direct from New York to Colon.

Another Tunnel.

Definite plans for another tunnel under the Hudson river have been made by the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad, and a company for the construction of the tunnel has been incorporated.

Trust Cuts Price.

In Illinois the announcement that the basis price of whiskey had again dropped from \$1.24 to \$1.23, making a fall by successive stages of 5 cents in about two months, caused a sensation among independent dealers. Independents say they are convinced that the trust has begun a war of extermination.

Well informed whiskey men say the price may go still lower.

Representative Resigns.

J. F. Thompson, the nominee for solicitor of the Fourth circuit, has written the governor resigning as a member of the house of representatives.

Studying Our Systems.

Fernandi Benedel, mayor of the City of Mexico, with his wife and two children is touring the United States making a study of our municipal governments.

FIRE AT TIFTON, GA.

Results in Loss of a quarter of a Million.

Tifton, Ga., suffered the most disastrous conflagration in the history of the city Friday. The loss is estimated at approximately \$250,000. There were no casualties. The burned district includes the Slack building, owned and occupied by S. G. Slack & Co., hardware; Dr. G. W. Julians, the second floor of which was occupied by the Gress Manufacturing company; H. H. Hetler Lumber company; The Ensign Lumber company; Dr. O. L. Chestnut, dentist, and Fullwood & Boatwright, lawyers; the Regent hotel; Brown's photograph gallery; C. B. Holmes, residence; Bowen & Tift building occupied by the Tifton Drug company; E. P. Browne, merchandise; H. Kent & Son, furniture; C. W. Rickerson & Son, groceries; Postal Telegraph company; Tifton telephone exchange; Hall & Eve, lawyers; Warren, real estate; E. L. Vickers, naval stores; Tifton opera house and several sleeping apartments.

FROM STEAM TO ELECTRICITY.

Railroads' Change of Motive Power Means Much to Industry.

Apparently authoritative announcement is made that the New York Central railroad is about to change the motive power on the West Shore, a distance of 432 miles. Electricity is to be substituted for steam. To make the change will cost at the lowest calculation \$25,000,000, and the amount may be considerably in excess of that figure. If the move proves to be economical then all the railroads in the country will have to follow suit, and that means practical rebuilding. The iron and steel interests and the electrical companies hail the movement with intense satisfaction. They say it means ten or fifteen years of employment for every mill and electrical machinery factory in America—work at high pressure and without intermission.

Oil in Indian Territory.

The management of the Republic Iron and Steel company is devoting considerable attention to its oil territory in Indiana and Ohio. The corporation is in receipt of an income of close to \$1,000,000 a year from this source. It is to the Indian Territory, however, that oil specialists are now looking for greatest development. In that part of the country the petroleum prophets agree that before the exploitation is over the field will be disclosed as the largest ever discovered in the United States, exceeding the old Pennsylvania oil region as well as that of California. The Standard Oil company is building a pipe line from the Indian Territory field to Atlantic tide-water.

Killed Divorcee.

In East Nashville Mrs. Lillie Blazer was shot and almost instantly killed by Alfred Blazer, from whom she had secured a divorce Monday.

Mrs. Blazer was in the kitchen of her home with James Agee, a boarder, when Blazer suddenly entered and attacked Agee, beating him up badly and probably fracturing his skull. The woman ran screaming into the yard and Blazer gave pursuit, firing three shots, one of which struck her in the head. She died without making a statement. Blazer escaped.

Crushed Between Cars.

S. S. Sandberry, car inspector for the Louisville and Nashville railroad, was instantly killed at Selma by having his head caught between two cars. The train for Myrtlewood had just pulled out of the Louisville and Nashville station when the front coach became detached from the rest of the train and the airbrake disintegrated. Sandberry ran up and began examining the air brake, when the second half of the train, left on a grade, rolled noiselessly down upon him, catching him between the cars and breaking his neck.

Cargo Burning.

The Norwegian steamer Guernsey, from Savannah, Ga., Oct. 15, arrived at Bremen with her cargo in the after-hold, about 3,000 bales of cotton, burning. The fire broke out a fortnight ago. The captain thinks the fire is now practically extinguished.

Congressional Trip.

Members of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce have arranged to make a trip to the Panama canal zone, starting from New York on the 14th inst., for the purpose of acquiring information as a basis of legislation. The transport Sumner will be placed at their disposal for the tour and they will go direct from New York to Colon.

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PANAMA PLAGUE SPOTS.

IT IS KNOWN AS THE GRAVE-YARD OF AMBITION.

Death in Life Around Colon—Plants Luxuriate, But Men Can Not Live in Swamp Miasmas—Mysteries of the Jungles.

Colon, or Aspinwall, as it is sometimes called, has a population of about 8,500, and has one of the best hotels on the isthmus. In company with one of the canal officials I visited the works at Colon, and drove four or five miles along the banks of the waterway. In the early days of the digging, owing to the awful heat and frequent rains, men died so fast that it was impossible to keep track of their deaths. The Canal Company and the Railway Company had separate hospitals at Colon and Panama, and the capacity of each was taxed all the time. The Railway Company had a morgue in Aspinwall, and white men were stored in its vaults ten deep awaiting burial. Men soon lost all fear of death, and despite the warnings of physicians, would carouse nightly and inhale the deadly vapors which exuded from the earth, to fall victims next day to the Chagres and yellow fever.

The canal from the Atlantic side goes through the tropical jungle and through earth feculent for unnumbered ages with parasitical and vegetable decay. It is the abode of the deadly Chagres fever, typhus, dysentery and yellow fever, where snakes abound and where mosquitoes, scorpions and centipedes make existence for the white man almost intolerable. Half buried in the rank earth lie costly machinery, dredges, pneumatic drills and steam shovels, which were found unsuited to the work and cast aside as so much scrap iron. Here came thousands of the loose negro population of the West Indies, tempted by the alluring bait of a dollar or two dollars a day. Half of them are buried along the banks of the canal; the other half returned home with enough money to buy a few acres of banana land and close out their lives in comfort and indolence.

Here, too, lie mouldering the skeletons of French engineers, sub-contractors, clerks and petty officials, who left La Belle France, with glorious expectations, the promise of big pay and the hope of rapid promotion. What killed them? The climate? No, the same monster that killed hundreds when Hamilton Merritt, away back in the thirties, was digging the Welland Canal. Then it was the "fever and ague," produced by foul water and air tainted by the exhalations arising from its low ground and marshes through which the lines were run. But the monster of Panama is merciless in its cruelty and rarely spares a white man. If you place but an atom of the earth that is taken from a foot below the soil under a microscope, it will palpitate with life, but it is life which means death to you.

From the disturbed soil there rises a warm vapor charged with deadly bacteria, which plays havoc with the strongest constitutions. This neoplastic mist is the hideous wraith of the canal monster, the horrible, palpable thing that haunts swamps and marshes and is in the earth omnipresent. Only those who have followed an Indian trail through a tropical forest where perpetual twilight reigns and damp heat prevails, have any idea of the rapid and rank vegetation of equatorial lands. It is a vegetation of matted and gigantic vines, of fleshy plants and strange trees festooned with lianas and monster creepers, where insects riot and the air is oppressive with the odor of diurnal flowers. Among these forest plants and vines the struggle for possession of the soil never ends. Even the monster trees are sometime strangled in the grip of the tough and matted bush-ropes that coils around, cuts through the bark and saps the life out of them.

I have seen this fibrous parasite nearly as thick as a man's body, twisted like a corkscrew around a monarch of the forest, and rearing its head high above the topmost branches. With us in Canada nearly all trees and plants are anemophilous, but here they are fertilized by insect agency. As a result the woods, marshes and swamps swarm with life night and day. In the forest every plant is a perennial, and as no sunlight ever enters, the air is soggy and the vegetation steaming and rank. More than that, there are herbaceous trees, rich in pith, which, unlike the forest trees that grow by concentric rings, require no more conditions for their life than prevail here—a warm soil, great humidity and an atmosphere saturated with carbonic acid gas. In this sunless heat every noxious plant and tree luxuriates. Make a few yards clearing this morning and tomorrow some new and nameless growth, with snakelike appearance, is twisting, twining and coiling, as if alive, searching for food or support.

When death comes, and death is as rapid as life in this isthmus, the decay fills the air with poisonous exhalations. This rank vegetation and insect life eternally growing and decaying for thousands of years has superimposed upon the primitive earth layer upon layer of dank mould, where myriads of deadly germs swarm, where noxious gases are germinated and within which death in its most hideous aspects lingers. How Balboa, the discoverer of the Pacific, ever cut his way through this

matted forest and carried his ships in section over the Isthmus is to this day an almost incredible mystery.—W. R. H., in Toronto Mail and Express.

UNUSUAL FEAT OF BUILDING.

A Five-Room Cottage Erected and Painted in Ten Hours.

The unusual feat of building a five-room cottage, including foundation, plastering and putting on one coat of paint, in a day of ten hours with a cost to the owner of nothing more than a chicken dinner for the workmen, outside of the material, was performed this week in the little hamlet of Maple Grove, near Evansville. The man for whom the cottage was built was Homer Rose and the men who did him the kindness were fellow employees. The work was superintended by Dee Bacher, a contracting carpenter.

Mr. Rose has had lumber and other material on the ground for months. After these were bought he discovered that he could not go on with his house for lack of means. Mr. Bacher called his men around him one evening and asked for volunteers for one day to build the Rose cottage. Many thought it would be impossible to build it in one workday, but the contractor declared that he could accomplish the feat if the men in his employ would do the work. Twenty-six carpenters, masons and painters agreed to give one day if Mr. Rose would furnish a chicken dinner, and a time was fixed when all should report at the site of the proposed building.

Every man came on time. The brick masons went to work laying the foundation, while the carpenters busied themselves in cutting the joists, standing and sills. Every man was assigned to a particular part of the work and the house began to go up with a rush. Hundreds of persons gathered about and watched the workmen. Each of the latter urged his fellows on, and when noon came the framework was all up and the chimney had been started.

Then came the dinner. Mrs. Rose, assisted by some of her neighbors, had fried two dozen chickens. There were ten loaves of bread, four dozen ears of boiled corn, nearly a bushel of mashed potatoes and bowl after bowl of gravy. The dessert consisted of peach cobbler and various kinds of pies. The contractor had to call off his men for fear that they would eat so much that they would not be able to finish the job.

As soon as the frames were set for the windows and doors the sashes were fitted and the lights put in. By this time, however, the lath had been put on the inside and the sheathing and weather boarding was being placed on the outside and the chimney was being run up by the masons, all at the same time. Before the roof was on the plasterers were at work, and exactly at 6 o'clock the cottage was finished, all but the second coat of paint and the skim coat of plaster, neither of which could be put on until the first coat had dried.

Mr. Bacher complimented his men when the job was complete. He said that while he had done some "hurry" work in his time he had never known a house to be begun and completed in a day. The cottage contains five well-lighted rooms and a large attic. Everything, even to putting on the hinges and locks, was done before the men were called off at 6 o'clock, and Mr. Bacher declares that he could have completed the work an hour earlier had not the men eaten so freely at dinner.—Indianapolis Despatch in New York Sun.

Why the Japs Are Strong.

The

THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

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J. F. NORRIS, Editor and Proprietor.

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ana, Ala., as second-class mail matter

Columbiana, Ala., Nov. 10, 1904.

VICTORY.

It was a landslide to Teddy.

Thanksgiving November 24th.

The voice of the people is pow-
erful.

Right and Justice has triumphed.

The entire Populist and Repub-
lican ticket elected.

Our whole county ticket is el-
ected from 32 to 175 majority.

Slander and misrepresentation's
will not win in Shelby county.

Who said Longshore was elected
the first time by 800 negro votes?

The campaign was warm but the
people have expressed their wishes
at the ballot box.

The result of the election Nov. 8
means a great deal to the common
people of Shelby county.

The Sentinel said Longshore and
his ticket was elected six years ago
by the negroes, how about it this
year?

Beat 18 deserves the chromo as
the banner beat, Judge Longshore
received 48 votes and Judge Mc-
Millan 1.

In this issue of the Advocate
will be found the official count for
offices from Congressman down to
Commissioner.

No man in Alabama has ever
been traduced and maligned as
Judge Longshore has been in the
recent campaign.

Victory has again perched upon
the banner of the Populist and Re-
publicans; and it is a great triumph
of the honest white people of the
county.

The common people of Shelby
county as we have said before are
people who think and act for them-
selves. The result of the election
shows it.

For many reasons the people
should rejoice over the result of
the election. On the one side are
the lawyers, merchants, doctors,
preachers and capital, on the other
are the common people. The peo-
ple have won.

For Justice of the Peace, Beat 1,
A. W. Strickland received 193
votes, E. T. Brasher 193 votes,
W. W. Wallace, Jr., 187 votes, L.
N. Curlee 188 votes, and Sam
Harrell for Constable received 117
votes. The above are the figures
of the official count.

The election of 1904 has come
and gone. The fight in Shelby coun-
ty was a fight to a finish. The demo-
cratic party used all the arms at
their command to battle against
our ticket. The democratic lead-
ers were up from early morn to the
vee small hours of the night. For
the last six months our county has
been stirred from center to circum-
ference. It has been a fight between
the common yeomanry of our coun-
ty and the money power and man-
ipulators. The result came and the
common people of old Shelby coun-
ty were victorious, and a great
victory it was. The majority for
the peoples ticket ranged from 32
to 175, and while the majorities are
small the victory was great. The
Advocate has no words of com-
mendation for its service, perhaps
there are many things left undone
that we should have done to fur-
ther the success of our cause, but
we must acknowledge that our
best efforts were put forward at
all times to refute and condemn
the false charges of the opposition.
The common people of the county
do deserve much eulogy and com-
mendation for their loyalty to our
cause. They stood like men and
rebeld against oppression and
false accusations and won the fight.

OFFICIAL ELECTION RETURNS.

County Election Held November 8th, 1904.

BEATS.	John N. Wyatt	Pleasant Shaw	Walter E. Riddle	J. E. Dykes	G. D. Campbell	J. F. Anderson	John B. Farrell	J. O. Dorough	Walter E. Lister	W. E. Harrison	J. L. Adams	W. A. Brasher	J. Sanford Faltner	John S. Pitts	W. R. A. Miller	John K. Dyke	D. K. McMillan	A. P. Longshore	John W. Kitchens	Stacy J. Bowie
Columbiana, beat 1, box 1	118	57	129	127	123	130	141	113	127	120	120	122	125	119	135	122	129	117	.....	.....
Shelby, beat 1, box 2	68	28	72	69	74	73	65	68	70	69	68	68	70	69	68	70	69	67	.....	.....
Spring Creek, beat 2	25	39	18	25	67	26	59	23	58	24	67	26	58	25	58	24	63	24	.....	.....
Calera, beat 3	107	27	59	96	48	107	58	97	51	103	53	102	49	105	50	101	.....	54	91	.....
Montevallo, beat 4	137	51	77	129	69	136	81	127	71	134	81	127	69	136	80	137	.....	101	103	.....
Bamford, beat 5	8	2	8	9	7	8	9	7	8	9	8	9	7	8	9	8	.....	9	8	.....
Helena, beat 6	55	10	21	54	19	53	19	56	19	55	19	55	19	54	19	53	.....	.....	.....	.....
Saginaw, beat 7	93	24	72	64	74	68	78	69	70	66	74	63	69	68	73	65	.....	70	65	.....
Martin's, beat 8	82	111	46	112	45	115	42	110	46	111	44	113	42	114	42	115	42	.....	.....	.....
Wilsonville, beat 9, box 1	89	58	120	96	123	94	126	88	121	93	125	93	124	91	125	88	128	92	.....	.....
Blue Springs, beat 9, box 2	26	25	34	26	32	28	34	26	33	27	31	28	31	27	34	26	34	26	.....	.....
Harpersville, beat 10, box 1	56	25	32	56	33	56	30	56	32	57	33	56	33	56	33	56	33	.....	.....	.....
Creswell, beat 10, box 2	28	55	40	22	40	22	42	20	40	22	40	22	40	22	39	23	.....	.....	.....	.....
Weldon, beat 11	45	29	59	47	56	48	60	46	54	49	57	49	56	47	57	46	.....	.....	.....	.....
Highland, beat 12	17	28	37	18	37	18	37	18	37	18	37	18	36	18	37	18	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bold Springs, beat 13	28	6	23	28	20	28	22	28	21	28	22	28	21	28	22	28	.....	.....	.....	.....
Benr Creek, beat 14	11	47	40	28	46	15	44	19	50	9	48	14	47	15	48	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sterrett, beat 15	50	41	56	64	61	57	65	55	64	52	64	51	63	52	63	51	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vincent, beat 16	111	15	36	122	42	112	50	110	46	113	48	110	47	112	47	112	.....	.....	.....	.....
Phelan, beat 17	34	18	40	34	36	35	38	34	37	34	38	34	39	34	37	33	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dunnivant, beat 18	1	40	48	1	49	1	48	1	48	1	46	1	48	1	46	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maylene, beat 19, box 1	28	36	47	29	37	29	48	28	47	28	48	28	47	28	47	28	.....	51	26	.....
Gurnee, beat 19, box 2	9	27	40	9	29	7	42	6	39	9	44	5	36	12	38	9	.....	42	7	.....
Total Votes	1149	789	1256	1194	1221	1189	1319	1125	1251	1166	1295	1143	1246	1173	1255	1151	533	370	327	303

Cotton will now begin to ad-
vance—the election is over.

The laboring people of Shelby
county should feel proud of the
recent victory; it was a victory
of the people against misrepresenta-
tion, slander and money.

Shelby county is one of the
most prosperous and wealthy
counties in the State. Her miner-
al and other resources ranks
among the best in the State.

The Parker electors received
1106; Roosevelt electors 679; Wat-
son electors 615. John Pelham for
Circuit Judge received 1138 votes.
Borden H. Burr for Circuit Solicit-
or received 1125 votes, and A. H.
Alston received 1136 votes.

READ THIS.

Here are some laws and court
rulings which all newspaper sub-
scribers should know:

1. Subscribers who do not give
express notice to the contrary, are
considered as wishing to renew
their subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order the dis-
continuance of their periodicals
the publisher may continue to
send them until all the dues are
paid. If subscribers neglect or
refuse to take their periodicals
from the postoffice to which they
are directed, they are responsible
until they have settled their bills
and ordered them discontinued.

3. If subscribers move to other
places without informing the pub-
lisher, and the papers are sent to
the former address, they are held
responsible.

4. The courts have decided that
refusing to take periodicals from
the office, or removing and leaving
them uncalled for, is prima facie
evidence of intentional fraud.

5. If subscribers pay in advance
they are bound to give notice at
the end of the time if they do not
wish to continue taking it; other-
wise the publisher is authorized to
send it, and the subscriber will be
responsible until an express notice
with payment of all arrearages is
sent to the publisher.

As to Eating Rice.

Collis P. Huntington once told
me that the best workers he ever
had on his railroads were Chinese.
They lived on rice. The Japanese
are proving themselves great war-
riors and have developed a mar-
velous intelligence, combined with
a physical prowess never dreamed
of by white nations. They live on
rice. We hear that 100,000 public
school children in New York are
underfed. Do their parents know
enough to feed them on rice? A
pound of the best costs 8 cents and
will make four good meals for a
family of five. The Chinese and
Japanese do not eat their rice with
butter or gravy. A little salt is the
only seasoning. Italians eat great
quantities of rice. They are a sur-
dity nation. We throw rice after
a newly wedded couple; let us
throw a little down the gullets of
our underfed school children.—Ex.

A woman can be happy when-
ever she thinks she is.

There is something singularly
consistent in a female way in a
bleached blonde singing in a church
choir.

County Court Jurors.

The following is a list of petit
jurors drawn to serve at the fall
term of County Court, which con-
venes on November 21, 1904:

Ben F. Cunningham, J. S. But-
ler, Charles Ambrose, J. S. Walton,
J. W. McMill, T. H. Walton, Tom
Worthy, J. D. Davis, John Steph-
ens, A. W. Albright, J. M. Bishop,
W. J. Gassaway, W. A. Cost, E. B.
Brasher, George Crumpton, D. V.
Lee, J. C. Brasher, G. W. Roy, W.
D. Lacey, W. M. Davis, J. C. El-
liott, H. B. Nabors, G. H. Harless,
R. T. Gillam,

Reflections of a Bachelor.

FROM THE NEW YORK PRESS
A boy has to be mighty stupid
not to have his mother believe he
is almost a genius.

A spank in time saves crime.

It is easier to spend somebody
else's money than to make your
own.

Romance is a small portion of
mediocrity heavily diluted with im-
agination.

When a woman hasn't kept a lot
of old love letters it is a sign she
never had them.

Half a woman's beauty is com-
plexion and nine-tenths of her
figure clothes.

Some girls are so modest they
can't gain a few pounds without
blushing about it.

A man has a bad temper when
he is not proud that the baby can
yell with such healthy lungs.

It's funny that taking your li-
quor straight should make you feel
all the more crooked.

The fun of living in a rented
house is knowing what a rumpus
the next tenant is going to make
with the landlord.

The Price of Eggs.

She said she'd take a dozen of
eggs, but while the grocer was
counting them out, she asked the
price. He told her and she shrieked:

"Seventeen cents?"

"Yes ma'am."

"Why, that's outrageous!"

"Well, it's hard times, and every-
thing is up."

She sat down on a sugar barrel,
sighed several times, and asked if
eggs were likely to go higher or
lower.

"don't claim to be a prophet,"
he replied as he twisted a sheet of
paper into the shape of a tunnel,
"but I dare say that they'll be down
to sixteen and one half cents in
less than a week, and perhaps go
lower. Trade, which is naturally
depressed during July and August,
is looking up a little. Our exports
of gold are now equalled by our
imports. The calling in of bonds
puts more ready money afloat, and
capitalists are much more hope-
ful this week than last. The crops
are about ready to move, naviga-
tion prospects are brighter, and
public confidence in financial in-
comes is rapidly returning. One
thing moves around another, you
see, and though, as I said before, I
am not a financier, and my predic-
tions are not entitled to any great
weight, it seems clear to me that
eggs have got to come lower. A
great current of eggs is setting to-
ward this point from a dozen dif-
ferent directions, and even if the
calling in of bonds, and the sale of
surplus gold don't produce lower
prices, I can not see why figures
should go up."

She reached into the pickle bar-
rel, nipped a cucumber, and went
away wondering why her husband
never knew anything.—Everywhere.

Raising the Birth Rate.

The plan of some Boston women
to encourage motherhood is getting
a great deal of free advertising. A
company has been formed, and any
woman who pays ten monthly as-
sessments of three dollars each, in-
cluding a three dollar initiation
fee and an annual due of one dol-
lar-thirty-four dollars in all—will
be entitled on the birth of a living
child to receive in cash \$200; af-
ter the nineteenth payment, \$300;
after the twenty-eighth, \$400, and
after the thirty-seventh payment,
\$500.

Some express doubts as to the
financial merits of the plan, but
the probability is good assurances
have been consulted, and the scheme
is no doubt sound as a co operative
institution. The payments on
births will no doubt be forthcom-
ing.

The plan will increase the com-
forts of mothers even if it does
not encourage births. It might be
well to offer premiums to mothers
who carry their children through
all the ills that come to them, and
bring them to, say, five years of
age in good strength and health.
The birth of children is necessary
in order to perpetuate the race, but
it is also well to care for children
wisely and patiently after they are
born. If the Boston scheme could
be amended so that it would raise
the birth rate and decrease the
death rate of children, it would be
almost ideal.

The two could be readily com-
bined, and perhaps the Boston wom-
en who are working up the new co-
operative movement will include
the rearing as well as the birthing
of children in their plan. Both
should be put on a business basis
that will stand the test of time, and
only experienced men in the in-
surance business can adjust assess-
ments to final payments, thus pro-
tecting all policy holders and ren-
dering the company of enduring
value.—Age Herald.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver
Tablets are becoming a favorite for
stomach troubles and constipation.
For sale by Williams Bros.

A widow is awful knowing to
know so little.

No woman has red enough hair
to call it so.

It takes a girls little hand to
start a big squeeze.

One of the very best investments
a man can make with his money is
not to lend it.

It's funny how much coal a small
furnace can use up when it can't
even be made to burn.

Stoking a furnace is a very good
way not to get religion.

A very good training for a girl
who is going on the stage is to
have a good shape.

When a woman is mad with her
husband it is unlucky for the next
one of her children that has to be
spanked.

If a woman were going to jump
off the Brooklyn bridge probably
she would gather up her skirts to
keep them from getting wet.

ONLY MAKES A BAD MATTER WORSE.

Perhaps you have never thought of
it but the fact must be apparent to
every one that constipation is caused
by a lack of water in the system, and
the use of drastic cathartics like the
old fashioned pills only makes a bad
matter worse. Chamberlain's Stomach
and Liver Tablets are much more mild
and gentle in their effect, and when
the proper dose is taken their action
is so natural that one can hardly re-
alize it is the effect of a medicine. Try
a 25 cent bottle of them. For sale by
Williams Bros.

You are Looking for Goods and Prices! We are Looking for Business and Trade!

IF YOU WILL CALL ON US THERE WILL BE BUSINESS
DONE THAT WILL BENEFIT YOU.

For Fancy Groceries, Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls, Mixed Feed, Can Goods, Breakfast Foods,
Fresh Fish, Fresh Oysters, Fresh Sausage, Candies, Cakes, Fruits and All Kind of
Table Luxuries, We can Give You at Exceeding Low Prices!

TRY THE CELEBRATED RAVEN FLOUR AND WHITE LILY.

WE ALSO HANDLE SEVERAL OTHER BRANDS OF FLOUR.

Your Produce Will be Bought at Highest Market Prices.

The goods sold you are guaranteed to be fresh and all right, and we mean by this that your money
will be refunded if the goods are not just as they are represented!

COME TO SEE US BEFORE BUYING.

GOODS DELIVERED IN TOWN FREE.

ROBERTS & ROBERTSON.

Successor to J. R. White.

THE PEOPLES STORE.

Now is the time to buy a Suit Clothes.

Grand Clearance Sale Beginning Novem-

ber 10th. Everything in

CLOTHING

WILL BE SOLD AT NEW YORK COST.

Call and be Convinced.

R. W. CALLAWAY, MANAGER.

Columbiana, Ala.

Statement of the Condition

OF THE

Columbiana Savings Bank,

Located at Columbiana, Ala., at the close of
business October 31st, 1904.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts..... \$ 50,741.32	Capital Stock paid in..... \$ 15,000.00
Overdrafts..... 1,189.37	Undivided Profits, less Cur- rent Expenses..... 3,016.54
Banking House..... 5,000.00	Individual Deposits Subject to Check..... 31,959.55
Furniture and Fixtures..... 2,000.00	Time Deposits..... 3,241.58
Other Real Estate..... 8,000.00	Notes and Bills Rediscoun- ted..... 34,295.79
Due from Banks and Bank- ers in this State..... 8,488.66	Total..... \$87,491.46
Due from Banks and Bank- ers in other States..... 5,403.67	
Currency..... 7,783.00	
Gold..... 155.00	
Silver, Nickels and Pennies..... 718.78	
Checks and Cash Items..... 4,011.46	
Total..... \$87,491.46	

State of Alabama, County of Shelby.

Social and Local News.

There was quite a crowd in town Saturday.

J. T. Crawford, of Shelby, was in town Monday.

B. L. Brasher, of Birmingham, was in town Monday.

Prof. W. H. Bird is teaching school over at Dargin.

Bob Glenn, of Shelby, spent Sunday here with relatives.

County court will convene on the 22nd of this month.

J. I. Abernethy, Esq., was in Birmingham Wednesday.

Oscar Bird spent Thursday in Birmingham on business.

E. W. Chapman, of Montevallo, was in the city last Friday.

M. S. and Henry Wilson, of beat 7, were in town Wednesday.

J. A. Skelton, of beat 9, killed a fine turkey gopher on the 3rd.

D. W. Jones, of Wilsonville, was in town a short while Tuesday.

Shelly Glazener, of Harpersville, visited relatives here this week.

Rev. F. A. Liles is spending a few days at Marion on business.

J. D. Smith, of Dogwood, was in the city a short while Wednesday.

A. H. Avery and wife, of Shelby, were in the city Monday afternoon.

Mrs. C. A. Carter, of Shelby, visited relatives in the city this week.

W. T. Johnson, of Helena, was in town today, Thursday, on business.

Solicitor W. R. Oliver, of Calera, was in the city Monday on business.

There was a large crowd in town Wednesday to hear the election returns.

G. W. Busby, of beat 2, was among the visitors in town Wednesday.

Mrs. Wortham, of Atlanta, Ga., is visiting relatives and friends in the city.

The election passed off quietly here Tuesday, there being no disturbance.

Mrs. Simon Friedberger and children returned Sunday from Catherine, Ala.

R. H. O'Hara, of Macon, Ga., visited relatives here a few days this week.

Henry Chapman will move this week to his new residence on East College street.

Mrs. A. Friedberger, of Talladega, is visiting relatives in the city for a few days.

W. J. Goodwin, of Gurnee, was in town Wednesday and while here called in to see us.

Mrs. Lee Wooddall, of Shelby, spent a few hours in the city Tuesday with relatives.

Mrs. Phillip Erick spent a part of Monday and Tuesday in Montevallo with friends.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott, of Tuscaloosa, spent Monday and Tuesday in the city with friends.

Miss Mae Bell, of Vincent, visited Miss Gertrude Glazener here a few days this week.

County Treasurer W. E. Harrison, of Dogwood, was in the city a few hours Wednesday.

Rev. W. I. Sinnott filled his regular appointment at the Presbyterian church Sunday.

In another column will be found a statement of the condition of the Columbiana Savings Bank.

W. B. Morgan, who is working at Empire, spent Tuesday and Wednesday here with his family.

D. C. Glenn has sold his grocery store to Tom Adkinson, who will conduct the business at the same old stand.

D. C. Glenn returned last week from Louisiana, and he informs us that he will move out there in a short while.

W. A. Tallant and Mrs. H. C. Moss and children, of Calera, have moved to the residence of W. A. Tallant on West College street.

John R. Dyke, the newly elected Circuit Clerk of Sterrett, was in town Wednesday and Thursday shaking hands with his many friends.

You will find in another column the advertisement of the Peoples Store, R. W. Callaway, Manager. If you need anything in their line give them a call.

In this issue of the Advocate will be found the advertisement of Roberts & Robertson. They handle up-to-date groceries, and everything that is good to eat. Call on them when in town.

FOR RENT.

One Blacksmith and Woodshop, with all tools, for rent. Apply to M. M. Bates, Shelby, Ala.

Resolutions of Respect of Mrs. Willie White.

Whereas, we the Ladies' Foreign Missionary Society of the Methodist church of Columbiana, are called to record the death of one of our most valued members; and whilst to us her surviving friends, death was a sad messenger, it is comforting to know that it came to this true handmaiden of our Lord only as a glad summons, "to cease from her labors and enter into rest," and whereas, being pain fully sensible of our loss and desiring to express our high appreciation of her untiring work in our organization; therefore be it resolved:

1. That in the death of our sister, Mrs. Willie White, we have lost a beloved co-laborer whose years of faithful service had endeared her to our hearts; one whose sweet counsel cheerful co-operation and fervent prayers we sadly miss.

2. That we thank God for the beautiful exemplification of our holy religion in her useful unselfish life and her lovely christian character, and that we will hold in loving remembrance her steadfast loyalty to duty, her perseverance strong faith and earnest consecration.

3. That we hereby extend our warmest sympathy to her deeply afflicted husband, sorrowing daughters and other relatives, and we pray that they may find abundant consolation through Jesus Christ, "who hath abolished death and brought life and immortality to light through the Gospel."

4. That this preamble and resolutions be spread upon our minutes, published in our local papers, Alabama Christian Advocate and The Woman's Foreign Missionary Advocate, also a copy be sent to the bereaved family.

Mrs. G. T. HARRIS, Mrs. E. CHRISTIAN, Mrs. T. J. WEAVER, Committee.

Columbiana, Ala., Oct. 9, 1904.

Married in Birmingham.

On November 2nd, in the presence of a few friends at the Hotel Hillman in Birmingham, Mr. John H. Walker and Mrs. Maggie Pope Smith were quietly married. After the ceremony the wedding party were ushered into the Hillman Cafe where a sumptuous dinner was served. The bride is well known and loved by a large circle of friends. Mr. Walker is the Superintendent of the Shelby Iron Co., at Shelby, Ala. Mr. and Mrs. Walker are at home at the Dannamora at Shelby.

From Pelham.

Editor Advocate:—Will you please allow me space for a few lines as a controversy between three men near here some weeks ago. Said men were riding along the public road behind an old man in a buggy, one of them asked the other can you tell me what the democratic platform was, No. 1 says No. 2 can you, no. The three halted the old man, say Mr. Can you tell us what the democratic platform is? yes, well what is it, it is eat less and work more and the bosses will tell you how to vote.

W. H. PLEDGER.

Shelby County Division.

Protection at Home for Widows and Orphans.

Cost members last year only \$5.45 per \$1,000.

Officers: Dr. B. H. Smothers President, Wilsonville, Ala.; W. L. Farley, Cashier, Columbiana Savings Bank, Secretary and Treasurer.

Directors: Dr. O. E. Blank, Dr. B. H. Smothers, J. F. Avery, N. W. Abbott, E. S. Horton, W. B. Morgan, Dr. J. R. Morgan, M. W. Hornsby, Dr. H. B. Lane, Dr. J. C. Walker, Dr. C. C. Oliver, Dr. Horton.

We, the undersigned endorse and recommend the Shelby County Division of The Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia, as being the safest, cheapest and best insurance offered. The people should encourage and patronize a home institution:

W. L. Farley, H. B. Lane, M. D., Prof. G. H. Florey, J. L. Peters, C. H. Acker, M. D., D. E. McMillan, C. W. O'Hara, M. D., Wooten, C. J. Rabson, Jas. N. Thornton, T. M. Nelson, J. F. Avery, Dr. B. H. Smothers.

J. E. Adams, J. D. Grimes, L. R. Kendrick, Rev. G. W. Oumpton, Dr. W. S. Dubose.

Several agencies at work. From present indications the above Division will have 1000 members in the near future.

Reliable men wanted to represent this popular Company. Apply to T. A. LEATHERS, Division Agent, Columbiana, Ala.

FOR SALE.—93 acres of land with five room house on same, good well of water and also fine spring. In sight of school house, will sell for \$600.00; part of land in cultivation. Come at once if you want a bargain.

C. B. ELLIOTT, Columbiana, Ala.

STRAYED.

From my home at Shelby, Ala., on October 29th 1904, one dark grey horse, dark mane and tail, weight about 900 pounds, about 8 years old, foretop been cut out, but growing back. Good saddle horse. I will pay a liberal reward for his recovery or whereabouts.

J. T. CRAWFORD, Shelby, Ala.

All our old correspondents will please send in their communications. Send them in on Monday.

Jackson's Mill.

J. A. Blankenship spent Sunday on Fourmile.

P. J. Henderson, of Weldon, was in our little town on business Friday.

Mex L. Sharbutt and Ben Blankenship attended divine worship at Creswell Sunday.

R. L. Bazemore and H. R. Carter attended preaching at Harpersville Sunday.

W. J. Sewell, of Weldon, was in our community Sunday visiting friends.

Misses Effie Blankenship and Ella Mitchell attended the singing at Creswell Sunday.

John Powell and family, of near Birmingham, have moved to our town.

C. P. Owens, of Cobb, passed through town Friday en route to Sylacauga.

Master Lonnie Tucker is very ill at this writing. We wish for him an early recovery.

Lewis Nixon and W. R. Craft paid Allen's mill a business trip Monday.

There is to be preaching and singing at Wheeler's Chapel Sunday.

Well, as I am very busy in the store I must close for this time. I hear the phone calling me now. Good bye, ting a ring.

WILD BILL.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY IS PLEASANT TO TAKE.

The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. Mr. W. L. Roderick, of Pikesville, Md., in speaking of this remedy, says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with my children for several years and can truthfully say it is the best preparation of the kind I know of. The children like to take it and it has no injurious after effect. For sale by Williams Bros."

The Christmas Delineator.

The December Delineator, with its message of good cheer and helpfulness, will be welcomed in every home. The fashion pages are unusually attractive, illustrating and describing the very latest modes in a way to make their construction during the busy festive season a pleasure instead of a task, and the literary and pictorial features are of rare excellence. A selection of love songs from the Wagner Operas, rendered into English by Richard de Gallienne and beautifully illustrated in colors by J. C. Leyendecker, occupies a prominent place, and a chapter in the Composers' Series, relating the Romance of Wagner and Cosima, is an interesting supplement to the lyrics. A very clever paper entitled "The Court Circles of the Republic," describes some unique phases of Washington social life from an unnamed contributor, who is said to write from the inner circles of society. There are short stories from the pens of F. Hopkinson Smith, Robert Grant, Alice Brown, Mary Stewart Cutting and Elmore Elliott Peake, and such interesting writers as Julia Magruder, L. Frank Baum, and Grace MacGowan Cooke hold the attention of the children. Many Christmas suggestions are given in needlework and the cookery pages are replete with the Christmas feast. In addition there are the regular departments of the magazine, with many special articles on topics relating to woman's interests within and without the home.

DOESN'T RESPECT OLD AGE.

It's shameful when youth fails to show proper respect for old age, but just the contrary in the case of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They cut off malady no matter how severe and irrespective of old age. Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Fever, Constipation all yield to this perfect Pill. 25c, at Latham Drug Co., and Williams Bros.

Fortune in a Pillow Case.

From Everybody's Magazine.

The money counters in the U. S. treasury were startled one day by the appearance of a remarkable looking "fat man" who entered the department and told a strange tale. He said he was an Ohio farmer and did not believe in banks, and so had buried his money in the ground for safe keeping. He had dug it up, and was horrified to find that it was slowly turning to dust, as notes will when long buried.

Panic stricken, he gathered the disintegrated money into an old pillow case, bound it around his waist beneath his clothes and started for Washington. He traveled part of the way by train. During the journey he never once took off the pillow case. He even slept with it on. The officials of the treasury department found it difficult to make him part with it. He did not want to go with a clerk to a hotel for the clerk might rob him, but it was manifestly impossible for him to disrobe in the office he had finally to submit. They got the money at last, and the condition of it was so bad that Mrs. Leonard had to be called to decipher it. So great was her skill that the farmer lost only a few hundred dollars out of \$10,000.

Quito Items.

Cotton picking is about over in these parts.

Prof. Wheeler's school at the Johnson college is progressing very nicely.

Prayer meeting was quite a success Sunday night. Conducted by R. F. Johnson, he thinks if they continue their good work they will accomplish a great good.

Foster Gilbert was all smiles Sunday night his girl must have said yes.

Miss Kate Allen and brother was the happy guest of Miss Jessie and Sadie Sorrell Sunday.

RAY & CO.

THE BEST LINIMENT.

"Chamberlain's Pain Balm is considered the best liniment on the market," writes Post & Bliss, of Georgia. "No other liniment will heal a cut or bruise so promptly. No other affords such quick relief from rheumatism. No other is so valuable for deep seated pains like lame back and pains in the chest. Give this liniment a trial and you will never wish to be without it. Sold by Williams Bros."

The Hammond Millinery Co., are showing entirely new goods. They do an up to date business in an up to date way. All parties near Longview will do well to call on our agent, Mrs. J. L. Redding at Longview, where we show a line of millinery.

Hammond Millinery Co.

A RUNAWAY BICYCLE.

Terminated with an ugly end on the leg of J. B. Orner, of Franklin Grove, Ill. It developed a stubborn ailment, yielding to doctors and remedies for four years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured. It's just as good for burns, Scalds, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25c, at Latham Drug Co., and Williams Bros.

Ginned Cotton.

The total number of bales ginned up to October 18 was 6,590,137 bales, as against 3,339,627 bales ginned last year up to the 18th day of October. Alabama had actually picked and ginned on that day 694,570 bales in round numbers 700,000 bales.

In 1893 but 37.6 per cent of the crop had been ginned on October 18, but in 1902 on the corresponding day 52.5 per cent of the crop had been baled. The next report of the department of commerce will bring the count at the gins up to November 14, and still later ones will include reports up to December 13 and January 10.

The ginning of 700,000 bales of the new crop up to October 18 means a great crop in this state if previous percentages are a guide. But they are not. Cotton never opened so rapidly as it did this year.

The entire crop in many fields was ready for the harvest on the first day of October. It was ready as no other crop ever had been. No one can therefore say what the outcome in this state will be. If 40 per cent of the crop was left on October 18 in the fields, this would carry the crop of Alabama close to 1,200,000 bales, and this is probably near the final summing up of the Alabama crop if so, it is a bumper crop in this state.—Age-Herald.

FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

NEW WAY OF USING CHAMBERLAIN'S

Mr. Arthur Chapman writing from Durban, Natal, South Africa, says: "As a proof that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a cure suitable for old and young, I pen you the following: A neighbor of mine had a child just over two months old. It had a very bad cough and the parents did not know what to give it. I suggested that if they would get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and put some upon the dummy teat the baby was sucking it would no doubt cure the child. This they did, and brought about a quick relief and cured the baby. This remedy is for sale by Williams Bros."

Dr. Brunk from Selma, will make regular visits to Montevallo the first Thursday of each month, and Columbiana the following Friday and Saturday, to see Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat cases. Office with Dr. Wilkinson at Montevallo, and with Dr. W. P. Hamner at Columbiana. Next visit November 3, 4 and 5.

DISASTROUS WRECKS.

Carelessness is responsible for many a railway wreck and the same causes are making human wrecks of sufferers from Throat and Lung troubles. But since the advent of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, even the worst cases can be cured, and hopeless resignation is no longer necessary. Mrs. Lois Cragg of Dorchester, Mass., is one of many whose life was saved by Dr. King's New Discovery. This great remedy is guaranteed for all Throat and Lung diseases by Latham Drug Co., and Williams Bros. Price 50c, and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

NOTICE.

I will sell on November 25, 1904, at my residence in beat 9, the following articles:

2 mules, 22 hogs, cows, corn, fodder and my household goods.

J. STONE, Wilsonville, Ala.

Could Not Be Better.

I find after selling Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for some time it is no use to change off for another. We don't see how it could be any better. I will try to keep it in stock all the time.

C. W. BRADY, Gale, Ind.

COME ONE, COME ALL,

And Share the Bargains I am Now Offering

IN

Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Hats, Clothing and Groceries.

I carry a good line of the above goods and will sell cheaper than any store in the County. I am real anxious to realize

cash for my sales for the next

30 DAYS.

Therefore Will Offer Special Low Prices to Cash Customers.

W. E. MERRELL, Shelby, Alabama.

FOR SALE.

I will sell at public auction at my residence on Fourmile on the 17th day of November, 1904, the following articles:

82 acres of land, 52 in cultivation; 1 pair small mules; 6 head of cattle; 4 hogs; 1 set of blacksmith tools and farm implements; corn; fodder; peas; hay; 1 back; also my household furniture; 1 wagon; and in fact everything I have will be sold at this sale. For cash only.

A. W. ALBRIGHT.

Tax Assessor and Collector's Rounds.

We will attend the following-named places and times for the purpose of Assessing State and County Taxes for the year 1905 and Collecting State and County Taxes for the year 1904

SECOND AND LAST ROUND.

Helena, beat 6, Tuesday, Nov. 1.
Bamford, beat 5, Wednesday, Nov. 2.
Gurnee, beat 19, Thursday, Nov. 3.
Maylene, beat 19, Friday, Nov. 4.
Montevallo, beat 4, Saturday, Nov. 5.
Saginaw, beat 7, Monday, Nov. 14.
Pebham, beat 17, Tuesday, Nov. 15.
Highland, beat 12, Wednesday, Nov. 16.
Bold Springs, beat 15, Thursday, Nov. 17.
K. Springs, beat 8, Friday, Nov. 18.
Days X Roads, beat 11, Saturday, Nov. 19.
Sterrett, beat 15, Monday, Nov. 21.
Dunnivant, beat 13, Tuesday, Nov. 22.
Vandiver, beat 14, Tuesday, Nov. 22.
Vincent, beat 16, Wednesday, Nov. 23.
Creswell, beat 10, Thursday, Nov. 24.
Harpersville, beat 10, Friday, Nov. 25.
Wilsonville, beat 6, Saturday, Nov. 26.
Columbiana, beat 1, Monday, Nov. 28.
Spring Creek, beat 2, Tuesday, Nov. 29.
Shelby, beat 1, Wednesday, Nov. 30.
Blue Spring, beat 9, Thursday, Dec. 1.
Calera, beat 3, Saturday, Dec. 3.

Tax Payers will please meet us promptly with legal description of real estate, otherwise the Assessor can not be responsible for errors that may occur in land numbers. Have a correct list of personal property and come prepared to pay taxes for the year 1904. Will be in Columbiana from December 19th, 1904, to January 1st, 1905, except the 24th and 26th of December. On all taxes not paid by the 1st of January, 1905, 8 per cent. interest and 50 cents Collector's fee will be charged. Tax Books will positively close by March 1st, 1905.

JOHN S. PITTS, Tax Assessor for Shelby County.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON, Tax Collector Shelby County.

W. B. BROWN, President, W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK.

Statement of Condition July 6, 1904.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts, \$ 37,584.41	Capital paid in, \$15,000.00
Bank building, fixtures, 7,000.00	Deposits, 26,013.59
Other Real Estate, 8,000.00	Undivided profits, 2,036.14
Cash & with other banks, 13,710.30	Rediscouts, 18,244.98
Total, \$61,294.71	Total, \$61,294.71

I, W. L. FARLEY, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this July 6th, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general Banking and Loan business. Offers depositors the same facilities as the city Banks offer. Deposits received from \$1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest paid on time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appreciation of the same.

Birmingham Title & Guaranty Company.

Complete Abstract Of Shelby County.

Abstracts of Title, Certificates of Title,

Titles Guaranteed, A General Title Business.

BEST EQUIPMENTS; SUPERIOR WORK.

Prepared for a Thorough Investigation of Your

—** TITLE —**

Write for Prices and Information.

J. K. BROCKMAN, General Manager, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

For Sale!

1 mule, 10 years old next spring
1 two-horse wagon.
1 one-horse wagon.
1 buggy.
2 cows, one giving milk.
100 bushels of corn.
Farming tools.
Household and kitchen goods.
1 meat hog.
About 2000 pounds of hay.

Will sell at Nelson, Ala., Wednesday, November 16th, 1904.

M. V. JOHNSON,

Nelson, Ala.

Don't Fail to Visit the World's Fair St. Louis, Mo.

To which the Southern Ry offers the following attractive rates:

From Columbiana to Anniston, free.

Season Ticket, \$26.40.
60-Day Ticket, \$22.05.
15-Day Ticket, \$18.60.
Coach Excursion Tickets, \$13.35.

All of the above tickets are on sale daily until November 30, 1904, except Coach Excursion Tickets which are on sale daily except Friday and Saturday, during month of October, 1904. For further information, call on Southern Ry. Agents, or address

J. N. HARRISON, District Passenger Agent,

R. B. CREAGH, Traveling Passenger Agent, Birmingham, Alabama.

FOR SALE.

One house and lot on East College street, located near School building. Terms cash, price reasonable. Apply to Advocate office.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of a mortgage executed by S. M. Parker and Nora Parker to the undersigned on the 3rd day of February, 1903, said mortgage being recorded in mortgage record - Shelby County, Alabama, Vol. 9, Pages 448 and 449; and for the purpose of enforcing the collection of the indebtedness secured



Miss Whittaker, a prominent club woman of Savannah, Ga., tells how she was entirely cured of ovarian troubles by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Dear Mrs. PINKHAM—I heartily recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a Uterine Tonic and Regulator. I suffered for four years with irregularities and Uterine troubles. No one but those who have experienced this dreadful agony can form any idea of the physical and mental misery those endure who are thus afflicted. Your Vegetable Compound cured me within three months. I was fully restored to health and strength, and now my periods are regular and painless. What a blessing it is to be able to obtain such a remedy when so many doctors fail to help you. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is better than any doctor or medicine I ever had. Very truly yours, Miss EASY WHITTAKER, 604 30th St., W. Savannah, Ga. —\$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

The testimonials which we are constantly publishing from grateful women prove beyond a doubt the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to conquer female diseases.

ALL EMERGENCIES IN THE FAMILY OR ON THE FARM FOR MAN OR BEAST

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

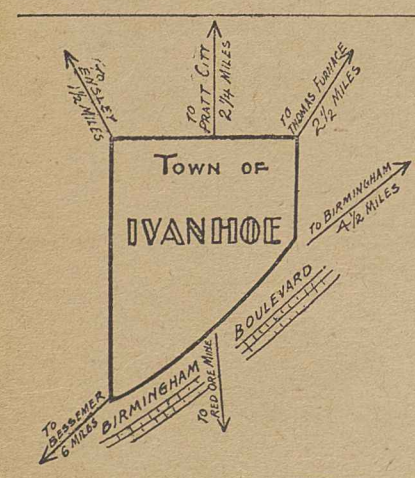
KILLS PAIN KILLS GERMS

DR. EARL S. SLOAN
515 ALBANY ST. BOSTON, MASS.

Birmingham the Coming Pittsburg

A FEW years ago lots in Birmingham which sold for a few hundred dollars are now selling at fabulous prices. Birmingham is now following in her footsteps, she makes the Iron, she makes the Steel, she makes the finished product from a Corless Engine to a wire nail.

The growth of every city, town and hamlet in every state south of Mason & Dixon's Line means a corresponding growth to Birmingham.



This means that every suburb of Birmingham is reaping and will continue to reap the benefit of this great expansion.

Now is the time to get in on the ground floor on IVANHOE LOTS. Only a few minutes ride on electric car from the center of Birmingham—high, dry and beautiful. Prices range from \$85 to \$160. Terms: \$5.00 cash and \$5.00 per month. No interest. Titles perfect.

Send \$5.00 and let us select you a good lot. You cannot lose on a proposition like this.

W. H. THARPE & CO.
Birmingham, Ala.
2025 3rd Ave.

REFERENCE: Jefferson County Savings Bank.

AUTOS.

Chug, chug, chug, chug; toot, toot, toot! Hear 'em sizz, see 'em whizz, watch 'em scoot.
Half a thousand devil carts comin' down the Pike,
Motors workin' overtime, horses on a strike.
Comin' from the east an' south, comin' from the west.
Every fellow sure that he's in front of all the rest, rhesus.
Comin' from Schenectady, Birmingham and Butte.
Chug, chug, chug, chug; toot, toot, toot! Pumps, sprockets, tanks and chains, cylinders and brakes,
Ratchets, pistons, clutches, sprags, half a hundred makes;
Sparkers, plugs and steering posts, batteries, and coils,
Bearings, generators, guards, lubricating oils.
Carburetors, solid tires, governors and jacks,
Cars that look like skeletons, cars that look like hags;
Some that glide along like ghosts, some that snort and shoot—
Chug, chug, chug, chug; toot, toot, toot! Tommies and mufflers, hoods and pumps, odometers and lamps,
Foot throttles, cinchers, goggles, masks, and something for the cramps.
Transmitters and condensers, too, exhausts and auto men;
Long coats that came from dear Paree, and patent leather hats.
And so they come to do the Fair, this band of auto men;
The world has never seen the like, nor ever will again.
Now stand aside and give 'em room to sizz and whizz and scoot—
Chug, chug, chug, chug; toot, toot, toot! —St. Louis Republic.

JUST FOR FUN



"Divorces are multiplying." "That's odd. I thought that their function was to divide."—Town Topics.

Downton—How did Binkers, the rich architect, become so poor? N. ton—He built a house for himself.—New York Weekly.

The Lady—That isn't the same story you told me before. The Beggar—No, lady; you didn't believe the other one.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

"A woman," remarked the bachelor border, "always reminds me of an egg." "The answer?" "You can never tell her age by her looks."—Chicago News.

Little Willie—Say, pa, what is a man whose wife is dead? Pa—A widower, my son. Little Willie—And if he marries again he's a widower, isn't he, pa?

Artist—This mermaid is my masterpiece. Mrs. Gushly—Dear me! How did you ever get a model to pose in the water all that time without moving?—Detroit Free Press.

The Bridegroom—You said you were to give me a grand present on our wedding day. How about it? His Father-in-Law—Didn't I give you my daughter?—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Hicks—Sussex seems to be in a highly prosperous condition, and yet you told me he was only going on from hand to mouth. Wicks—That's right. He's a dentist, you know.—Boston Transcript.

"Smithers says he lights one cigar from another now, he smokes so much." "I don't wonder, considering the kind of cigars he smokes." "Why?" "Matches would cost more."—Modern Society.

"A man who is addicted to the tobacco habit," remarked the moralizer, "will do anything for a smoke." "Yes," rejoined the demoralizer, "he will even travel in a smoking car."—Chicago Daily News.

Tess—What's the celebration at Bess's house this evening? Jess—She's keeping her birthday. Tess—Well, it will be a great success if she only keeps it as well as she keeps the date of her birth.—Philadelphia Press.

Brown—Green sent a dollar to a man who advertised a method for beating the slot machines. Smith—Did he get the information? Brown—Yes; he received a card on which was printed, "Keep your money in your pocket."

"These hot flashes through my head," remarked the pepper box, "are simply awful. You have my sympathy," rejoined the salt cellar, "I'm not feeling very fresh myself." And I, said the vinegar cruet, "have a sour stomach, as usual."

"Did you tell my wife that I had made my will and left all my property to her?" asked the sick man. "I did," replied the lawyer. "What did she say?" inquired the invalid. "Oh," answered his legal adviser, "she glanced in the mirror and asked if I thought she would look well in black."

Question of Provincialism. A senator of Missouri tells of the reply made by a Kansas City man, who was visiting New York city, to a man somewhat disposed to patronize the westerner. Said the latter: "We visited Missouri. It's a fine state, and I like the people. There's only one fault in the inhabitants, and that is they are too provincial."

At this the Missouri man became very angry. "Let me tell you one thing!" he shouted. "Missourians may be provincial in some things, but in one, at least, they're far less provincial than are the people of New York."

"Indeed?" queried the New Yorker, provokingly. "And in what respect, pray?"

"In this respect, sir," responded the Missouri man. "No one in New York knows much about Missouri; but every one in Missouri knows all about New York."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Willings. A young man was wheeling a handcart to deliver some goods at a large house on the outskirts of Malling. He met a local magnate, who said, "Where are you going?"

Young Man: To the house, sir. The Magnate: Do you know who I am?

"Yes, sir."

"Then why don't you touch your hat to me?"

"I will, sir, if you will take hold of the handles of my handcart."—Sporting Times.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR NOVEMBER 13.

Subject: **Josh Repairs the Temple, II Kings xii, 4-15—Golden Text, Neh. x, 39.—Memory Verse, 9-12—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.**

The reformation under Josiah began at the time of his coronation. The solemn covenant was made "between the Lord and the king and the people," and "between the king also and the people," that they would be the Lord's people (II Kings 11:17). 2. Baal worship was immediately overthrown. From the inner court of the temple, which was the scene of the coronation, the musicians, beyond all doubt, encouraged by Jehoiada, streamed forth to the neighboring seat of idol worship, bent upon its complete demolition. The people of the land went into the house of Baal and broke it down" (II Kings 11:18; 2 Chron. 23:17). The altars and images which adorned it were broken to pieces, and Mattan the priest was appointed to serve in the temple "as it was ordained by David" (2 Chron. 23:18).

1. Raising funds to repair the temple (vs. 4-9). "Jehoiada the priest said to the people, 'Ye have been some time after his coronation before he began this work.' "Said to the priests." It is remarkable that the first movement toward restoring the temple should come not from Jehoiada, but from Josiah, not from the priest, but from the king. Jehoiada had allowed the mischief done in Athaliah's time to remain unrepaid during his whole term of government. Remembering that he owed his preservation and restoration to the temple, and that God had made him its guardian, and that he had covenanted so to be, Josiah decides to repair it. "All the money," etc. There are three kinds of offerings mentioned in this verse: 1. The "atonement" money, which was half a shekel, about thirty-three cents for rich and poor alike; illustrating the truth that the souls of men are equally precious in God's sight. 2. Money from special vows, which was regulated by law and circumstances (Lev. 27:1-6). 3. Free-will offerings (Exod. 35:5).

5. "Let the priests," etc. The meaning is made clear in 2 Chron. 24:5. The priests and Levites were asked to go into the house of the Lord and to repair the temple, for the Lord had said, "I will be to you as a father, and you shall be to me as sons." The priests were to be as fathers to the people, and the people were to be as sons to the priests. The priests were to be as fathers to the people, and the people were to be as sons to the priests. The priests were to be as fathers to the people, and the people were to be as sons to the priests.

6. "Had not repaired." This plan proved a failure. 7. "Probably because the priests took but little interest." 2. Perhaps the people were afraid to trust the priests. There are those in our churches to-day who imitate too much of the spirit of these priests. They wear the sanctity of the robe, but they lack the heart of the man. They are afraid to trust the priests. There are those in our churches to-day who imitate too much of the spirit of these priests. They wear the sanctity of the robe, but they lack the heart of the man. They are afraid to trust the priests.

7. "Called for Jehoiada." It is strange that the high priest should be negligent; but he was a very old man (2 Chron. 24:15), even if, with most critics, we read one hundred and three instead of one hundred and thirty years. He had become accustomed to the dilatory ways of the priests, and perhaps sympathized with the priests in their reasons for delay. "Receive no more," etc. The plan was now entirely changed, and the collection which had been had been ordered was now to cease. 8. "The priests consented." They had found the work too great for them and were no longer glad to be put in charge of it. 9. "Took a chest." This was done by direction of the king (2 Chron. 24:8), and was "a much more popular measure than the one tried before." Josiah did not become discouraged, but when he failed on one line he tried another. "Bored a hole." The chest was locked and had a hole bored in its lid, so that the money could be put in it. "It was placed beside the great brazen altar which stood in the priest's court. It was therefore outside of the temple." "The king put therein." In 2 Chron. 24:10 it appears that the people cast the money into the chest, but it probably passed through the hands of the priests. "This is not the slightest evidence that the priests and Levites had been guilty of any dishonesty."

10. "The temple repaired (vs. 10-15). 10. "Much money." The new plan had put life into the work. The givers saw that others were giving and that success was likely to attend the effort. "The money was abundant." There was money in abundance. From verse 6 we see that the money for the support of the priests was not given with the other money. "The king gave exactly for what purpose his gifts were used. Joy and delight in the object made liberal givers. 'The king's scribe,' etc. It appears by comparing 2 Chron. 24:11 that the chest was carried unopened into the king's office and that the money was placed in charge of two responsible persons, who put it in bags, counted and marked, ready to be paid out to the workmen."

11. "Being told." See R. V. We would say, "They counted the money." The value was found by weighing. "They paid it out" (R. V.). The money was placed in the hands of the overseers and they paid it out to the workmen. "From verse 13 we see that they were trusted perfectly. 'For they dealt faithfully.' 13. In this verse mention is made of certain vessels to improve which were made at this time, while in 2 Chron. 24:14 mention is made of those which were made; the passages are not contradictory. 14. "They repaired the house of the Lord." The laborers of all, from the king to the humblest carpenter, were essential to the success of the great undertaking. It is not for any worker in the house of the Lord to say he has of himself done any good thing. At the best he is only one of the many agents in the perfecting of God's plans. The restoration of the house of the Lord was accomplished only by a resolute and united effort. 1. There was a willingness among the people to give liberally. 2. There was a strict and impartial administration of the funds. 3. All unnecessary expense was avoided. 15. "They dealt faithfully." Those who handled the money as well as the workmen were conscientious and faithful. In this reorganization we observe all the elements of success—prompt and decided action, generous giving, careful expenditure, earnest and faithful toil. If you wish success in life, make perseverance your bosom friend, experience your wise counselor, caution your elder brother and hope your guardian genius.

The Interparliamentary Congress at St. Louis has decided to go ahead with business without waiting for a letter from the Czar recommending universal disarmament, the Washington Post declares.

Although conditions in the cotton goods industry during the crop year 1903-1904 were unfavorable for profitable operations, particularly by Northern mills, as a consequence of the speculative inflation of values of the raw staple and disproportionate selling prices for its products, the consumption of raw cotton in the United States was only \$9,049 bales less than in the previous year, says the Philadelphia Record. The actual consumption, North and South, was 4,064,839 bales, against 4,153,388 bales in 1902-03. In spite of much-talked-of mill stoppages on account of dull trade and strikes, the reduction in spinners' output appears to have been very inconsiderable.

QUICK RESULTS.



W. J. Hill, of Concord, N. C., June 6, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills proved a very efficient remedy in my case. I used them for disordered kidneys and backache, from which I had experienced a great deal of trouble and pain. The kidney secretions were very irregular, dark colored and full of sediment. The Pills cleared it all up and I have not had an ache in my back since taking the last dose. My health generally is improved a great deal."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box.

Wisdom While You Wait.

If the streets were paved with gold there would still be objections raised to the dust.

Misery loves company, perhaps, but society at large does not reciprocate the affection.

The pen-and-ink artist may be classed among those who draw the color line.

An old woman sometimes evolves into a new woman.

Brevity may be the soul of wit, but there is nothing humorous in a short answer.

Lazy people like to imagine all the world's a stage so they may ride.

The most brilliant jewel among gems is a sunny disposition.

A man's own tongue betrays him as frequently as he is betrayed by the tongues of others.

The self-made man is not always a well-made man.

Frost is a good thing so long as it is impersonal.

An immaculate shirtfront frequently poses in lieu of a spotless reputation.

A coconut is not always what it is cracked up to be.

Some men who boast of holding the key to the situation seem compelled to knock.

Many a young woman with golden hair wouldn't dare face the assayer's test.

Inches do not constitute the only measure of smallness.

Vanity causes strong men to appear weak.—Collier's Weekly.

WISE WORDS:

A solid fame is better than a sound-ling one.

Freedom only leaves a man free to climb up.

The frosts of age do not cool the fires of true love.

The work of God's Word proves it to be His work.

Truth will come fully where you let it come freely.

Love is the evidence of having learned of Him.

A stingy man's gifts always have strings on them.

A man's prospects do not depend on his pretensions.

Sincerity is the one secret of success in the search for God.

This life would be impossible without the possibility of another life.

You cannot flee from the wrath to come until you forsake the sin you love.

Radium and the Diamond.

In the course of some experiments concerning the effect of the emanations from radium upon diamonds, Sir William Crookes made a curious discovery. When a diamond was placed in the path of the radiations it was converted from the carbon crystal into the common form of graphite, while in addition its color was quite changed.

As a result of this strange metamorphosis Sir William Crookes suggests that the radium rays may prove of great commercial value to the jeweler since by this means diamonds which are of an indifferent and defective color may be appreciably increased in their commercial value by treatment under the radium rays. He also observed that the prolonged action of the radium also increased the intensity of the pale-colored gems.

England's Veteran Cricketer.

England's oldest cricketer, Mr. Herbert Jenner-Fust, is dead at the age of ninety-eight years. He played for Eton twenty-two years ago, and for Cambridge University from 1825 to 1827, being captain in the last year.

At the age of ninety-three he bowled for his village eleven and batted for eleven runs. He practiced in Doctors Commons till the court was abolished, and then lived as a country squire.

An Able Officer.

Lieutenant Vogelsang, who commanded the turret on the battleship Wisconsin, which attained the highest merit of any twelve or thirteen-inch electrical turret, winning the prize for that class of turret in the last annual target practice, has been commended by the Navy Department for the zeal and ability displayed as a turret officer.

The government fish commission has been making investigations about the suitability of fish skins for clothing. It has been found that salmon skins make excellent leather and have been used for boots by the Eskimos for years. These people also use tanned codfish skins for coats and waterproof garments.

The development of the dairy industry in the United States is scarcely realized. In 1898 the butter haul over the Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad was 400,000 tons. Last year it was nearly 14,000,000.

Illinois has seven state tickets in the field.

BENEDICT ARNOLD RELIC FOUND.

A Mute But Eloquent Reminder of the Well-Known Traitor.

Those of us interested in early American history, whether absorbed at school or acquired by maturer reading, recall Benedict Arnold, his brilliancy and treason, perhaps more vividly than almost any prominent figure of the Revolution, says the Lewiston Journal.

The students of those times recall that Washington sent him with 1100 soldiers on the ill-fated expedition to Quebec in 1775 by the way of the Kennebec River through the forests of Maine. Two miles below Gardiner, in Colburn's yard, his command halted long enough to construct 200 bateaux with which he proposed to transport troops and supplies through the Northern waters.

A week ago J. Rafter and Abbot Lord, Gardiner business men, that fish the river for sport, brought up in their great strugon net, directly opposite where the bateaux were built, an anchor, or grapple, which is undoubtedly a genuine Arnold relic. The stalk is some four feet long and carries five curved arms welded to its base. It was evidently fashioned of wrought iron, over an anvil.

These anchors were thrown out ahead of the bateaux, by which means they were pulled through rapids and swift water. For 120 years the anchor remained in the waters of the Kennebec, to now come to light, a mute but eloquent reminder of the man who betrayed his country.

According to an old English law passed hundreds of years ago and never officially repealed, although it has naturally become a dead letter, King Edward VII is the legal guardian of every young person in his kingdom under 21 years of age no longer provided with a father.

The following figures are given of horse power produced by water power electric installation: United States, 527,671; Canada, 238,225; Italy, 210,000; France, 161,343; and Switzerland, 133,302. The installation of water power is yet in its infancy.

The most common form of color blindness is an inability to distinguish red. Last year thirty-four officers and would-be officers of the British mercantile marine service failed on their color tests, twenty-three being red blind and the remainder unable to distinguish green.

From rapscallion to United States senator is a pretty big jump, and yet that is just what the new senator from Massachusetts has made. When Murray Crane was 17 years old he left the public schools to take a place in the mill, beginning at the lowest place, that of a rapscallion.

Sadyk Boy Ouchaky Zade, a Turk from Smyrna, has applied for membership to the New York stock exchange.

Part of the communion service used in Grace church, Philadelphia, was presented by Queen Anne.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. B. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Rheumatism can be thoroughly eradicated by a plentiful diet of ripe fruit.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 5, 1903.

Mexico has little trouble in finding soldiers. They are recruited from prisons.

Photo Public Workmen.

European inspectors take snapshots of men engaged on public work. The photos, in some cases, are more eloquent than any report could be. One showed a group of thirty men on a road-paving job. Two of the thirty were at work.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, it causes the drum to become inflamed, and the hearing is lost. It is entirely cured by the use of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, it causes the drum to become inflamed, and the hearing is lost. It is entirely cured by the use of the Eustachian Tube.

We will give one Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free. F. J. CUNNETT & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The New Megaphone.

The day of the brass megaphone is over. The latest thing in a megaphone mouthpiece is one built like a big morning glory, and colored accordingly, red, white or blue. They are very showy and dealers expect a big sale for them.

Avery & Company

SUCCESSORS TO AVERY & McMILLAN, 81-55 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga. —ALL KINDS OF—

MACHINERY

Reliable Frick Engines. Boilers, all Sizes. Wheat Separators.

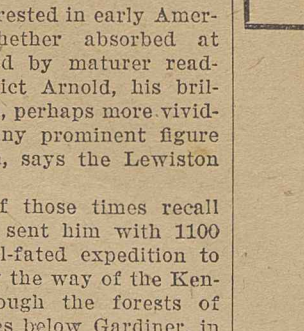
BEST IMPROVED SAW MILL ON EARTH. Large Engines and Boilers supplied promptly. Shingle Mills, Corn Mills, Circular Saws, Saw Teeth, Patent Dogs, Steam Governors, Full Line Engines & Mill Supplies. Send for Free Catalogue.

Am. 40, 1904.

No More Blind Horses! For Specific Ophthalmia, Bore Eyes, Etc., Try Our New Eye Cure.

UNCLE SAM—"A Remedy That Has

Such Endorsements Should Be in Every Home."



Election Returns That Interest All Parties.

W. L. DOUGLAS

SHOES

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's \$3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

The reason W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world is because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makers and the high-class leather used, you would understand why W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and give greater intrinsic value than any other \$3.50 shoe on the market to-day, and why the sales for the year ending July 1, 1904, were \$6,263,040.00.

W. L. Douglas guarantees his value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it—take no substitute. Sold by shoe dealers everywhere.

SUPERIOR IN FIT, COMFORT AND WEAR.

"I have worn W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes for the last twelve years with absolute satisfaction. They are comfortable, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. When you buy a pair of shoes, look for the name W. L. Douglas, Dept. Coll., G. S. Int. Revenue, Richmond, Va. W. L. Douglas uses Corona Calfskin in his \$3.50 shoes. Corona Calf is conceded to be the finest Patent Leather made. Last Color Extra used exclusively."

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Massachusetts.

WINCHESTER

RIFLE & PISTOL CARTRIDGES.

"It's the shots that hit that count." Winchester Rifle and Pistol Cartridges in all calibers hit, that is, they shoot accurately and strike a good, hard, penetrating blow. This is the kind of cartridges you will get, if you insist on having the time-tried Winchester make.

ALL DEALERS SELL WINCHESTER MAKE OF CARTRIDGES.

Cascarets

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, yellow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't regulate you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking Cascarets today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address: Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

J. S. SCHOFIELD'S SONS COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS

High Pressure Return Tubular Boilers

Morison Internally Fired Boilers

High Grade Slide Valve Engines

Transmission Machinery

Heavy Castings

Wrought Iron and Steel Work

Tanks, Stacks and Stand Pipes

Heavy Pipe Work a Specialty

Address Machinery Department

MACON, GEORGIA.

"DOUGLAS"

\$3.50

SHOES

DELIVERED FREE!

"W. L. Douglas" charges 35c. express himself. We want you to have our big mail order catalogue, so make this extraordinary offer. Send \$3.50 and your size and we will send the style shoe you want—over 60 styles to pick from—delivered to you absolutely free, no matter where you are. Don't put up with small stocks when you have this large selection at your disposal. Just address

Blaeh's, Birmingham, Alabama.

Dropsy

CURED Gives Quick Relief.

Removes all swelling in 10 to

THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

VOL. XIII.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1904.

NO. 25

ROOSEVELT AND FAIRBANKS

Republican National Ticket Wins
by an Unprecedented
Majority.

ELECTORAL COLLEGE STANDS 343 TO 133

The Returns Indicate that the Democrats Have Carried
Only the Southern States, Losing Even Maryland
and Missouri.

President Roosevelt probably will have 343 electoral votes. The unofficial returns give a basis for this estimate, which, however, may be increased by 13 votes from Missouri, when the returns from that state shall have been completed, or on the other hand, may be decreased by seven votes when the count is completed in West Virginia. Both sides claim a victory in Missouri, where the republican state committee believes they have elected Walbridge for governor by 2,000 or 4,000, and have carried the state as well for Roosevelt. In West Virginia the returns have come in very slowly, but a republican victory is indicated.

A tabulated statement of the indicated results is as follows:

The Vote for President.

For Roosevelt:

State.	Estimated Plurality.	Electoral Vote.
Colorado	5,000	5
California	25,000	10
Connecticut	3,000	7
Delaware	2,500	3
Idaho	15,000	3
Illinois	150,000	27
Indiana	50,000	15
Iowa	125,000	13
Kansas	30,000	10
Maine	37,000	6
Maryland	1,000	8
Massachusetts	80,000	16
Michigan	100,000	14
Minnesota	100,000	11
Missouri	35,000	18
Montana	2,000	3
New Jersey	50,000	12
Nebraska	40,000	8
New Hampshire	20,000	4
Nevada	2,000	3
New York	185,000	39
North Dakota	25,000	4
Ohio	100,000	23
Oregon	30,000	4
Pennsylvania	300,000	34
Rhode Island	5,000	4
South Dakota	30,000	4
Utah	8,000	3
Vermont	30,000	4
West Virginia	10,000	7
Washington	30,000	5
Wisconsin	60,000	13
Wyoming	10,000	3

This gives Roosevelt a total of 243 electoral votes.

For Parker:

State.	Estimated Plurality.	Electoral Vote.
Alabama	37,500	11
Arkansas	40,000	9
Florida	18,000	5
Georgia	45,000	13
Kentucky	10,000	9
Louisiana	35,000	9
Mississippi	50,000	10
North Carolina	50,000	12
South Carolina	25,000	9
Tennessee	25,000	9
Texas	190,000	18
Virginia	25,000	12

This shows a total electoral vote of 133 for Parker.

At the Parker Home.

It might have been some other man's defeat for all the concern Judge Parker seemed to feel. Around him throughout the evening were the members of his family and their guests. The first news of the election was telephoned from Poughkeepsie, and showed a republican gain over the vote received by Bryan in 1900.

In the village of Esopus, there was general grief manifested by democrats at the discouraging character of the returns, but many had foreseen this as based on the returns for the village which Judge Parker had failed to carry by 14 votes. The bonfire prepared for the occasion was not lighted.

Judge Parker conceded the election of Roosevelt at 8:30 p. m. when he received a bulletin that the democratic national headquarters had admitted that every doubtful state had been carried by the republican national ticket. He appeared to be not at all downcast by the result, although it is known that he greatly deplored his overwhelming defeat in his own state. He received the discouraging news in his study, where he sat smoking with two of his neighbors. When asked if he had any statement to make, he pulled a telegraph blank toward him and wrote hastily for a moment. Then he said:

"I am going to send this telegram to President Roosevelt."

It was as follows:

"Rosemont, Esopus, N. Y., November 8, 8:30 p. m.—The President, Washington: The people, by their votes, have emphatically indorsed your administration, and I congratulate you."

"ALTON B. PARKER."

At that hour returns were indefinite and the judge declined to make an extended statement. He said his tele-

gram to the president conveyed everything about the situation that he knew, that the result was evident, even though details were lacking.

No More a Candidate.

President Roosevelt has issued a formal announcement that he would not be a candidate for re-election.

"I am deeply sensible of the honor done me by the American people thus expressing their confidence in what I have done and have tried to do. I appreciate to the fullest the solemn responsibility this confidence imposes upon me, and I shall do all that in my power lies not to forfeit it. On the 4th of March next I shall have served three and a half years, and this three and a half years constitutes my first term. The wise custom which limits the president to two terms regards the substance and not the form. Under no circumstances will I be a candidate for or accept another nomination."

How Roosevelt Received the News.

Surrounded by his family and a company of intimate personal friends, President Roosevelt received the news of his victory achieved at the polls of the American people.

The first information of a definite character was received while at dinner. The returns taken before then were in the nature of assurances that he had carried New York, his home state, by a plurality so large as to be really astounding. Bulletins from the newspapers of New York city were received conveying the welcome news. Soon after dinner a company of intimate friends of the president and Mrs. Roosevelt assembled in the parlors of the white house and extended their felicitations and congratulations to both of them on the result.

Shortly after 9 o'clock President Roosevelt received a personal telegram from his democratic opponent congratulating him on his election. The message from President Roosevelt was:

"I thank you for your congratulations."

At 9:30 p. m. several young ladies from the village joined the group in the study. They cheered the returns from Texas, which gave Judge Parker an increased vote over that received by Mr. Bryan in 1900, and said to the judge they believed he would win after all. The judge's laugh rang out above all the others.

In addition to the telegram received from Judge Parker, the white house telegraph force was deluged with congratulatory messages for the president from friends in every section of the country.

Beginning with the state of New York, which gives a republican plurality of approximately 185,000, the tale runs practically throughout the country, Kentucky alone showing democratic gains. Indiana is credited with at least 40,000 plurality, Iowa 125,000, and Pennsylvania heads the list as the banner republican state with the plurality of 225,000. And in the southern states the vote has been light. Georgia's democratic majority being only between 30,000 and 40,000. Nevada, which was carried by Mr. Bryan for years ago, is republican, and the indications are that Montana, Idaho and Colorado, also democratic in 1900, have gone back into the republican column. Delaware is estimated at about 5,000 republican, Massachusetts at about 90,000, and Connecticut, in which the more sanguine of the democratic leaders claimed to have had hopes, is about 25,000 for Roosevelt.

Theodore Roosevelt's plurality in his native state is second only to McKinley's 286,000 in 1896. It exceeds McKinley's in 1900 by about 41,500. The late returns show that there were cast for him about 135,000 votes more than for Parker.

Not only was his vote heavy in the country districts, where the republican strongholds are, but in Greater New York he ran much closer to Parker than had been expected even by his own campaign managers. It had been estimated that he would come down to the Bronx with better than 14,000 plurality, but the figures tonight showed that this forecast would be exceeded by approximately 85,000. In the city Parker's supporters had expressed hopes that their candidate would have from 140,000 to 160,000 more than Roosevelt, but in this they were disappointed by more than 100,000 votes.

The earlier counties to reach the city made it clear that the Parker vote everywhere fell below Bryan's in practically all the up-state districts. In Greater New York Parker's plurality was from 12,000 to 14,000 larger than Bryan's, but in the state his total vote fell 10,000 short of Bryan's. The small plurality for Parker in

New York city caused astonishment, the lowest preliminary ante-election estimates having figured that he would go to the Bronx with 100,000 or more. When the reports came in showing that he would lead Roosevelt by only 40,000, they were received with amazement. The Parker plurality in the city was 35,000 less than was given Herriek, democrat, for governor. In Brooklyn, the republican managers thought Parker might lead Roosevelt, but reports from all but thirty-seven districts give Roosevelt 424 plurality. There was surprise in the proportions of the vote for Higgins, republican, candidate for governor, he running far ahead of the Odell vote in the counties and winning by about 85,000. Herriek did not carry Albany, his home county, nor did Parker carry Ulster, in which he lived.

The latest returns from New York with some districts missing indicate pluralities of 168,791 for Roosevelt and about 74,000 for Higgins. Roosevelt had approximately 206,000 outside of the Greater New York, while Parker's plurality in the city is less than 38,000.

Leaders Tell How It Happened.

Cornelius N. Bliss, the treasurer of the republican national committee, said:

"The result is magnificent. In this state, and especially the people have always proven that they love justice and a square deal, and that they condemn the stand taken against the president, Cortelyou, Governor-elect Higgins and Governor Odell."

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, made the following statement:

"Of course I am very much surprised at the result. I do not attempt to account for it. Whatever may have been the cause, it will develop, and the party can deal with it."

"I sincerely regret the defeat of Judge Parker. He was in all respects a worthy candidate. As much can be said for Judge Herriek and his associates on the state ticket. They undoubtedly were the choice of the democracy, and their defeat is to be regretted for the sake of the country and the party more than for the candidates individually."

The banner state is Pennsylvania. Twenty-four hours after the polls closed the returns from this state indicated that Roosevelt's plurality would reach 455,000.

In Nebraska the definite announcement that the legislature is republican disposes of the statement that William J. Bryan had aspirations for a United States senatorship. In that state, too, the governorship is in doubt.

There is a curious situation in Minnesota, where Roosevelt secured 125,000 plurality, but where a democratic governor and republican lieutenant governor were elected. The election of a democratic governor is the second in the history of the state.

An hour after Parker arose Tuesday he was out on his farm seeing the plowing was properly done. Later he went for a horseback ride. On his return to Rosemont he spent the remainder of the morning in looking over letters and telegrams.

President Roosevelt has received the following cablegram from Emperor William:

"Neuse Palace, Nov. 9.

"President Roosevelt, U. S. A., Washington:

"Sincerest congratulations. May heaven give you prosperity. Tuum quod bonum felix faustumque sit populo Americano."

(Signed.) "WILLIAM, I. R."

A free translation of the Latin in the above cablegram is as follows:

"May your good administration be happy and prosperous to the American people."

The following telegrams were exchanged between the two chairmen of the national committees:

"Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 8.

"The Hon. George B. Cortelyou, New York:

"Accept congratulations."

"T. TAGGART."

"New York, Nov. 8.

"To Hon. Thomas Taggart, Indianapolis:

"I appreciate your congratulations."

"GEORGE B. CORTELYOU."

Chairman Babcock, of the republican congressional committee, has been returned to congress from Wisconsin, but chairman Cowherd, of the democratic congressional committee, was defeated in Missouri.

The situation in Colorado presents an interesting phase. Roosevelt has carried the state by probably 15,000, but the governorship is still in doubt, both sides claiming a victory.

Words of congratulation from Mrs. McKinley were conveyed to President Roosevelt in a telegram sent to the executive mansion. The message said:

"Accept my sincere congratulations."

"IDA S. MCKINLEY."

Mrs. McKinley received this from President Roosevelt in acknowledgment.

"I am deeply touched by your message and appreciate it more than any other message I have received."

The returns from Missouri, Maryland and West Virginia are awaited with great interest. The first is claimed by both sides, although it is generally conceded that Folk was elected governor by the democrats. The republican state committee, however, asserts that its figures indicate the election of Walbridge by more than 2,000, and claim the state for Roosevelt by 20,000. General belief at Wheeling is that Roosevelt carried West Virginia by more than 10,000, but the returns are meagre. Those

so far received show only slight republican losses. It is thought probable that the legislature will be republican in both branches. This body will elect a successor to Senator Scott.

Returns from Minnesota indicate the election of the democratic nominee for governor, Johnson, who ran especially well in the Scandinavian counties. His success, however, had no effect on the national ticket, which went to Roosevelt by 100,000. Some of the republican newspapers still claim that the state was not lost to their candidate, Dunn.

In Wisconsin, while the republican national ticket went through by a heavy majority, it is thought that a deadlock may occur over the choice of a successor to Senator Quarles.

Complete figures are lacking from Iowa, but those at hand indicate the success of the entire republican state ticket. While Colorado probably gave Roosevelt 10,000 plurality, the result as to the state ticket is in doubt. Scratched ballots were cast to the number of at least 40,000, and the counting was very slow.

On the Pacific coast republican success was general. In California, where Roosevelt's majority will be at least 50,000, the next legislature will be republican by a large majority. It will select a successor to Senator Bard.

Republican House.

Reports from Nebraska are incomplete as to the state ticket, and the election of Berg is claimed by the democratic state committee.

A feature of the returns from Missouri is the probable defeat of Representative Cowherd, chairman of the democratic national committee.

Indications are that the next house of representatives will be heavy republican. Dispatches so far received show that 202 congressmen have been elected by the republicans, against 138

plurality will be about 20,000. The returns are coming in slowly on account of the extreme length of the ballot.

GEORGIA.

Returns from the remote counties of Georgia are coming in slowly, but there seems no reason so far to change the result announced before of a total vote of about 90,000 with a democratic majority for the presidential ticket of 40,000.

IDAH0.

Eighty-three precincts out of 482 in the state give Roosevelt 8,005; Parker, 3,191. Only twelve of twenty-one counties are represented in the returns so far. A plurality of 25,000 for Roosevelt seems to be indicated by returns at hand.

ILLINOIS.

Roosevelt and Fairbanks carried Illinois by a plurality estimated at 225,000. It is certain that 21 and possibly 23 of the 25 republican candidates for congress have been elected. Returns from many counties are still incomplete, but nearly every telegram only serves to show the republican victory more sweeping. Roosevelt's plurality in the city of Chicago alone was 103,318, and the returns from Cook county outside of the city will probably increase that by 12,000 or 15,000.

Next to President Roosevelt's record-breaking vote, the socialist's poll for Eugene V. Debs was a feature of the election in Chicago. Mr. Debs polled a total of 41,595 votes in the city, against 5,115 cast for him in 1900.

INDIANA.

Latest figures from all counties in the state give Indiana to the republicans by probably 60,000. The republicans gain two congressmen, defeating Congressmen Myers and Robison in the Second and Twelfth districts. Many counties went republican for

has been elected by about 800. The majority of the state republican ticket is elected and the next legislature, which is to elect a successor to United States Senator Gibson, will be republican.

NEBRASKA.

The only part of the republican victory in Nebraska left in doubt is that of governor. Roosevelt's plurality is estimated at between 60,000 and 70,000.

NEVADA.

Incomplete returns indicate a complete republican victory, with congressmen only in doubt. Roosevelt's estimated plurality will exceed 2,000.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Roosevelt carried the state against Parker by about 20,000 plurality, while McLane, republican, defeated Hollis, democrat, for governor by about 15,000.

NEW JERSEY.

Roosevelt's plurality will reach 60,000, and Stokes, the republican candidate for governor, has defeated Black, democrat, by at least 40,000. Representation in congress from this state will be nine republicans and one democrat.

OHIO.

Revised returns show that while the republican plurality on the national ticket in Ohio is approximately 230,000, that it is about 30,000 less on the state ticket.

RHODE ISLAND.

Roosevelt carried the state by about 16,000. The republicans also elected their state ticket and obtained an increased majority in the legislature.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Returns are slow, but later figures corroborate the estimate of 40,000 majority for Roosevelt.

TENNESSEE.

Incomplete returns show that the democratic ticket has been elected in this state, but by reduced plurality. Frazier has been elected governor by a plurality of between 15,000 and 20,000.

UTAH.

It is safe to say Roosevelt has carried the state by a plurality of over 12,000. The state ticket is still in doubt, although the chance favors the election of the republican ticket throughout. This uncertainty is due to the amazing strength developed in Salt Lake City and county by the American party, which is fighting alleged Mormon church domination in both old parties.

WISCONSIN.

While the election returns in Wisconsin are far from being complete, estimates give Roosevelt and Fairbanks over 75,000 plurality. Democratic candidate for governor, George W. Peck, concedes his defeat. The legislature will be largely republican.

Sir William Ramsay, the famous English chemist, says our manufacturers are not alert in taking advantage of scientific discoveries, the Baltimore American states. Germany, he asserts, takes the lead in applying a knowledge of chemistry and in adapting the discovery of new natural forces to useful purposes.

Few people realize how short the life of an average book is, and how much shorter it is getting, says the Book Monthly. Fifteen years ago you could count on its existence for two or three years. Now three books out of four are almost dead as mutton in three months. This is almost as noticeable in general literature as in fiction.

For the last ten years the novel in France has been almost purely social—studies of classes, developments or states of society rather than narrations of passions or adventure, the London (Eng.) Times states. And quite of late, under the influence of M. Anatole France, the novel in the hands of the younger men has become philosophical, fantastic and erudite. But the psychological novel, of which we heard so much some few years ago, is dead as a door nail.

The statement is reiterated that Nelson's flag (that borne on his ship Victory) was buried with him, as is the custom of both navy and military heroes. If it be true, all our childish recollections must be placed in the vault with the man of Trafalgar the sailors present tore it into shreds to keep as relics. That act, committed by others, would have been regarded as a gross outrage; but the motive of the sailors justified it. Why try to rob history of one of its finest incidents? asks the New York Press.

Health officials in various places are making efforts to bring about more thorough methods of cleaning and disinfecting passenger cars on railroad lines, states the New York Tribune. No doubt, as a rule, the most celebrated and most popular of the great companies take considerable pains to lessen the chance that their patrons may become infected by disease while travelling in their cars, but sanitarians are inclined to believe that there is a great deal of room for improvement in such matters on many railroads.

MARYLAND.

Complete returns from twenty-four wards of Baltimore give Parker 47,976 votes and Roosevelt 47,494, a democratic plurality of 482. Returns from several counties are still incomplete, but there is no doubt that the state has gone republican by a small majority. Republican State Chairman Hanna claims that the republican majority will be 2,000. In the six congressional districts of the state three republicans and two democrats are elected, with the remaining district in doubt.

MINNESOTA.

While returns from the state are far from complete, there is sufficient information at hand to justify the estimate of 100,000 plurality for Roosevelt. The gubernatorial result is still in doubt, both sides claiming to have elected their candidate.

MONTANA.

Roosevelt has carried Montana by 7,200. Governor Toole (democrat)

YARDS FOR REPAIRS.

Private Concerns Can Build War Vessels Cheaper Than Government.

Although recognizing the desirability of having some of the government yards equipped for building naval vessels of the largest size, Rear Admiral W. L. Capps, chief constructor of the navy, in his annual report says that "the repairing and overhauling of the fleet must at all times remain the most important work of the navy yards and in times of war their resources will be taxed to the utmost in performing such work. The navy is increasing so rapidly that ample work will be provided for the navy yards by the repairs and refits alone."

Of the work on the battleship Connecticut, building at the New York yards, the chief constructor says that despite every effort to reduce the cost of this, the first battleship to be constructed in a government navy yard, to the most economical basis, "it can hardly be hoped that the work will be done as cheaply as when performed in private shipbuilding yards, whose rates of pay for nine hours' work are, in many cases, less than those being paid for eight hours' work at the navy yard in New York."

ANNUAL REPORT

Issued by the Auditor of the Post-office Department.

The annual report of the auditor for the postoffice department shows that the fiscal business transacted through the postal and money order branches of the department during the last year was:

Revenue of the postal service, \$143,582,624.
Expenditures of the postal service, \$152,362,116.
Total amount of money orders issued: Domestic, \$383,452,373; foreign, \$37,875,265.
Total amount of money orders paid: Domestic, \$385,100,020; foreign, \$6,714,846.
The deficit in the postal revenues, therefore, was \$3,579,492.

New Machine Shops.

The new machine shops of Strickland Bros. at Tuscaloosa is nearing completion, and will be in operation in a few days. The building is of brick, being 50x200 feet, and has a spur track from the Mobile and Ohio. It is being fitted up with the latest improved machinery and also has a fifteen-ton electric crane.

Over Thirty Thousand.

A corrected casualty list of the ten day battle of the Shakkie river issued by the war office places the total killed or wounded at 33,250, of whom 900 were officers. The first returns, it is explained, contained duplications, and some of the men were so slightly wounded that they returned to their ranks in a few days.

Coming Home.

Telegrams received from Bishop Charles B. Galloway announce his safe arrival at Vancouver, and that he will arrive in Jackson, Miss., in about a week. The bishop has been holding conferences in Japan, China and other oriental countries the past three or four months.

Orphanage.

The trustees of the Methodist orphanage, which it is expected to be moved from Water Valley to Jackson, Miss., and for which the required bonus of \$10,000 was raised in a few days, have been to Jackson looking over the field with a view to the selection of a site.

Austria Pleased.

Emperor Francis Joseph has telegraphed to President Roosevelt his congratulations on the latter's electoral victory.

Hand Injured.

Erle Townsend, a young man about 23 years of age, happened to a very painful accident at Sylvan. He was engaged in adjusting a rip-saw and in some way his hand got too near the saw and was pulled in, and before he could extract it several of his fingers were cut off and his hand badly lacerated.

Japanese Colony Going to Florida.

Five Japanese, the advance guard of a colony of forty or fifty families, are on the way to Dade, Fla., where they intend to cultivate 67,000 acres of land. The colony will raise silk, cotton, tobacco and pineapples and experiment with them.

Mrs. Cleveland Acted.

Mrs. Grover Cleveland performed the ceremony of laying the cornerstone of the new building of the Hebrew technical school for girls in New York. Former President Cleveland acted as presiding officer of the exercises and delivered an address.

New Mileage.

The year now drawing to a close will show between 180 and 200 miles of new railroad completed in Mississippi, which is the largest amount ever constructed within an annual period in the history of the state.

New Court Houses.

There is now being spent on new court houses in Mississippi no less than a half million dollars.



THEODORE ROOSEVELT

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
 One copy one year, \$1.00
 One copy six months, .50
 One copy three months, .25

Entered at the postoffice at Columbiana, Ala., as second-class mail matter

Columbiana, Ala., Nov. 17, 1904.

A Glorious Victory.

As the smoke of battle clears away it is profitable for us to retrospect as well as to prospect. A glorious victory has been won by the laboring people of Shelby county, of which they ought to be proud; nearly all the lawyers, doctors, merchants and preachers were for the democratic ticket, but truth, justice, right and fairness was on the other side, and this should make us feel proud indeed of our magnificent victory. The fight was made against great odds, the democrats had speakers from a distance to canvass the county in the interest of the local ticket. Money flowed like water, and democratic boodlers didn't hesitate to say that they had no fear of the law; such disgraceful scenes were never before witnessed in Shelby county. Every man who would sell, was bought, regardless of the price, and this was done with brazen-faced audacity. But we are proud to state that a majority of the white men of Shelby county are not for sale, and the co-operative ticket has been elected by the honest unpurchasable vote of Shelby county.

The men elected are all splendid specimens of American manhood, intelligent, capable and honest.

Judge Longshore has served the county for the past six years as Probate Judge and has given perfect satisfaction to the whole people except a few demagogues and would-be office holders.

John S. Pitts has served the people eight years as Tax Assessor, and has made a model officer, and is one of the best Assessors in the whole State.

Messrs. Dyke, Brasher, Harrison and Dorrough, while they have no experience, are all men of education and intelligence, and will serve the county with honor to themselves and credit to the party.

Messrs. Shaw and Dykes, the newly elected commissioners, have considerable experience, having served the county for a number of years. They are both splendid men of fine character, and will continue to serve the people with ability as in the past.

Mr. Atchison, the newly elected Coroner, is a competent man for the place, and as soon as he gets his bond made will be ready to hold an inquest over the democratic party in Shelby county.

The Justice of the Peace elected on the 8th of November in the various beats need no comment, as we know they will do justice and right towards their fellow-man.

The Advocate desires to thank the campaign committee for their splendid work, and to thank the people of Shelby county for standing so loyally to the co-operative ticket. Let us all now turn our eyes to the future, and with energy and determination, build up all the material interest of the county.

When the Tax Collector comes to your beat go to him and pay your poll tax. He will not ask you for it, as he is not allowed to do so under the law. The poll tax is separate from your State and County taxes.

The democrats in the Southern States are figuring on running a man in the South for President in 1908—a long time off yet.

The price of iron is going up every day, and no doubt it will reach the twenty dollar mark before many months.

The cotton crop in this county is nearly all picked, but not all sold. The farmers are holding for better prices.

We had a light fall of snow early Sunday morning, but it melted nearly as fast as it fell.

And the democrats in this county are snowed under, and will remain that way.

Keep your poll tax paid up, it is important.



JUDGE A. P. LONGSHORE,

Who Was Triumphant Elected Probate Judge.

As a result of the election November 8th, Judge Adolphus P. Longshore will again fill the chair as Probate Judge for Shelby county. A return of Judge Longshore to this responsible position is evidence of the fact that despite the many charges and false accusations brought against him in the recent campaign, the people approved his administration for the past six years, and as an evidence of the approval, by their suffrage have said for him to serve in this capacity for another six years. The election of Judge Longshore again does not confirm the charges made by the opposition that his administration has been a flat failure, but it shows that the people are satisfied with his acts during his administration. As is well known to all, the opposition to Judge Longshore in Shelby has been terrific since he has been in the county, and not one stone has been left unturned by the opposition to defeat him with the people. This might be said of Judge Longshore's supporters—that no stone has been left unturned to aid his re-election. As well as a continuation of financial prosperity, a recognition of the rights of the people is guaranteed by the election of Judge Longshore and his ticket. First of all, this should be regarded—the rights of the people—and then the prosperity of our county, which has increased and flourished during the past six years.

The People Should Rule and Not the Bosses.

To the Voters of Shelby County:

Please allow me space in your paper to say a few words to the voters of Shelby county: The contest just ended was the most memorable in the history of old Shelby, and the victory won was against the combined power and prestige of the democratic party with all of its wonderful resources. It was a fight of the plain working people against organized greed and predatory wealth; and I desire for myself and those who ran on the ticket with me to thank the farmers, miners and laboring people generally for their loyal support and unselfish work in behalf of the co-operative ticket. I regret to state that with few exceptions, the lawyers, doctors and merchants, championed the democratic cause, and the merchants of Willsboro went so far as to close their stores in order to do more effectual work against a ticket composed almost exclusively of farmers. I shall in the future continue the same policy as in the past, build good bridges whenever necessary, and construct new roads and build up the old ones as fast as possible, until we have as good roads as any county in the State. Good churches, good schools and good roads tend to build up the material interest of any county, and it shall be my constant aim to elevate and enoble our citizenship in every way possible. I am proud to be able to state that I have never seen any reason to change my principles; I believe now as I did twenty years ago when I came to Shelby county, that the people should rule and not the bosses; that the officers should be the servants of the people and not their masters, and this principle should apply to the National affairs as well as the county's. We have the most glorious country ever fashioned by the Almighty, rich in material resources, and yet the wealth of this country is being concentrated in the hands of a few. All over this land from sea to sea, the legions of honest toilers go forth in the morning to conquer the forces of nature and produce the vast wealth of this country. Does it stay in the homes of the working men who toil for it? It does not. All the vast wealth of the mines and all the industries of the land, less the amount that is necessary to feed and clothe the laborer, goes into the hands of the men who never did an honest day's work in their lives. This is all wrong, those who produce the wealth should have their just share of it, and the platform of the Populist Party is the only one that demands such a distribution of the wealth of the country. Let us all stand true to the principles of our party and work for the advancement of them into law, and when that is done our country will blossom as the rose, and equal and exact justice will be done to all men.

A. P. LONGSHORE.

The voters of the county are on the right side.

The democratic party in this county is dead and delivered.

The playing of football is all the go now with the college boys.

We learn from good authority that Columbiana will soon have an electric light plant. Let the good work go on.

In another column will be found an article from Hon. Harvey Jordan, of Monticello, Ga., President of the Southern Cotton Growers' Protective Association, in which he advises the farmers to hold their cotton for 12 cents.

Shelby county has some mighty smart (?) imported politicians.

The democrats in this county have gone away back and sat down.

Columbiana needs more dwelling houses—not a one vacant and none likely to be.

The people of Shelby county deserve much credit for their victory in the recent campaign.

Sixteen to one was the way the democrats got the negro vote in this county on November the 8th.

The Populist and Republicans are on top in this county and will remain that way for awhile any way.

HOLD TO COTTON JORDAN'S ADVICE.

Says 12 Cents Per Pound Can Easily Be Realized if Farmers Will Continue to Hold Their Crop and Wait.

Macon, Ga., November 13.—Hon. Harvey Jordan, of Monticello, Ga., president of the Southern Cotton Growers' Protective Association, has issued an address to the cotton producers of the south in which he says, among other things:

"The producers are to be congratulated for the firm stand they have already taken to market the crop slowly, and that fact alone has prevented the price from falling to 3 cents during the month of October.

"The crop is about gathered, debts generally are paid, and it is no longer absolutely necessary to sell the balance of the crop.

"The ginners' recently issued from the United States census bureau, indicate that up to October 18 only 6,400,000 bales of cotton had been ginned.

"This report clearly indicates that this crop will not exceed 11,000,000 bales, if it reaches that figure. The spinners can well afford to pay the producers 12 cents per pound for every bale of American short staple cotton made this season and do a profitable business for the stockholders.

"The price of yarns has advanced 3 cents per pound within the past sixty days and an unprecedented demand for cotton goods exists, while stocks generally are lower than they have been for the past twenty years.

"The duty of the producers is plain and simple. They have crowded the markets for the past two months, congesting every facility for handling cotton and playing into the hands of the bear speculators and spinners.

GIVE MARKETS REST.

"The thing to do now is to give the markets and shippers a rest during the next sixty days and allow present stocks of spot cotton to be gotten out of the way.

"Let the spinners who are living from hand to mouth run short of cotton and force them into the markets as active buyers. Let the bear speculators begin to feel the lash of the bull operators, when the latter call for the deliveries of spot cotton which the former will be unable to deliver.

"Let every holder of cotton absolutely stop selling and sit down at home and quietly contemplate results. Let each holder put no more cotton on the market until prices advance and never sell a bale on a depressed market.

"Let county meetings be held all over the belt and strong and active steps be taken to defend this most valuable agricultural product from the rapacious greed of the selfish speculator.

"Let every man who still holds a bale of cotton in his possession join in these county or local meetings and agitate the importance of this step among his neighbors, to the end that success in the near future may be assured. We have held our own well so far, but we can do much better and easily advance the price from 2 to 3 cents by persistently refusing to sell and tightening up present receipts.

"We fixed our minimum at 10 cents for this season and maintained the price within half a cent of that figure through October, the harvest month.

"Now let the price be fixed at 12 cents for the remainder of the crop and the world will accept it at that price, which will mean an additional gain of nearly \$50,000,000.

"A determined stand will bring victory."

PROCLAMATION.

Calls on People of Alabama to Observe Thanksgiving Day.

From the Advertiser Nov. 13th.

Acting Governor Cunningham yesterday issued the customary proclamation setting apart Thursday, November 24, as a day of thanksgiving in Alabama.

The proclamation was as follows:

"A PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR."

"In accordance with usage and custom, and in obedience to the religious spirit of our people, and in acknowledgment of our obligations and gratitude to Almighty God, I, R. M. Cunningham, Lieutenant and Acting Governor of the State of Alabama, hereby designate Thursday, November 24, 1904, that being the day appointed by the President of the United States, as a day of thanksgiving.

"On this day I earnestly recommend that labor in all avocations cease, and that it be observed as a day of thanksgiving, benevolence, goodwill, and in moral and lawful enjoyment.

"Let us assemble in our respective places of worship, or at our family altars and as a people, and as families and individuals acknowledge our obligations to God, and express our thanks for His good providence in blessing our efforts to provide for the necessities of life, for our good health and intellectual and moral progress and for His protection from famine, pestilence and all general disaster.

You are Looking for Goods and Prices! We are Looking for Business and Trade!

IF YOU WILL CALL ON US THERE WILL BE BUSINESS DONE THAT WILL BENEFIT YOU.

For Fancy Groceries, Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls, Mixed Feed, Can Goods, Breakfast Foods,

Fresh Fish, Fresh Oysters, Fresh Sausage, Candies, Cakes, Fruits and All Kind of

Table Luxuries, We can Give You at Exceeding Low Prices!

TRY THE CELEBRATED RAVEN FLOUR AND WHITE LILY

WE ALSO HANDLE SEVERAL OTHER BRANDS OF FLOUR.

Your Produce Will be Bought at Highest Market Prices.

The goods sold you are guaranteed to be fresh and all right, and we mean by this that your money will be refunded if the goods are not just as they are represented!

COME TO SEE US BEFORE BUYING.

GOODS DELIVERED IN TOWN FREE.

ROBERTS & ROBERTSON.

Successor to J. R. White.

THE PEOPLES STORE.

Now is the time to buy a Suit of Clothes.

Grand Clearance Sale Beginning November 10th. Everything in

CLOTHING

WILL BE SOLD AT NEW YORK COST.

Call and be Convinced.

R. W. CALLAWAY, MANAGER.

Columbiana, Ala.

forts to provide an abundance of the necessities of life, for our good health and intellectual and moral progress and for His protection from famine, pestilence and all general disaster.

"On that day let us thank God that there are so few examples of real poverty and distress in our State, and let us remember those who are in want or distress, with donations from our abundance, and with sympathy and encouragement. "Let us examine ourselves and if we have not fully discharged our duty to God, our neighbors, our State and our country, let us resolve to do better in the future to the honor and glory of God, to the help and happiness of our people and to the moral, intellectual and industrial growth of our State.

"Witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed at the capitol, in the city of Montgomery, on this the 12th day of November, 1904.

"R. M. CUNNINGHAM, Lieutenant and Acting Governor. "By the Governor: "E. R. McDAVID, Secretary of State."

NOT A SICK DAY SINCE.

"I was taken severely sick with kidney trouble. I tried all sorts of medicines, none of which relieved me. One day I saw an ad. of your Electric Bitts and determined to try that. After taking a few doses I felt relieved, and have not seen a sick day since. Neighbors of mine have been cured of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver and Kidney troubles and General Debility." This is what B. F. Bass, of Prentiss, N. C., writes. Only 50c. at Latham Drug Co., and Williams Bros.

It must be lots of fun to be so rich you don't have to spend a cent to prove it.

Annual Reunion United Confederate Veterans, Mobile, Ala.

On account of the above occasion the Southern Railway will sell tickets to Mobile, Ala., at extremely low rates for the round trip. Tickets will be sold November 14th and 15, good returning until November 18th, 1904. For full information and tickets apply to any agent of the Southern Railway, or address,

J. N. HARRISON, District Passenger Agent, Birmingham, Ala.

WANTED.

Special Representative in this country and adjoining territories, to represent and advertise an old established business house of solid financial standing. Salary \$21 weekly, with Expenses advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary; position permanent. Address Blew Bros. & Co., Dept. A, Monon Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Remember These Words.

The following words of Tom Watson should be read and re read until their full bearing upon the present conditions is comprehended:

"If history teaches anything it is that reform does not come within the old institutions. The new wine of reform rarely fares well in the old bottles of political institutions. Generally, the fight is done from the outside, (and if I had the time I could give you historical instance after instance to that effect. But coming at once to our own country, every reform that has ever been accomplished in America was done by a new party fighting from the outside. Jefferson organized a new party and fought the old one from the outside, and accomplished his reform. Jackson revolted against the caucus nomination of George W. Crawford, of Georgia—the only other Georgian who was ever nominated for the presidency. Jackson revolted against it, formed a third party, and the name democrat never did come to the party until Jackson himself formed that third party movement to fight the regular caucus nominee.

"Again, the John C. Fremont party was a new and a third party. Both the old parties had been playing politics with the question of slavery. The Lovejoys, the Philpenses, the Garrisons got tired of having politics played with the sacred principles of liberty, and they formed a new party and put John C. Fremont at the head of it. Did they expect him to be elected the first time? Hardly so but they were tired of waiting on the old parties which had deceived them so often.

Was the work of Garrison thrown away? Was the work of Phillips thrown away? Every student knows that John C. Fremont pedestal upon which towers in immortality the figures of Abraham Lincoln.

"Every reform in France, every reform in Germany, every reform in Great Britain, every reform in America has been forced upon the governing bodies by pressure of outside and independent movements.

FOR SALE.

One house and lot on East College street, located near School building. Terms cash, price reasonable. Apply to Advocate office.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 19, 1904.

No. 22	No. 16	STATIONS.	No. 15	No. 21
7:00pm	8:00am	lv. Mobile. ar	7:55pm	
11:00am	5:00pm	lv. Selma. ar	11:25pm	
1:30am	10:30pm	ar Birmingham	1:20am	
9:40am		ar Chattanooga	9:20am	
11:00pm		ar Knoxville	11:00pm	
5:40pm		ar Bristol	5:20pm	
6:00pm		ar Asheville	6:00pm	
11:00am		ar Lynchburg	11:00am	
6:50am		ar Washington	6:50am	
12:43pm		ar N. York	12:43pm	

No. 22 and 21 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville, Birmingham and New York. Cafe cars served meals en route.

Social and Local News.

County court will be in session next week.

Dr. C. T. Acker is in St. Louis on business.

C. A. Glaze, of beat 10, was in town Tuesday.

Dr. J. H. Gunn, of Calera, was in town Tuesday.

George Porter, of Calera, was in the city Tuesday.

See Commissioner's sale in this issue of the Advocate.

W. W. Wallace spent Sunday up at Klein with relatives.

E. L. Fulton, Jr., of Saginaw, was in town last Friday.

Mrs. T. Wood visited relatives in Birmingham Monday.

Prof. John W. Moore, of Weldon, was in town Tuesday.

A. P. R. Dahl, of Calera, was in town Monday on business.

W. A. Parker spent Sunday in Birmingham with relatives.

James M. Allen, of Quito, was in town Friday and Saturday.

Miss Mae High spent Sunday in Montgomery with relatives.

J. L. Peters spent Sunday in Montevallo with his children.

Mrs. J. S. Pitts is visiting relatives in Birmingham this week.

Mrs. W. F. Davis is visiting relatives and friends in Birmingham.

Will Cameron, of Selma, is visiting relatives near here for a few days.

Miss Driscoll Vincent, of Vincent, is visiting the family of J. S. Pitts.

Miss Gertrude Glazener spent Sunday up at Harpersville with friends.

Mrs. Harry Roberts visited relatives in Montevallo Sunday and Monday.

Joe Nelson and C. R. Kirk spent a part of Sunday and Monday in Anniston.

Andrew Richardson and family, of Irondale, visited relatives here this week.

W. H. Pledger, of Pelham, was among the many visitors in town last Friday.

Miss Rossie Christian visited relatives at Shelby Tuesday and Wednesday.

Clarence Smith, of Wilsonville, spent Sunday afternoon in the city with friends.

A social entertainment was given at the residence of Ed Strickland Friday night.

Mrs. Wm. Abercrombie, of Leeds, is in the city visiting her son, J. K. Abercrombie, Esq.

Mrs. Sam Goldberg, of Talladega, visited relatives in the city a few days this week.

Rev. G. T. Harris preached two interesting sermons at the Methodist church Sunday.

Mrs. W. A. Parker is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. R. Beavers, in Birmingham this week.

Mrs. John Edwards, of Birmingham, visited the family of Mrs. M. E. Mason this week.

J. T. Barnett and wife spent a few days in Birmingham this week with relatives and friends.

Mrs. J. R. Hill and children, of Gulf Port, Miss., visited the family of W. G. Parker last week.

There was a large crowd in town last Friday to witness the final count of the election returns.

J. S. Carden has gone to Montevallo to work as agent for the Southern Railway for a few days.

J. S. Hartsfield, of beat 9, was in town Monday and while here subscribed for the Advocate for one year.

W. J. Nichols and family and D. G. Sullivan and family left Tuesday for Wren, Miss., their future home.

Simon Friedberger and family moved Monday to the new residence of J. W. Mason on Depot street.

Tom Norris, day operator at Wilton, spent a part of Saturday and Sunday in the city with his parents.

Rufus Lester is in St. Louis attending the World's Fair. He expects to visit the Mammoth Cave before he returns home.

We have a communication from beat 16, Helena and Dunnivant that is crowded out this week, but will appear in our next issue.

The Hammond Millinery Co. are showing entirely new goods. They do an up to date business in an up-to-date way. All parties near Longview will do well to call on our agent, Mrs. J. L. Redding at Longview, where we show a line of millinery.

Hammond Millinery Co.

D. R. McMillan spent Tuesday in Birmingham.

Sheriff Cox made a business trip to Birmingham Monday.

"Betsy Hamilton" at the College Hall last Friday night was a success and enjoyed by all present.

Mrs. S. V. McCauley, who has been in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. E. Whitaker, returned to her home in Montevallo Sunday.

Mr. Wright, better known as "Uncle Mat," of Texas, is here on a visit to his daughter, Mrs. J. C. Croley, who lives in the Kingdom neighborhood. Mr. Wright has been in Texas for fourteen years.

Quite a crowd of our young people enjoyed themselves at the residence of Rev. C. W. O'Hara last Thursday night. Refreshments were served during the evening, which added much to the occasion.

Several of our friends out in the country will leave in a few days for Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi, their future homes, but they will all come back in the course of only a few months to make old Shelby their home again.

Dr. Brunk from Selma, will make regular visits to Montevallo the first Thursday of each month, and Columbia the following Friday and Saturday, to see Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat cases. Office with Dr. Wilkinson at Montevallo, and with Dr. W. F. Hamner at Columbia. Next visit November 3, 4 and 5.

County Court Jurors.

The following is a list of petit jurors drawn to serve at the fall term of County Court, which convenes on November 21, 1904:

Ben F. Cunningham, J. S. Butler, Charles Ambrose, J. S. Walton, J. W. McMillan, T. H. Walton, Tom Worth, J. D. Davis, John Stephens, A. W. Albright, J. M. Bishop, W. J. Gassaway, W. A. Cost, E. B. Brasher, George Crampton, D. V. Lee, J. C. Brasher, G. W. Roy, W. D. Lacey, W. M. Davis, J. C. Elliott, H. B. Nabors, G. H. Harless, R. T. Gillam.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are becoming a favorite for stomach troubles and constipation. For sale by Williams Bros.

Vincent.

Vincent, Ala., Nov. 10, 1904.—Mr. Editor, from present indications there will have to be several funerals preached in Beat 16 this week. It seems to me that I never witnessed so many deathly looks in life before as I did last Wednesday after the election on Tuesday among the democrats in Vincent. They looked as though they had buried their last and best friend, and they were expecting every moment for the death angel to seize them.

On Tuesday the 8th and Tuesday night they were the jolliest you ever saw. They seemed to think they had the United States by the tail and a down hill pull, especially Shelby county. They whistled, sang and danced, and said, haven't we done our part. We haven't left out one word that was necessary to say, and I guess they said too much, are the words said did not have its intended effect; thank God people of our land have been fed on promises long enough, they want bread and meat and honest legislation instead of promises.

We Populist up in this little corner being few in number, had to be quiet on the 8th and night following, but take care, the next day the tide had changed and we was on top waving high our banners, and thank God for having led us a right; where he leads I will follow, in doubt and gloom; we hear him say, well done.

There has been some slang used by some of the democrats. They went far enough to say that all white men, honest and upright, would sure vote a democratic ticket. But I am quite sure we Populist and Republicans stand on about as high a plain as do some of them. What hurts them so bad is losing their money, McMillan, Parker and all the rest after making such a big to do the night after the election. Some of them were singing in Vincent the old tune, "there will no sorrow there, and there will be no Longshore there; in the courts above where all is love there will be no Longshore there." But the next morning the democrats were huddling around and saying, "we are gone, gone, gone world without end, never to revive again," and their faces were as long as a mules head, and pale and wrinkly. Falkner is a nice little man; he was there and looked like he had been to a burying, and I feel sure he had, for I think the democratic party is dead and was buried on the 8th day of November never to be resurrected any more.

POPULIST FROM BEAT 16.

ONLY MAKES A BAD MATTER WORSE.

Perhaps you have never thought of it but the fact must be apparent to every one that constipation is caused by a lack of water in the system, and the use of drastic cathartics like the old fashioned pills only makes a bad matter worse. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are much more mild and gentle in their effect, and when the proper dose is taken their action is so natural that one can hardly realize it is the effect of a medicine. Try a 25 cent bottle of them. For sale by Williams Bros.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is pleasant to take.

The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. Mr. W. L. Roderick, of Poolesville, Md., in speaking of this remedy, says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with my children for several years and can truthfully say it is the best preparation of the kind I know of. The children like to take it and it has no injurious after effect. For sale by Williams Bros.

Strelby County Division.

Protection at Home for Widows and Orphans.

Cost members last year only \$5.45 per \$1,000.

Officers: Dr. B. H. Smothers President, Wilsonville, Ala.; W. L. Farley, Cashier, Columbia; Williams Bros. Secretary and Treasurer.

Directors: Dr. O. E. Blank, Dr. B. H. Smothers, J. F. Avery, N. W. Abbott, E. S. Horton, W. B. Morgan, Dr. J. R. Morgan, M. W. Hornsby, Dr. H. B. Lane, Dr. J. C. Walker, Dr. C. C. Oliver, Dr. Horton.

We, the undersigned endorse and recommend the Shelby County Division of The Mutual Life Industrial Association of Georgia, as being the safest, cheapest and best insurance offered. The people should encourage and patronize a home institution:

W. L. Farley, H. B. Lane, M. D., Prof. G. B. Forey, J. L. Peters, C. W. Acker, M. D., D. R. McMillan, C. W. O'Hara, M. L. Wooten, C. J. Rabson, Jas. N. Thornton, T. M. Nelson, J. F. Avery, Dr. B. H. Smothers.

F. E. Adams, J. D. Grimes, L. R. Kendrick, Rev. G. W. Crampton, Dr. W. S. Dukes.

Several agents at work. From present indications the above Division will have 1000 members in the near future.

Reliable men wanted to represent this popular Company. Apply to T. A. LEATHERS, Division Agent, Columbia, Ala.

FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

NEW WAY OF USING CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

Mr. Arthur Chapman writing from Durban, Natal, South Africa, says: "As a proof that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a cure suitable for old and young, I pen you the following: A neighbor of mine had a child just over two months old. It had a very bad cough and the parents did not know what to give it. I suggested that if they would get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and put some upon the dummy test the baby was sucking it would no doubt cure the child. This they did and brought about a quick relief and cured the baby. This remedy is for sale by Williams Bros.

It takes a woman to trust what is not to be trusted just because she wants to.

Dr. W. Hamner, Dentist Columbia, Ala. Office at residence near L. & N. Depot. Phone No. 47.

DOESN'T RESPECT OLD AGE.

It's shameful when youth fails to show proper respect for old age, but just the contrary in the case of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They cut off malady no matter how severe and irrespective of old age. Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Fever, Constipation all yield to this perfect Pill. 25c, at Latham Drug Co., and Williams Bros.

FOR SALE—93 acres of land with five room house on same, good well of water and also fine spring. In sight of school house, will sell for \$600.00; part of land in cultivation. Come at once if you want a bargain. C. B. ELLIOTT, Columbia, Ala.

Dargin.

J. E. Dykes and wife passed through our town Sunday.

R. C. Naish went to Columbiana last Friday.

Elijah Fulton, of Ganadarque, passed through Friday en route to Columbiana.

Our Literary school opened last Wednesday with Prof. W. H. Bird as principal.

We have been informed that Mr. John Murphy is selling out to go to Louisiana.

J. M. Collins is having his house repaired.

Alonzo M. Teague visited relatives in our town Sunday.

Well the election is over and a thing of the past, and the first thing in order is to say, "Hurray" for the Populist and Republican ticket, still we will congratulate the democrats for running so close by.

We certainly sympathize with the defeated candidates, and we would say to the lucky ones if you meet a brother (though) he be a defeated democrat that is weeping, remember the injunction given in the Holy Bible to rejoice with those that do rejoice and weep with those that do weep.

Now fellow citizens let's all come together in one common cause and that for the upbuilding of our county. Let us make this the banner county of the state, let not political difference keep us from doing our duty as citizens of this grand old county of ours.

We also want to congratulate the Populist and Republican one and all for the noble manner in which they stood by the candidates of their choice in the thickest of the fight, while a few that claimed to be true Populist and Republican turned traitor when the final test came, still we won without their aid, and as deserters were treated in time of war so will they be treated in time of peace. The difference in treatment is, that in war they were shot and in peace they are branded, so they lose the confidence of all parties.

BUFFALO BILL & CO.

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Creswell.

At the election here last Tuesday the co-operative ticket received 18 majority.

S. H. Wallace, of Columbiana, was here last Monday.

L. H. and E. M. Cosper, G. W. and E. E. Wallis, T. W. Coleman, I. H. Green, W. W. and J. R. Fourmay all start to Mississippi in about a week their future home.

Mrs. L. H. and E. M. Cosper were in the city a short while last Thursday.

Dr. A. E. McGraw, of Vincent, was here Thursday on business.

Mrs. I. H. Green made a flying trip to Childersburg Thursday.

Rev. R. R. Brasher moved to Vincent last Friday where he expects to enter school.

Willie Glaze was in Childersburg a few hours Thursday.

With this issue Fluker serves his connection with the paper as correspondent from Creswell, hoping some day else will take up the pen and give all the best news, so I bid you adieu.

FLUKER.

THE BEST LINIMENT.

"Chamberlain's Pain Balm is considered the best liniment on the market," write Post & Bliss, of Georgia. No other liniment will heal a cut or bruise so promptly. No other affords such quick relief from rheumatic pains. No other is so valuable for deep seated pains like lame back and pains in the chest. Give this liniment a trial and you will never wish to be without it. Sold by Williams Bros.

Big Beeswax.

Rev. Jas. Jarvis preached an interesting sermon at the Kingdom Sunday.

We suppose Rev. John E. Dykes will preach at Rev. S. S. Crumptions Tuesday. Mr. Dykes is a worthy man and we are glad to have such a man for our commissioner for the next term.

Well, well, just as I expected every man on the Populist and Republican ticket elected, that fits us up all right, now the next thing the Beeswax people need is a good grist mill and a good miller then we can make out, but I tell you if the democrats had of gotten in this time we would have had to buy food machinery and every other sort of machinery before we would of got them out, but thanks to God they didn't get in.

Our Superintendent was heard to say when his own home beat went against him boo, boo, I think that beat ought to be thrown out boo, boo.

C. M. Farris and wife spent Saturday night and Sunday with W. B. Crampton and family.

UNCLE FOLLER.

A RUNAWAY BICYCLE.

Terminated with an ugly cut on the leg of J. B. Orner, of Franklin Grove, Ill. It developed a stubborn fever, yielding to doctors and remedies for four years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured. It's just as good for burns, Scalds, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25c, at Latham Drug Co., and Williams Bros.

Watson's Vote.

The press dispatches do not give anything concerning Watson's vote. Only the vote for the old parties is given, except in Chicago and one or two other places where the Socialist vote is stated. We did not expect a large vote for Watson. In nearly all the States it is so hard to scratch one candidate for president and vote for another that the voter, as a rule, will not do it, however much he would like to. With a county ticket here and there only; with no organization in the congressional districts and no candidates for congress; with state committees in most states that had just been selected and had little time and less means to do anything; with this condition of affairs we do not expect much of a vote. Prior to the election we thought it would be in the neighborhood of 150,000. We hoped it would be more, but those are the figures we had in mind. If the vote is not more than this it will only show how utterly prostrate our organization was at the time of Mr. Watson's nomination. But we have established ourselves as a distinct party. We have regained the respect of the people and have got out in the open again where they can see us. Our principles have become exceedingly popular. There will be no fear of another Cleveland administration. Roosevelt has declared he will not run again and this will allay feeling in the South. The way seems to be clear for a great coming together of the people.—Missouri World.

DISASTROUS WRECK.

Carelessness is responsible for many a railway wreck and the same causes are making human wrecks of sufferers from Throat and Lung troubles. But since the advent of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, even the worst cases can be cured, and hopeless resignation is no longer necessary. Mrs. Lois Cragg of Dorchester, Mass., is one of many whose life was saved by Dr. King's New Discovery. This great remedy is guaranteed for all Throat and Lung diseases by Latham Drug Co., and Williams Bros. Price 50c, and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

COME ONE, COME ALL,

And Share the Bargains I am Now Offering

IN

Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Hats, Clothing and Groceries.

I carry a good line of the above goods and will sell cheaper than any store in the County. I am real anxious to realize

cash for my sales for the next

30 DAYS.

Therefore Will Offer Special Low Prices to Cash Customers.

W. E. MERRELL, Shelby, Alabama.

FOR SALE.

I will sell at public auction at my residence on Fourmile on the 17th day of November, 1904, the following articles:

2 acres of land, 52 in cultivation; 1 pair small mules; 6 head of cattle; 4 hogs; 1 set of blacksmith tools and farm implements; corn; fodder; peas; hay; 1 hack; also my household furniture; 1 wagon; and in fact everything I have will be sold at this sale. For cash only.

A. W. ALBRIGHT.

Tax Assessor and Collector's Rounds.

We will attend the following named places and times for the purpose of Assessing State and County Taxes for the year 1905 and Collecting State and County Taxes for the year 1904

SECOND AND LAST ROUND.

Helena, beat 6, Tuesday, Nov. 1.

Bamford, beat 5, Wednesday, Nov. 2.

Gurnee, beat 10, Thursday, Nov. 3.

Maylene, beat 19, Friday, Nov. 4.

Montevallo, beat 4, Saturday, Nov. 5.

Saginaw, beat 7, Monday, Nov. 14.

Pelham, beat 17, Tuesday, Nov. 15.

Highland, beat 12, Wednesday, Nov. 16.

Bold Springs, beat 13, Thursday, Nov. 17.

K. Springs, beat 8, Friday, Nov. 18.

Days X Roads, beat 11, Saturday, Nov. 19.

Sterrett, beat 15, Monday, Nov. 21.

Dunnivant, beat 13, Tuesday, Nov. 22.

Vandiver, beat 14, Tuesday, Nov. 22.

Vincent, beat 16, Wednesday, Nov. 23.

Creswell, beat 10, Thursday, Nov. 24.

Harpersville, beat 10, Friday, Nov. 25.

Wilsonville, beat 9, Saturday, Nov. 26.

Columbiana, beat 1, Monday, Nov. 28.

Spring Creek, beat 2, Tuesday, Nov. 29.

Shelby, beat 1, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

Blue Spring, beat 9, Thursday, Dec. 1.

ANOTHER LIFE SAVED.

Mrs. G. W. Fooks, of Salisbury, Md., wife of G. W. Fooks, Sheriff of Wicomico County, says: "I suffered with kidney complaint for eight years. It came on me gradually. I felt tired and weak, was short of breath and was troubled with bloating after eating, and my limbs were badly swollen. One doctor told me it would finally turn to Bright's disease. I was laid up at one time for three weeks. I had not taken Doan's Kidney Pills more than three days when the distressing aching across my back disappeared, and I was soon entirely cured."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

WISE WORDS.

Laziness always lays the blame on luck.
God's designs promise us more than our desires.
If woman lost us Paradise, she alone can restore it.—J. G. Whittier.
I am always content with that which happens, for I think that what God chooses is better than what I choose.—Epictetus.
Intellect may give keenness of discernment; Love alone gives largeness to the nature, some share in the comprehensiveness of God.—John Hamilton Thom.
Without thought, grave, deliberate, self-conscious thought, life will run shallow in every channel. Every active duty needs to build foundations downward through habits of quiet thought.
It is an excellent plan to have some place to go to be quiet when things vex or grieve us. There are a good many hard times in this life of ours, but we can always bear them if we ask help in the right way.—Miss Alcott.
Let love not visit you as a transient guest, but be the constant temper of your soul. Let it pant in your heart, let it sparkle in your eyes, let it shine in all your actions and let there be in your tongue the law of kindness.

The percentage of the wooded areas of European countries, as compared with their total areas is: Finland, 51.2; Sweden, 49.3; Russia, 40.4; Germany, 26.1; Turkey, 23.4; Norway, 22. The other European countries have less than 20 per cent. of woodland.

Dr. J. Samuel McCue, ex-mayor of Charlottesville, convicted of murder in the first degree, carries upward of \$70,000 life insurance. Insurance men want to know whether the companies are liable in the event of McCue's execution.

In China spurious coin may be lawfully manufactured when it is intended to be placed in the coffins of the dead. The Chinese believe that these bad coins make the dead just as happy as good coins would.

Pope Plus has decided to purchase a motor car for use in the shady groves of the Vatican gardens in place of the traditional light carriage drawn by funeral looking horses.

Molra Mathew Spencer, a first cousin, it is said, of Herbert Spencer, the English philosopher, was found dead at his residence in San Francisco.

It is estimated that the carbonic acid exhaled yearly by the people of New York city is about 450,000 tons, but that this is less than 3 per cent. of that from fuel combustion.

Several Japanese messengers are mounted on bicycles.

TILL NOON:
The Simple Dish That Keeps One Vigorous and Well Fed.

When the doctor takes his own medicine and the grocer eats the food he recommends some confidence comes to the observer.

A grocer, of Ossian, Ind., had a practical experience with food worth anyone's attention.

He says: "Six years ago I became so weak from stomach and bowel trouble that I was finally compelled to give up all work in my store, and, in fact, all sorts of work for about four years. The last year I was confined to the bed nearly all of the time, and much of the time unable to retain food of any sort on my stomach. My bowels were badly constipated continually, and I lost in weight from 165 pounds down to 88 pounds."

"When at the bottom of the ladder I changed treatment entirely and started in on Grape-Nuts and cream for nourishment. I used absolutely nothing but this for about three months. I slowly improved until I got out of bed and began to move about."

"I have been improving regularly and now in the past two years have been working about fifteen hours a day in the store and never felt better in my life."

"During these two years I have never missed a breakfast of Grape-Nuts and cream, and often have it two meals a day, but the entire breakfast is always made of Grape-Nuts and cream alone."

"Since commencing the use of Grape-Nuts I have never used anything to stimulate the action of the bowels, a thing I had to do for years, but this food keeps me regular and in fine shape, and I am growing stronger and heavier every day."

"My customers, naturally, have been interested and I am compelled to answer a great many questions about Grape-Nuts."

"Some people would think that a simple dish of Grape-Nuts and cream would not carry one through to the noonday meal, but it will and in the most vigorous fashion."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

GEN. KUROKI KILLED

The Secret of His Death Has Been Kept Since October 4—Over a Month.

NODZU SUCCEEDS TO COMMAND.

Splinter From Russian Shell at Liao Yang Struck Kuroki—News From the Front.

Nemirovich Danchenko, a Russian war correspondent, telegraphing from Mukden Sunday, says the reports of the death of General Kuroki are confirmed. According to his version, a splinter of a shell struck General Kuroki, tearing out a portion of his breast and abdomen. He died on October 4 at Liao Yang, and his body was sent to Japan.

A rumor is persistently circulated that a kinsman of the mikado, Siasondi, literally "little third prince," has been appointed to succeed General Kuroki, but the actual command of the army is entrusted to General Nodzu, who is reviewing operations. "For the last week," says Danchenko, "we have not advanced at any point on the whole southwestern front, even a few yards further than we stood on October 5. On the contrary, at several places we have been obliged to retire several yards, but the present lines of defense must be considered permanent, in view of the strong fortifications constructed. The Japanese positions at several points are only 800 paces distant from ours, and must be considered to be definitely occupied by the enemy."

The latter's fortifications are acknowledged by all competent persons to be skillfully constructed. Their trenches in many places are so cleverly concealed, as not to be noticeable a short distance away, the earth removed being carefully thrown in front of the trenches. The general position causes a great tension on both sides. "At army headquarters no news has been received from Port Arthur, but the absence of reports during the last few days makes it evident that the movement of one or the other Russian armies will be dependent upon the course of events there."

"On November 11 scouts on our right flank attempted to pierce the line of the Japanese fortifications, but were met with a stubborn resistance, and finding the enemy strongly reinforced, retired."

Rear Admiral Greve, the newly appointed commander of the port of Vladivostok, has arrived.

It is denied that the French press in Italy is again trying to interest the powers of intervention with a view of ending the Russo-Japanese war, and it is remarked again that any such action would be impossible until the belligerents were disposed to accept the good offices of one or more powers.

It is understood that arrangements have been completed for the floating of a loan of \$250,000 in Berlin, of which German banks have underwritten three-quarters and Holland banks the remainder.

General Baron Kaulbars, recently appointed to command the third Russian army, has gone to Odessa, from which place he will proceed to the Far East November 25.

Soon to Be Lighted.

The Sheffield Steel and Iron company, controlled by a New York syndicate, is rushing the work on one of its four furnaces and will have it ready for the torch by the middle of next week.

Electric Lights.

Florence's electric lights were turned on Friday for the first time.

LOTTERY SCHEME.

The Chinese government is formulating a scheme of state lotteries for the purpose of wiping out the indemnities granted to railroad corporations. The prizes will aggregate \$30,000,000 in gold.

WILL MAKE NO STOPS.

It is announced at the white house that the president on his approaching trip to St. Louis, would make no stops at other cities, either going or returning.

To Honor Kruger.

It is understood that King Edward has ordered that royal salutes be fired upon the arrival of the body of the late President Kruger at Capetown and Pretoria.

Wireless Messages.

As the result of a scientific experiment at a balloon ascension from the aeronautic concourse on the world's fair grounds the practicability and accuracy with which wireless messages could be received both as to altitude and distance were satisfactorily tested. More than twenty messages were transmitted from the world's fair wireless tower and received by the operator in the aerial craft.

Gripenberg to Command.

In sending General Gripenberg to command the new Russian army in the far east the czar has practically taken the chief command away from General Kuropatkin. While both generals have equal rank, General Gripenberg is several numbers the senior of Kuropatkin on the list of generals. As a result, when the two combine forces Gripenberg will actually command by seniority.

ANNUAL ARMY REPORT.

There Are About 70,000 United States Soldiers Enlisted.

The annual report of Gen. F. C. Ainsworth, the military secretary of the army, the first issued from his office since its creation by congress in its last session, gives the total strength of the army at the close of the last fiscal year 3,871 officers and 39,944 enlisted men. The loss of officers from death, dismissal, retirement and other causes was 155. The number of enlisted men lost by death was 456.

A reduction in the number of malarial fever cases at West Point is attributed to an attack made on the mosquitoes. The average cost of subsisting cadets was stated to be 64.3 cents, against 52.9 cents the previous year. "This increase in cost," the report recites, "was partly due to the unusually high prices of all food supplies and partly to the maintenance of an extra table during the active athletic season and to the visits of instructors made by the classes during the year."

Of the 27,380 recruits enlisted during the past fiscal year 3,662 were foreign born. Complaints as to the number of unsatisfactory recruits are said to have been unusually numerous.

Speaking of the militia it is said very satisfactory progress has been made toward bringing the organized militia, respecting armament, equipment and discipline, up to the standard of the regular army. A total of 6,956 officers and 33,102 enlisted men of the militia organizations were present at the inspections.

In referring to the act of congress providing for a roster of officers and enlisted men of the Union and Confederate armies, the report says the responses of the governors addressed inviting their co-operation have been such as to assure the department that they fully appreciate the importance of the work and will co-operate heartily with the department in its efforts to give to the Confederate soldier the place that is due him in the proposed compilation.

On Half Time.

The Gadsden saw mill of the Queen City Lumber company, which has been idle for several months on account of the low stage of Coosa river, logmen being unable to raft logs, has started up on half time and will run this way until the river rises sufficiently to float down more logs. The saw mill in connection with the saw mill is running full time. The planing mill of the Kyle Lumber company at Alabama City, has also started up again after an enforced idleness of some two months, caused by the low water.

New Jersey Launched.

The battleship New Jersey, built for the United States government by the Fore River Ship Building company, was successfully launched Thursday in the presence of a large number of guests, including Governor Franklin Murphy, of New Jersey; Governor John L. Bates, of Massachusetts, and former Secretary of the Navy John D. Long. The battleship was christened by Mrs. William B. Kinney, daughter of Governor Murphy.

Medals Stolen.

A thief entered the Birmingham Athletic club and stole forty-two gold medals and two razors. Nearly all the medals were the property of Ed Warren and Sid B. Jones, and were trophies of victories on the track and field and gymnasium. Some of them were set with jewels. Their intrinsic value is about \$500.

Going to World's Fair.

President Roosevelt has promised to attend the Louisiana Purchase Exposition on Saturday, the 26th of November.

Wyoming Injured.

Secretary Morton received a telegram from the commander of the monitor Wyoming saying that when she grounded in a heavy fog leaving Puget Sound, her starboard strake and several frames were injured and compartments were flooded. It will be impossible to determine the extent of the damage until she has been docked.

Judge Advocate General.

Major General George P. Harrison, commander of the Alabama division, United Confederate Veterans, has appointed Captain Daniel Coleman, of Huntsville, as judge advocate general with the rank of lieutenant colonel. Captain Coleman is commander of Egbert Jones camp of Huntsville.

The Same Members.

For the first time in a number of years Mississippi makes no change in the personnel of its delegation in the lower house of congress, all the members of the present delegation being returned.

Soil Survey.

The party of the United States geological survey who have been encamped at Tuscaloosa just back of the University of Alabama buildings for the past week, who have completed the soil survey of the Brookwood quadrangle, have moved to Coatsdale, where they are now encamped on another quadrangle. While located near the University of Alabama they compared notes with Dr. Eugene A. Smith, state geologist.

Japanese Loan.

Half of the new \$60,000,000 Japanese loan to be offered in this market will be payable, interest and principal here at the fixed rate of exchange \$4.87 per pound sterling. Assurance has been given the syndicate managers that the Japanese government will permit the proceeds of the loan to remain on deposit in New York banks "subject to the requirements of the Japanese government."

RAT TWO FEET LONG.

It Gives a Philadelphia Policeman a Hard Fight.

While patrolling his beat on German-town avenue, near Bristol road, in the northwestern part of the city, Policeman Nice, of the Twenty-third District, saw a large object creeping stealthily from under a doorstep. In the dim light he was unable to make out the form and would have passed it by but for the many rumors that recently have been circulating in the neighborhood regarding a strange animal, so he determined to investigate. Of late weird tales of scares have been told the police. The animal which caused all the disturbance had been variously described as a wolf, fox, escaped zoological monstrosity and by the less timid as merely a vicious dog.

Seizing his club, Nice boldly approached the animal, which suddenly made a lunge at him, just missing him. Then commenced such a battle royal as Nice declares he does not wish to go through again. Despite the vicious defense the animal put up, the policeman's club was finally effective and the creature lay dead at Nice's feet.

Examination showed that the body was that of a huge rat, measuring nearly two feet in length, the tail alone being over a foot long, and the teeth were large and sharp. To verify his statement of the battle, Nice picked up the carcass and took it to the Park and Lehigh avenues station house, where it is now on exhibition.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

PITs permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. 23c. Trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 361 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The highest railroad bridge in the world is in Peru.

Blank Coffee Wins Everything. St. Louis, Nov. 14.—World's Fair gives C. F. Blanke Tea and Coffee Co. highest award, grand prize and gold medal on coffee, also five additional highest awards on Grant, Cabin Tea, Quaker Ceylon Tea, China Tea, Shidzuoka Japan and Formosa Teas, making greatest number grand prizes ever awarded one firm.

There are 44,000 hotels in the United States.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. ROYCE, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

The only country in Europe without any railways is Montenegro.

French is Popular.

According to the report of the National Union of Teachers, French is the most popular language among students. In other subjects bookkeeping comes first in favor, followed by shorthand, arithmetic and typewriting.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Sufferers have proven that to be a constitutional disease and therefore require constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

This Speaker to Retire.

Mr. Gully, who has entered his seventieth year, will probably retire from the Speakership of the House of Commons before another birthday comes around as a viscount and with a pension of £2000 per annum.

The late German landscape painter, Peter Becker, was so completely absorbed in the middle ages that he even wore medieval clothes and lived in a medieval house.

The board of education at Washington, Pa., has been forced to take drastic steps to prevent cigarette smoking by pupils of the public schools, many of whom are girls.

The Chinese government is to receive 300 pounds a thousand for all the Chinese coolies shipped to the South African mines.

King Edward, of England, was 63 Wednesday.

Astor Got Rich Buying Property.

Your attention is called to an advertisement of a new subdivision of town lots, "known as Ivanhoe," near the city of Birmingham. Ivanhoe is within a few minutes street car ride of the court house. Birmingham is growing so rapidly that its confines are being pushed out on all sides, more especially in a westerly direction where all the great industries are located. Ivanhoe lots are being sold at a price and on terms which mean a substantial and profit within the near future.

Farmers and merchants throughout the state, as well as near by citizens, have investigated the merits of these lots, have been among the first purchasers. The property is high, dry and healthy and is destined to be one of the most flourishing suburbs of the MAGIC CITY.

Why so Formal?

A member of the Metropolitan Club of Washington tells this story on General Miles:

The General was engaged in conversation with a number of friends in the billiard room of the Metropolitan when a man having a very slight acquaintance with General Miles approached. The man evidently had been drinking, for as he stepped beside the General he slapped him on the back and in a loud tone exclaimed: "Well, Miles, old man, how are you?"

For an instant a frown shadowed the face of the officer; but it soon gave way to a quizzical look, so he replied to the offender:

"Don't be so formal, old chap! Why don't you call me Nelse?"—New York Press.



Miss Gannon, Sec'y Detroit Amateur Art Association, tells young women what to do to avoid pain and suffering caused by female troubles.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can conscientiously recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to those of my sisters suffering with female weakness and the troubles which so often befall women. I suffered for months with general weakness, and felt so weary that I had hard work to keep up. I had shooting pains, and was utterly miserable. In my distress I was advised to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it was a red letter day to me when I took the first dose, for at that time my restoration began. In six weeks I was a changed woman, perfectly well in every respect. I felt so elated and happy that I want all women who suffer to get well as I did."—Miss GUILA GANNON, 359 Jones St., Detroit, Mich., Secretary Amateur Art Association.

It is clearly shown in this young lady's letter that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will certainly cure the sufferings of women; and when one considers that Miss Gannon's letter is only one of the countless hundreds which we are continually publishing in the newspapers of this country, the great virtue of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine must be admitted by all; and for the absolute cure of all kinds of female ills no substitute can possibly take its place. Women should bear this important fact in mind when they go into a drug store, and be sure not to accept anything that is claimed to be "just as good" as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for no other medicine for female ills has made so many actual cures.

How Another Sufferer Was Cured.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot praise your wonderful remedies enough, for they have done me more good than all the doctors I have had. For the last eight years and more I suffered with female troubles, was very weak, could not do my housework, also had nervous prostration. Some days I would remain unconscious for a whole day and night. My neighbors thought I could never recover, but, thanks to your medicine, I now feel like a different woman."

"I feel very grateful to you and will recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all. It has now been four years since I had the last spell of nervous prostration. I only weighed ninety-eight pounds at that time; now I weigh one hundred and twenty-three. I consider your Vegetable Compound the finest remedy made. Thanking you many times for the benefit I received from your medicine, I remain, Yours truly, Mrs. J. H. FARMER, 2809 Elliott Ave., St. Louis, Mo."

Remember Mrs. Pinkham's advice is free and all sick women are foolish if they do not ask for it. She speaks from the widest experience, and has helped multitudes of women.

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

Alfred De Rothschild, one of the famous banking family, has a private circus at Halton house, England. The ring, about 100 yards in diameter, is surrounded by trees, and some times it is covered by canvas.

Write Quick FOR A Big Bargain To better advertise the South's Leading Business College, four scholarships are offered young persons of this county at less than cost. WRITE TODAY. GA-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

PIMPLES "I tried all kinds of blood remedies which failed to do me any good but I have found the right thing at last. My face was full of pimples and black-heads. After taking Castoria I am continuing the use of them and recommending them to my friends. I feel that when I first took it, I hoped to have a chance to recommend it."—Fred C. Witten, 75 Elm St., Newark, N. J.

Best For The Bowels. THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP. Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Waken or Grip. No. 30, 50c. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sold by Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Chicago or N.Y. 50c. ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief. Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing new before! Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

SLOANS LINIMENT 50c AND \$1.00 CURES HOG CHOLERA SEND FOR CIRCULAR WITH DIRECTIONS DR. E. S. SLOAN, 615 ALBANY ST., BOSTON, MASS.

Best For The Bowels. THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP. Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Waken or Grip. No. 30, 50c. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sold by Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Chicago or N.Y. 50c. ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

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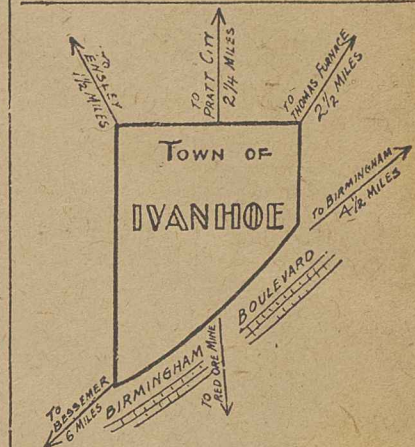
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Birmingham the Coming Pittsburg

A FEW years ago lots in Pittsburg which sold for a few hundred dollars are now selling at fabulous prices. Birmingham is now following in her footsteps, she makes the Iron, she makes the Steel, she makes the finished product from a Corless Engine to a wire nail.

The growth of every city, town and hamlet in every state south of Mason & Dixon's Line means a corresponding growth to Birmingham.



This means that every suburb of Birmingham is reaping and will continue to reap the benefit of this great expansion.

Now is the time to get in on the ground floor on IVANHOE LOTS. Only a few minutes ride on electric car from the center of Birmingham—high, dry and beautiful. Prices range from \$85 to \$160. Terms: \$5.00 cash and \$5.00 per month. No interest. Titles perfect.

Send \$5.00 and let us select you a good lot. You cannot lose on a proposition like this.

W. H. THARPE & CO. Birmingham, Ala. 2025 3rd Ave.

REFERENCE: Jefferson County Savings Bank.

TEXAS CHEAP

QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE.

A. G. S. R. R. \$13.50 One Way, \$20.00 Round Trip, Final Limit 21 Days,

To points east of and including Dalhart, Amarillo, Colorado, San Angelo, San Antonio, Galveston, Matagorda, Corpus Christi, Rockport, Alice and Kerrville.

To points in Texas west of destinations shown above, tickets will be sold at the rate of \$16.00 one way.

Tickets on sale Nov. 10th and 22nd. For further information call on or address

A. B. FREEMAN, 1925 First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

J. S. SCHOFIELD'S SONS COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS High Pressure Return Tubular Boilers Morrison Internally Fired Boilers High Grade Slide Valve Engines Transmission Machinery Heavy Castings Wrought Iron and Steel Work Tanks, Stacks and Stand Pipes Heavy Pipe Work a Specialty Address Machinery Department MACON, GEORGIA.

Stop Wasting Money

When you buy Clothing, Shoes, Hats and Furnishings for Men and Boys. J. Black & Sons are specialists in these goods, and unless we can save you from 15 to 40 per cent. we don't want your business.

BY MAIL You get quick shipments, and on purchases of \$5 or more we pay all charges. Get Big FREE Catalogue with Gold Watch Offer.

IN PERSON If you come to Birmingham ask any body where BLACK'S are—they all know the greatest and only strictly spot cash clothing house in the city.

1912-1914 First Avenue Birmingham, Alabama.

Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.

THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

"THE LOVE OF COUNTRY GUIDES"

VOL. XIII.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1904.

NO. 26

BIG ABATTOIR FIRE SWEEP

Jersey City Stock Yards Destroyed by Conflagration

HUNDREDS OF ANIMALS ROASTED

Squeals of Hogs, the Bleating of Sheep and the Lowing of Cattle Heard For Blocks as the Flames Ate Their Way Into the Pens—Three Fire Alarms Were Necessary—P. R. R. Tugs Aid Firemen

Jersey City, N. J.—Destroying four large wooden buildings in which were penned live hogs and sheep, a fire in the Jersey City stock yards early in the morning caused a loss of \$200,000.

As the fire lighted up the sky, the grunts and squeals of 500 hogs, 300 sheep and fifty calves, which were roasted alive, penetrated the air. At the height of the fire a spectacular incident occurred when two huge smoke stacks toppled over.

The fire raged from 3 until 9 o'clock, and ate its way over a space 800 by 200 feet. The flames were checked when they reached the large pens, where most of the cattle were kept.

The stock yards, which are situated at the foot of Sixth street, below Henderson street, extend along the Hudson River for half a mile. All the buildings were of wood, and not more than two stories in height.

Shortly after 3 o'clock a watchman sniffed burning straw, and soon discovered a blaze in the fat rendering establishment. This grew in fierceness so quickly that a third alarm was necessary. When the firemen arrived they found difficulty in gaining access to the yards, and six tugs from the various railroads beat them in getting steamers to play on the blaze. Soon the fire, fanned by a north wind, spread to the hog abattoir, then to the sheep abattoir, and next to the engine and boiler rooms.

It raged so fiercely that the Fire Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad was called.

The roadway which the fire gained, the firemen say, was due to low tide. Mud clogged the fire plugs and reduced the water pressure.

In addition to the live stock burned, there were in the various abattoirs more than 300 dressed carcasses which the flames consumed.

By the destruction of the engine building the power for the refrigerating plant, the electric dynamo, and for heating the various buildings was cut off. Consequently the 1000 head of dressed beef in the abattoir near the river must be disposed of at once. The entire work of the yards will be stopped for a number of months.

The firemen did not gain control of the fire until near 9 o'clock. By that hour the damage done amounted to at least \$200,000, part of which is covered by insurance.

This fire is the first since the entire yards were swept away in 1891.

BRAZILIAN REVOLT CRUSHED.

Military Cadets Fought Battle With Troop—Many Persons Killed.

Rio Janeiro, Brazil.—The students of the Military School revolted and deposed the Commandant, General Costantini. This was followed by secret meetings held at the Military Club, at which Generals Olympio, Silveria and Travassos were present. General Travassos was appointed to succeed General Costantini.

All the students at about 8 p. m., under the command of General Travassos, marched on the town, but were met by a detachment of soldiers and military police.

A serious encounter followed, in which General Travassos was wounded. His Adjutant was killed. The revolutionary movement has now been crushed and order has been restored.

PORTUGAL'S KING IN ENGLAND.

He and Queen Amelia Visiting the British Monarchs at Windsor.

Portsmouth, Eng.—The King and Queen of Portugal reached Portsmouth and subsequently proceeded to Windsor to return the visit which King Edward paid to them at Lisbon last year. Over thirty warships, elaborately dressed with bunting, had assembled here in their honor.

The Prince of Wales welcomed King Charles and Queen Amelia to England. Windsor.—The King and Queen of Portugal were cordially welcomed at the railroad station here by King Edward and Queen Alexandra. They drove to the Castle through cheering crowds and gayly decked streets.

SMALLPOX AMONG STUDENTS.

Seven Cases Have Been Discovered in the University of Michigan.

Ann Arbor, Mich.—Seven cases of smallpox have been discovered among the students at the University of Michigan. Six are in the engineering and one is in the law department.

Health Officer T. B. Cooley reported that none of the patients was dangerously ill. The gymnasium was closed, but classes have not been interrupted. All the students are being vaccinated and examined for symptoms.

"Nan" Patterson's Trial.

Two skeletons and the hansom cab in which Caesar Young was shot will be put in evidence at Nan Patterson's trial for murder, in New York City.

Dinner to John Morley. John Morley, Secretary Shaw and others spoke at the New York Chamber of Commerce dinner, at Delmonico's.

Beats Wife's Dentist. W. G. Connelly, a Poughkeepsie (N. Y.) business man, beat Dr. Ryder, his wife's former dentist, in the street.

Pope Accuses France. The Pope accused France of violating the terms of the Concordat.

MURDERED ON A TRAIN

Body of Walter Subers, of Doylestown, Pa., Found in R. R. Car.

With Two Bullet Holes the Young Man Was Discovered Lying on Two Up-turned Seats of a Coach.

Philadelphia, Pa.—With every appearance of having been murdered by thieves who robbed him, Walter Subers, twenty-three years old, was found with a bullet hole in his left temple and a wounded right hand on the backs of two upturned seats in a Philadelphia and Reading car at Doylestown, near this city.

His pockets had been rifled. A watch and gold pin which he usually wore were missing. About the car were evidences of a scuffle. It is probable that the young man was seized while asleep on the improvised couch, and that he made a desperate resistance to the robbers.

A bullet from a revolver was found imbedded in the woodwork of the car above where the body was found, and the weapon was picked up under a seat about three yards distant.

There were several men about the Doylestown station from the time of the arrival of the last train from Philadelphia at 1:09 o'clock in the morning and the departure of the first train at 6:54, but none of them heard the report of the pistol shots.

District Attorney Joseph W. Shelly began conducting an investigation with the assistance of Deputy Coroner Lewis H. Clemens, who was the first of the Bucks County authorities on the scene. The detective staff of the railroad company also began working on the case.

Subers is the son of William Subers, of Doylestown, and is well known there. The dead man bore an excellent reputation and was not known to have any enemies.

DIVISION CHIEF KILLS HIMSELF.

Albert Relyea Sends Bullet Into Head Sitting at His Desk.

Washington, D. C.—Despondent, it is believed, on account of ill health, Albert Relyea, a division chief in the office of the United States Treasurer, killed himself by sending a pistol bullet into his head when sitting at his desk. He fell forward with arms extended and was found in an unconscious position by fellow employees who rushed in on hearing the shot. Blood from a big wound in the head streamed over the documents on which he had been working a few seconds before. The revolver with which the man blew out his brains still lay in his relaxed grasp.

An ambulance was called and in it the insensible chief was hurried to the Emergency Hospital. There four surgeons worked over him for more than an hour, but they could not recall him to consciousness and he died in less than two hours after being taken into the institution. It was found the ball had traversed the brain and torn two holes in the skull.

Mr. Relyea was Chief of the Redemption Division. He came hither from Connecticut. In consequence of an attack of illness his health had failed steadily of late. He was fifty years old.

Information of his suicide was wired to his friends in New England.

STORM EXPLODED DYNAMITE.

Gale Blew Up Sunken Steamer's 300-Ton Cargo.

Provincetown, Mass.—The other night during the height of a storm which swept this coast there was heard at various points on Cape Cod a noise which some of the surfmen thought was thunder and others took for an earthquake. The next day, however, wreckage began to come ashore at a point abreast of the sunken steamer Longfellow, and the mystery is probably explained.

The Longfellow, with 300 tons of dynamite on board, was sunk about a month ago off Cashed Hill bars in thirty fathoms of water, and it is now believed that her cargo was exploded by the impact of the waves.

JAPAN'S LOAN A SUCCESS.

Bonds Offered in London Subscribed For Twelve Times Over.

London, Eng.—The subscription for the British loan of £20,000,000 of the new Japanese loan already amounted to twelve times the amount asked for.

President Meets Fushimi.

Cordial addresses were exchanged by President Roosevelt and Prince Fushimi, of Japan, a guest of the nation, when the Prince visited the White House.

Jesse Lewisohn Beaten.

A decision was rendered against Jesse Lewisohn in the Canfield gambling case by the Supreme Court, which will force Lewisohn to testify against Canfield.

Farwell to Commander Booth-Tucker.

More than 3000 persons said farewell to Commander Booth-Tucker, of the Salvation Army, at the Grand Central Palace, in New York City.

Lieut. C. E. D. Lord Dismissed.

Lieut. Charles E. D. Lord has been dismissed from the Marine Hospital Corps because a Mrs. Polk is suing him for \$50,000 for breach of promise.

Musicians Commit Suicide.

Miss Bertie M. Reister, of Baltimore, Md., shot herself because she had failed to make a musical success in New York City.

General Andrie Resigns.

General Andrie, French War Minister, resigned, and the Opposition believes the whole ministry will fall.

Hull of General Slocum Sold.

The hull of the General Slocum was sold at public auction for \$1800.

THRILLING RESCUE AT SEA

The Schooner Islesboro After Losing Her Sails Drifts Three Days.

SAVED BY OCEAN LINER ATHOL

The Ship Ran Into a Hurricane and Became Water-Logged, Lost Her Sails and Her Only Life-Boat—Sighted One Ship That Failed to Answer Her Signals Before Signalling the Athol.

New York City.—Their vessel water-logged and in a sinking condition, eight men who for three days had been without water, and whose only food consisted of a little canned corn beef, were brought to this port by the Oriental steamship Athol, which vessel had rescued them 280 miles off Sandy Hook. The vessel that was abandoned was the three-masted lumber laden schooner Islesboro, owned by Pendleton Brothers, of New York, and not insured.

"We sailed from Savannah," said Captain Turner, of the Islesboro, "and had splendid weather until the wind shifted from southeast to north, then northeast, and finally due east. In a jiffy a gale was blowing, which increased in fury each minute. By 5 o'clock in the evening the seas were running mountain high. All night long the gale, which by midnight was a hurricane, blew with ever increasing force. The following morning at 11 o'clock our foremast went overboard, three hours later the foremast was blown away, and in another hour the mainmast followed.

"That afternoon we started the pumps, and from 3 to 11 p. m. they sucked dry. Then we commenced to get water in, and in two hours we were waterlogged. Just before daylight our only lifeboat was washed away, and we were rolling in the trough of the sea. The 43,000 feet of lumber that we had on board began to wash away piece by piece.

"All this time the great seas were curling with clock-like regularity over our decks, our water casks were hurled overboard; then the cabin and the forward house went, and when dawn came all our stores except a little canned beef were gone. The schooner heeled over to the starboard, and then became so perilous the vessel was in such a predicament that in order to save our lives the entire crew climbed on top of the after house, that being the only part of the Islesboro that was not awash at that time.

"When all the deck had gone the schooner heeled over to the starboard, and we were in momentary peril of her turning turtle any minute, so fierce was the onslaught of wind and wave at that time. We improvised a flag of distress as soon as daylight came, the flag being made of an old flour sack, a piece of carpet and a table cloth.

"About 9 a. m. we sighted a three-masted Nova Scotia schooner a mile to our starboard, and signalled her with the flag and also with a torch, and finally by building a fire on top of the after house. She paid no attention to our signals, and the Scotia had suffered, too, for I could see that she had lost her mizzen and foremast, her mainmast and staysails and apparently also her lifeboat.

"About 4 o'clock in the afternoon we made out the funnel of a west-bound liner that had the Athol in tow. She was about ten miles away, and in less than five minutes after we began to signal her she changed her course and headed for us."

The Islesboro was built in 1882, and was always employed in the lumber trade.

CODY BANK ROBBER CAUGHT.

Posses Capture One of the Outlaws Who Killed Cashier Middaugh.

Cheyenne, Wyo.—A Thermopolis posse came upon one of the Cody bank robbers, who killed Cashier Middaugh, near the mouth of Owl Creek in the Bad Lands, six miles below Thermopolis, and captured the outlaw without firing a shot. On the bandit was found a quantity of the money taken from the bank, and jewelry and guns stolen in the raid on Edwards' gambling house at Thermopolis.

The desperado answers the description of the taller of the two bandits who robbed the Cody bank and who led the officers a merry chase for two weeks through the bad lands. Several citizens started from Cody to identify the prisoner, and there were threats of trouble, for the people of Cody were much stirred up over the killing of the bank cashier.

LIFEBOAT URAD'S LONG TRIP.

Reached St. John's From Norway After Voyage of 3 Months and 9 Days.

St. John's, N. F.—The lifeboat Urad, from Aalesund, Norway, which sailed August 7 bound for St. John's and New York City, and thence for St. Louis, Mo., with her designer, Captain Brude, and three others aboard, arrived in the harbor here. She was three months and nine days in crossing the Atlantic. The boat was built to compete for the prize for the best lifeboat at the St. Louis Exposition. She met very stormy weather, but proved an excellent sea boat, although she lost her mainmast, sails and other gear. All aboard are well. The Urad will reprovision here and proceed to New York City.

Labor News Notes.

And now we have a "Inventors' Union."

All the trouble along the Canadian Pacific line is cleaned up. The annual convention of the American Federation of Labor was held in San Francisco, Cal.

The Brooklyn (N. Y.) Federation of Women decided at their last meeting to support the striking butchers.

International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen, L. U. No. 55, initiated sixteen new members at its last meeting.

BIG GAS TANKS EXPLODE

Charging Station of Pyle National Headlight Company Destroyed.

CHICAGO BLOCK IN FLAMES

Four Dead Bodies Were Removed While Fire Still Burned—Many Were Injured—Twenty-two Tanks in All Were Exploded—A Fire Caused by Torch in Hand of Laborer.

Chicago, Ill.—Twenty-two acetylene gas tanks exploded the other morning in the charging station of the Pyle National Headlight Company, in South Chicago, where forty odd men were at work. Four bodies have been taken from the ruins of the station; two were mortally hurt and twenty others suffered injuries.

The force of the explosion wrecked the entire building, covering a city block, carried debris a mile and a half, reduced to particles most of the windows in houses within half a mile and threw the walls of hundreds of houses out of plumb. The trembling of the ground from the explosions and the deafening roar resulting so frightened people that within a few moments there was within a radius of half a mile was deserted.

The streets were crowded by persons fleeing, their arms heaped with their valuables. Storekeepers left their shops wide open, and the scene was one as though a volcano was in eruption. The frightened people had good reason to fear is shown by the fact that all of the buildings within a block of the charging station were so badly damaged as to be uninhabitable.

The Pyle Company was a tenant of the People's Gas Light Company, the many huge gas tanks of which were nearby. The police completely surrounded the property occupied by the gas company, but kept at a distance that assured safety. The firemen for a time were forced to throw water on the burning tanks, but this was fruitless, and they were eventually expecting to be hurled to earth by the explosion of the big tanks. The flames were shooting hundreds of feet into the air, accompanied by clouds of black smoke from the burning gas. Great masses of bricks and iron from the burning tanks were thrown into the air by explosions.

To prevent the explosion of the gas in the mammoth tanks the gas company officials ordered the waste pipes opened. These pipes ran outside of the plant, and in a short time the big tanks that are connected with each other by a large network of iron pipes, and this was a dangerous undertaking, but it was changed, and proving successful, prevented a larger destruction of property.

Across South Chicago avenue, directly opposite the gas storage buildings, was a large crowd of men and women. The huge coal pile was ignited, and in a few moments the blaze there was beyond control.

The twenty-two tanks were each charged with 2250 pounds to the cubic feet of acetylene gas. They are the tanks that are connected with each other by a large network of iron pipes, and this was a dangerous undertaking, but it was changed, and proving successful, prevented a larger destruction of property.

At the first explosion all of the men on duty in the charging station started to escape. Some of them got outside with slight injuries; others were caught on the verge of safety and were seriously hurt, while those in the rear must have met death instantly.

The dead were buried under tons of burning timber and hot brick and iron, making it impossible to remove their bodies for hours. Firemen poured water on that part of the building in which the dead were thought to be buried, and the flames were subdued sufficiently to permit of the four bodies being removed.

It is officially reported that the accident was due to an employee entering the charging room with a torch and meeting gas coming from a leak in one of the tanks.

Those whose bodies have been recovered were Ralph Wells, superintendent; George Mueller, engineer; Amos Watkins, assistant superintendent; and John Jennings, laborer. Those who will die of their hurts are W. M. Maloney and Alfred Cox.

PUT ON CRANK SHAFT AT SEA.

Steamship Jersey City Spent a Week Doing It.

New York City.—The steamship Jersey City, from Swansea, after a passage of twenty-five days, reports that when nine days out she broke her crank shaft. She was a week refitting with a spare shaft, then resuming her voyage. She had no passengers.

Shortage of Iron Ore.

Though it is generally conceded that the current output of iron ore is not sufficient to enable all the merchant blast furnaces to operate continuously up to the opening of navigation next year, it is now considered doubtful whether the operation of all these furnaces will prove necessary, as the principal furnaces are not anxious to see the aggregate production grow larger than the demand.

Troops Protect Embassy.

Troops protected the Austrian Embassy in Rome against a mob enraged by the Innsbruck affair.

Sandbagged by Robber.

John G. Styan was sandbagged and robbed in West Eighty-ninth street, New York City, and his jaw was broken, but he was laughed at by a policeman and admonished to "run along home."

General Huertas Resigns.

General Huertas, the Panama commander in chief and leader of the insurgent movement, resigned his office. This practically puts an end to the trouble on the Isthmus.

SOUND STEAMER BURNS

Central Vermont Line Freight Boat Destroyed by Fire.

The Mohawk Caught Fire at Night When Off Cornfield—One of Her Crew Lost—Remainder Rescued by the Boston.

Fall River, Mass.—The Fall River Line freight steamer Boston arrived at her pier in this city about 9 a. m., three hours late, having stopped to rescue the crew of the Central Vermont Railroad freighter Mohawk, which the Boston overtook, on fire, in Long Island Sound in the night. The Boston brought twenty-seven persons from the Mohawk, including twenty-five of the crew and two women, wives of officers of the Mohawk. Andrew Larsen, the night watchman of the steamer, a Swede, was lost. As he was the person who should have discovered the fire, and as no report from him was received by the officers of the ship, it is supposed that he was overcome by the flames and burned to death. The members of the crew remained in Fall River only a short time, taking a train for Providence. The captain of the Boston gives the following account of the disaster:

The Boston came up with the Mohawk at 12:45 o'clock in the morning, about a mile east of Cornfield. The Mohawk was then about an hour's run from New London, her usual terminus on the eastward trip. The Mohawk was stopped and was burning furiously forward. She signalled the Boston, which ran up as close as possible and stood by to give assistance. A boat containing two women and some members of the crew put out from the Mohawk almost immediately after the Boston's arrival, and the two women were placed safe on board the Fall River line boat. The boat crew which had come to the Boston put back at once. A short time later, driven by the oncoming of the flames, the Mohawk's crew abandoned the burning vessel and reached the Boston in two boats. As they drew away it was seen that the Mohawk was ablaze from end to end, and shortly after they had reached the Boston a heavy explosion occurred on the Mohawk, which lifted the deck. The smokestacks flew upward, followed by a burst of flame and dense columns of black smoke. Then the flames leaped up to a great height and continued burning fiercely. It was apparent that no further purpose would be served if the Boston remained by, and she resumed her course for Fall River.

The Mohawk's men said that the fire was discovered by those in the pilot house shortly after midnight. It was pretty well forward, and the crew were at once sent to their stations to fight the flames. The great heat, however, prevented them from getting close to the blaze, which spread and steadily drove back those who opposed it until the entire vessel was doomed. As the night watchman was the person who should have discovered the fire, and as no report from him was received by the officers of the ship, it is believed that he attempted to quench the flames and was overcome and burned to death. The Mohawk's cargo, it was said here, was one of the heaviest in months. It included nearly 1000 barrels of sugar, a large quantity of baled rags, besides oil and gasoline. Those who were on board of her were unable to estimate her value or to approximate the value of her cargo.

FATAL COLLISION ON THE ERIE.

Milk Train Crashes Into Caboose, Setting It on Fire—Conductor Dead.

Port Jervis, N. Y.—A fatal collision on the Erie Railroad occurred at 7 o'clock at night at Buckley's Yard, two miles west of here, in which Conductor Joseph Warren was burned to death in his caboose. The two trains, William Whalen and B. W. Adams, were sent to the Port Jervis Hospital badly bruised. Whalen's right arm and a rib were broken and his elbow dislocated, and one of Adams' ribs was fractured and his right leg injured.

KILLED IN MINE BLOW-UP.

Morrissey, B. C., Scene of the Disaster, Caused by Coal Gas Explosion.

Fernie, B. C.—Fourteen miners were killed in the Carbonado mines in Morrissey as the result of an explosion of coal gas. The disaster occurred in No. 1 mine, ten miles west of Fernie. All bodies have been recovered.

Mexican Rubber Crop Good.

The Mexican Journal of Commerce says that the gathering of rubber has been very good in many parts of the State of Vera Cruz this year. In the canton of Acayucan, from the plantations of San Vicente Escamada, of Las Palmas, of El Rosario, of Pedrosa and of Rubio 450 quintals valued at \$45,000 have been exported to New York direct.

Clergyman Sent to Jail.

A Baptist minister, of North Brookfield, Mass., was sent to jail for contempt of court, being unable to pay his fine.

Prince Fushimi Brings Gifts.

Mrs. Roosevelt and Mrs. Hay received priceless silks and other gifts from Prince Fushimi on behalf of the Mikado.

Irrigation Congress Opens.

The National Irrigation Congress began its session at El Paso, Texas, with a letter of greeting from President Roosevelt.

Russians Repulse Enemy.

General Sakharoff reported that a Japanese attack on the position in front of Loue Tree Hill was repulsed.

Queen Wilhelmina Home Again.

Queen Wilhelmina, a special cable states, has returned to Holland.

DESTROYER BLOWN UP

The Russian Torpedo Boat Rastoropyn Sunk by Her Crew.

ENEMY'S WARSHIPS WERE NEAR

The War Vessel Having Put in at Chefoo From Port Arthur Was Ordered to Disarm After Twenty-four Hours, But Her Officers Obeying Supposed Sealed Orders Destroyed Her.

Chefoo.—The Russians blew up the torpedo boat destroyer Rastoropyn, which had arrived from Port Arthur at 6:50 a. m.

Captain Ching, of the Chinese cruiser Hai-Yung, had notified Commander Pelem, of the Rastoropyn, that twenty-four hours was the limit he could remain armed at Chefoo, after which the Rastoropyn would be compelled to disarm. Commander Pelem told the Chinese authorities he would disarm his vessel.

Prior to the destruction of the destroyer the Taotai had officially notified the Japanese Consul that her disarmament was completed, the breech blocks and ammunition having been removed and her machinery disabled.

It is learned authoritatively that the Rastoropyn carried sealed orders providing that, unless there came a high tide favorable opportunity to escape, the vessel should be blown up. Sufficient powder for this purpose was secreted before the destroyer left Port Arthur.

Small charges of ordinary powder, placed in each of the five water-tight compartments, were exploded. The Russians, with the exception of one man, left the destroyer during the afternoon. This last man lit fuses and blew up the vessel.

There were three dull explosions, which were scarcely audible 100 yards away. Almost immediately the Rastoropyn sank and settled on the bottom. A single spar marks her grave.

The explosion was so subdued and the crew remained so silent that it was some time before the report of the affair became current. Even the officials most intimately concerned heard the news from the correspondents. Customs Officer Koenig was on board the destroyer in the afternoon, and the Russians experienced considerable difficulty in getting him out of the way without arousing his suspicions. The destroyer's cutter, manned by two men, was lying near the official when he was persuaded to take a ride around the Rastoropyn in order that he might see the injuries she was alleged to have received. No sooner had he stepped into the cutter than a petty officer drew his watch and urged the rowers to make all speed away. When the official had gone down the official was taken ashore.

It is rumored that the Rastoropyn brought a dispatch from General Stoessel asking the St. Petersburg authorities for instructions as to whether he should continue to hold out, awaiting relief, or make immediate arrangements with the Japanese for surrender upon the most advantageous terms possible.

Commander Pelem, of the Rastoropyn, in an interview, admitted that the destroyer's voyage was in order to carry dispatches. The other Russian ships, he said, remained at Port Arthur. The Rastoropyn, being one of the fastest of the Russian vessels, soon outdistanced her pursuers.

The other Russian officers all deny the report that the Bayan has been sunk, though they admit that a shell damaged her engines, which are being repaired. Russian cruisers come out of Port Arthur daily, the battleships remaining in the harbor.

When the correspondents were allowed on board the Rastoropyn a quarter of beef was carefully placed where it was impossible to miss seeing it. This, it was thought, was in order to convey the impression that Port Arthur was well supplied.

WENT INSANE ON A TRAIN.

Supposed Albany Man Taken From a Car at South Omaha.

Omaha, Neb.—A man supposed to be J. J. Fitzgerald, of Albany, N. Y., became violently insane on a Union Pacific train just before arriving at South Omaha the other morning, and was removed from the train and sent to the police station in that city for medical treatment.

The man was fashionably dressed, and apparently a well-to-do and educated man. He was on his way from San Francisco to Albany. The physician who was summoned to treat him said that his mental trouble was of a temporary nature, and expressed the opinion that he would soon recover and be able to continue his journey.

PARKER IN NEW YORK CITY.

Ex-Judge Opens Independent Law Office With Sheehan & Collin.

New York City.—Ex-Judge Alton B. Parker opened a law office at 32 Nassau street in the suite occupied by the law firm of Sheehan & Collin, of which William F. Sheehan is a member.

Judge Parker said that he had not entered into any partnership, and that that he had become a resident of this city. Mrs. Parker, he said, would join him here, and they would at once secure a home.

Rebellion in China.

It was reported in Shanghai that Chinese rebels had defeated imperial troops in Kwang-Si Province and had captured five important towns.

To Build Russian Ships Here.

A number of ships on the

THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

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Entered at the postoffice at Columbi-
ana, Ala., as second-class mail matter

Columbiana, Ala., Nov. 21, 1904.

Today is Thanksgiving.

Christmas will soon be here.

And we are still doing business
at the same old stand.

It is said a full crop of cotton
will be realized this year.

The World's Fair at St Louis
will be all off December 1.

Eufaula, Ala., had a \$100,000
fire last Sunday morning.

Politics is a thing of the past in
Shelby county until 1906.

We need a telephone line from
here to Shelby and Calera.

The North Alabama Conference
is in session at Talladega this
week.

More houses is what we need at
present—not a store or dwelling
house vacant.

Most of the farmers in this
county are holding their cotton for
a better price.

Columbiana is getting her share
of the trade this fall, and will con-
tinue to get it.

One among the many needs of
Columbiana is a new railroad, and
that very badly.

We are within five miles of Shel-
by, but it takes a letter four days
to go and come.

Frank Duncan will be hung in
Birmingham tomorrow, Friday, if
nothing prevents.

The newly elected Circuit Clerk,
Mr. John R. Dyke, took charge of
his office Saturday.

Bring everything you have to
sell to Columbiana and get the
highest market price.

We need a good flour and grist
right here in Columbiana. It would
be a paying investment.

The war between Russia and
Japan is still on and is not likely
to end for some time to come.

Birmingham closed a warm cam-
paign Monday by nominating Geo.
B. Ward for Mayor.

Now is the time to pay your
poll tax. Pay them to J. H. Rob-
ertson, the tax collector, he won't
ask you for them.

Read what Hon. Thos. E. Wat-
son has to say in another column.
We will publish the balance of the
article next week.

If it wasn't for the farming class
of people this country would soon
be in a bad fix. The farmers are
the backbone of the country.

The city council should take
charge of the old canning factory
and turn it into a cotton seed oil
mill or something that would profit
the city.

The Populist party is getting
stronger every day—especially in
Shelby county. Ask the people
about it and they will tell you the
same thing.

The farmers in this county are
prospering—nearly all of them out
of debt and money in the bank,
and plenty of corn, meat, etc., to
run them another year.

The Populist party in Shelby
county is a mighty live corpse—so
the democrats say, and we guess
they did not find it out until the
election on November 8th.

There are two good reasons why
you should pay your poll tax. The
first one is, that it goes to help
educate the children in your coun-
ty, and the second is, so you can be
a qualified voter. It is only one dol-
lar and fifty cents a year.

WATSON STATES HIS POSITION.

Is for the Upbuilding of a Party
of the People.

New York, Nov. 13.—Thomas E.
Watson to day gave out the follow-
ing statement:

"It should be borne in mind at
the time the Springfield convention
tendered me the presidential nom-
ination, the People's party had no
real existence as a factor in national
politics for eight years. In the
presidential election of 1900 it
gave to its nominee only 50,000
votes. To that extent had the fuc-
tion of 1896 swallowed up a move-
ment which in 1894 counted nearly
2,000,000 votes and about 1,500
active newspapers, therefore we
had to build from the ground up
in 1904. We had almost nothing to
start with in the way of party or-
ganization, campaign funds and
newspaper support; we had only
three months in which to work.
These things being first considered
some idea of what was accomplish-
ed can be had only when the official
returns are known. Up to this
time no official statement has been
made of the vote and I can only
guess what it was from informa-
tion conveyed to me by friends in
various parts of the country. These
sources, of course, are not very re-
liable. Basing an estimate upon
them, however, my opinion is that
I received something like half a
million votes scattered through so
many States, North and South,
East and West, to indicate that the
sentiment which gives its moral
support to the People's party is na-
tional and sectional. I have found
everywhere that the current was
strong and deep in favor of Jef-
fersonian Democracy. I believe to-
day that if all those who believe in
that theory of government could
be united in an harmonious action
we could sweep the country.

"Mr. Roosevelt's overwhelming
majority was not so much due to
the fact that our people believe in
class legislation and the reign of
special privileges. It was not by
any means an indorsement of cor-
poration tyranny, the greed of the
trusts, or the methods of combined
capital. Mr. Roosevelt's majority
over Mr. Parker was due mainly to
two things. One was the immense
personal popularity of Mr. Roose-
velt himself and the other the un-
popularity of Mr. Cleveland's sec-
ond administration. Unfortunately
for Mr. Parker, he became so com-
pletely identified with the maraud-
ers who plundered the government
during Mr. Cleveland's second ad-
ministration that he had to bear
all the odium which they had in-
curred. The people have never had
a chance to show just what they
thought of that second adminis-
tration. Mr. Bryan's two campaigns
did not give them the opportunity;
it was only when the old Cleveland
combination secured the defeat of
Bryan and Hearst, and dictated
the nomination of Mr. Parker that
the masses got the opportunity to
vent upon a national candidate the
intense hatred which they had been
nursing for years against such men
as Olney, Belmont and Carlisle,
and Cleveland himself. They knew
that I could not be elected, and
they were eager to make the best
of the opportunity to safeguard
the country against a repetition of
that saturnalia of class legislation
which marked Cleveland's second
administration, that they rushed
to Roosevelt and gave him a ma-
jority which does not under ordi-
nary circumstances belong to the
Republican party. In other words,
the personality of Mr. Roosevelt
and the unpopularity of Parker's
environment carried into the Re-
publican columns vast multitudes
of men, who under ordinary cir-
cumstances would not be found
there.

"My own plans for the future
embrace a complete organization
of the people along the lines of Je-
ffersonian Democracy, the re-estab-
lishment of a uniform and system-
atic propaganda of Jeffersonian
principles, in order that in 1908
there shall be a party of genuine
opposition to the Republican party
and its present policies. If politi-
cal history teaches anything it is
that old parties never accomplish
reform unless they are irresist-
ibly driven to it by pressure from
without. I hope at last to be of
some use to my country in aiding
those who will apply that pressure.

"I have no faith whatever that
reforms will be accomplished by the
Democratic party. It is dis-
credited in the eyes of the people
by a series of crushing defeats,
and it has been so vacillating in its
course, it has changed its princi-
ples so often, has run from one ex-
treme to the other so recently, had
such a magnificent opportunity in
1892 to work out the reforms to
which it stood pledged and made
such wretched use of that oppor-
tunity that it cannot inspire the
confidence which leads to success.
Since 1892 the Democratic party
has almost entirely boxed the com-
pass in political profession of faith.
It has been for pretty much every-
thing until this year when it stood
for everything or nothing, accord-
ing to the interpretation which
the voter chose to put upon its am-
biguous platform. Mr. Bryan, while
a great Democrat, is not the Demo-

cratic party. There are other dis-
tinguished Democrats who are yet
to be heard from and they may not
indorse the Populist platform.
There is John Sharp Williams, of
Mississippi, there is John W. Bal-
ley, of Texas, there is Senator Ben
F. Tillman, of South Carolina;
there is Senator Morgan, of Ala-
bama; there is Senator John W.
Daniel, of Virginia; in fact, there
are quite a number of distinguish-
ed Democrats who may claim the
right to put in a word before the
next national Democratic platform
is fixed. They may not be willing
to take, for instance, Mr. Bryan's
forty-seven different systems of gov-
ernment railroads; they may not
be in favor of some other planks
in his platform.

(CONTINUED.)

Bamford.

Bamford, Ala., Nov. 16th 1904.

Peoples Advocate:—As the bat-
tle is over, let me say to the peo-
ple through your columns, that I
desire to congratulate every one of
the new officers, and now brethren
while there has been such a won-
derful fight made in our county in
regard to the record of our county,
and how they have been kept and
while we have been abused, and so
many false things have been heap-
ed upon us. But through the pro-
vidences of Almighty God and the
great efforts of our boys we have
been victorious.

And our boys have proven them-
selves to be the worthy success-
ors of their fathers and their mothers.
Now my friends as you enter upon
the new office, let us leave not a
stone unturned, let us be true, let
nothing be inexact, but every thing
plain and to the point, let us
again prove to the people of Shel-
by county that we are true men
that we are God-loving and God-
serving men, that honesty and
truth will guide us while we live
and will crown us successfully when
we come to die. May we be kind to
our democratic brethren, may we
speak kindly of them, knowing that
no one but a coward would gloat
over his defeated competitor, know-
ing also that they have souls to be
saved or lost and that their chil-
dren are dear to us, and that we
are willing to forgive them of the
sharp arrows that they have
thrust against us. May we acquit
ourselves as christian gentlemen,
loving those that God has given us
to live with in the world irrespec-
tive of what they may do unto us.

And the Lord be with you broth-
ern, and keep you and save you is
my prayer.

Your Friend,
W. H. STURDIVANT.

Farmers, Cheer Up.

The year's work is now in sight.
The producers have done nobly, and
the rainfalls were bountiful until
the beginning of August. The
wheat crop of 1904 is 555,000,000
bushels, and the price is above one
dollar per bushel. There is enough
to feed 80,000,000 citizens of the
United States, and 50,000,000 bush-
els to sell to Europe.

The corn yield is 2,461,000,000
bushels this season, 20,000,000 more
bushels than for 1903. Fat hogs,
large hogs, rich bacon and hams,
cows pouring out milk and butter,
millions of eggs to go into corn
meal for delicious bread. No one
who will work shall want for good
food.

The cotton crop is the largest
ever produced in the United States,
with enough cotton seed meal and
hulls to season with protein all the
hay and shredded stalks that the
cattle can consume.

The sweet and Irish potato crops
are over an average, but the acreage
in both of these valuable root crops
was not much over half what it
should have been.

Farmers, cheer up. It matters
not who is president, you are land
owners, lords, kings and rulers in
the nation. Improve and beautify
your homes, put out an extra acre
in first-class fruit trees, half an acre
in grapes and strawberries, plant
a dozen soft-shelled pecan trees
about the yard. Set an acre of worn
land in persimmon and Russian
mulberry trees for hogs and poultry.
A bushel of persimmons will
put as much red flesh on a hog as
a bushel of corn.

Organize a social and education-
al band in each neighborhood, com-
posed of men and women, and meet
twice a month at night, with dif-
ferent members, discuss domestic
and foreign matters, warming up
the heart and expanding the mind,
doing kind acts to render each other
happy. Farmers and farmer's
wives, the United States are yours,
you are the queens and sovereigns!
—Southern Agriculturist.

Miss Octye Lee Womack, of
Gadsden, was licensed Monday by
the Justices of the Supreme Court
of Alabama to practice law before
all the courts of the State. This
is the first woman in Alabama to
practice law.

NOTICE.

I will sell on November 25, 1904,
at my residence in beat 9, the fol-
lowing articles:

2 mules, 22 hogs, cows, corn,
fodder and my household goods.
J. S. SROE,
Wilsonville, Ala.

RAILWAYS BUILT BY THE FARMERS.

One in North Dakota Said To Be
Only Successful Line of Its
Kind.

(From The World's Work.)

The movement of crops was for-
merly a problem, but railways and
trolley lines almost to the farmers'
doors now provide transportation.
But difficulties arise such as con-
fronted the wheat growers of Ram-
sey county, North Dakota.

These farmers hauled their grain
—often a distance of 25 miles—to
Devil's Lake, the county seat,
through which the Great Northern
railway passed. It kept the far-
mers hauling grain all winter. They
asked James J. Hill, president of
the Great Northern railroad, to
build a branch line from Devil's
Lake up through their section. Mr.
Hill said he could not build. Six
of the largest farmers met at a
school house. One of them was Jos-
eph Kelly, who owned 900 acres of
land and who hauled his wheat 15
miles to Devil's Lake. Mr. Kelly
said: "If the Great Northern won't
build we will build." And the far-
mers built a railroad 25 miles long.

They asked every farmer who
hauled grain to Devil's Lake to
subscribe. Some subscribed \$25,
others \$500. They raised \$50,000.
They sent a farmer to Duluth to
buy ties and another to St. Paul to
buy old rails. A land promoter was
building a small branch line out of
Devil's Lake to the south, and they
got him to survey the road. They
hired section hands to lay the track.
But they needed more money. They
bought land along the line and laid
out three towns, sold the lots and
used the money to buy an old en-
gine, a day coach and four box
cars from the Great Northern rail-
way.

Then the road was started. It
will stop for any farmer at any
place. Last year the road made its
expenses, it hauled 60,000 bushels
of wheat. This year, with the rail-
road at hand, the farmers planted
more wheat, and the road will haul
2,000,000 bushels.

I went to Starkweather, the lar-
gest town laid out by the farmers
on their road. Two years ago the
site was a flax field. I found it a
bustling place, with thirty stores
and houses, 400 people, a school
house that cost \$10,000, three ele-
vators with a capacity of 250,000
bushels, three banks, a newspaper
and a church. At the other two
towns, which a year ago were farm
lots, I found grain elevators,
schools and stores.

From the Kingdom. Wreck! Wreck!

A political train with something
over eleven hundred passengers was
running down the road of success into
the city of prosperity, and was badly
wrecked by running into a gang of
Populists, killing some passengers
and wounding many; the number
wounded is not yet known, but the
dead are as follows: D. R. McMillan,
W. R. A. Milner, J. Sanford Falkner,
J. E. Adams, Walter E. Lester, John
B. Farrell, G. D. Campbell, Walter E.
Riddle, John N. Wyatt, W. W. Wal-
lace and L. N. Carlee and others, that
we can not identify. This road is
owned and operated by a few spo-
tiated democrats. This sad accident
must have occurred from a drunken
engineer and conductor, because they
had been warned of the danger. Just
what to do with these dead bodies I
hardly know, unless we turn them
over to Dr. Rowe and furnish him
with alcohol to preserve them, in or-
der that the rising generation may
see these great heroes. But there are
some things more serious yet, that of
the preachers losing sight of every-
thing but that rooster. They need to
do like Peter of old, go out and weep
bitterly. One old soldier came all the
way from Chilton county to take that
trip; another lad of about twenty
summers borrowed one year which
can only be paid back in eternity. It
is not often men are paid to take trips
like this, but these generous-hearted
fellows paid from one to twenty dol-
lars to men to take this trip with
them. The loss of money in making
preparations for this trip is up in the
thousands of dollars. There may be
such a thing as this conductor being
color-blind, as I understand he had on
board this train twelve or fourteen
negroes. I guess all democrats looked
alike to him.

While the Pops are wearing a smiling
face, the democrats look like they had
fallen from grace.

A Por.

DISASTROUS WRECK.

Carelessness is responsible for many
a railway wreck and the same causes
are making human wrecks of suffer-
ers from Throat and Lung troubles.
But since the advent of Dr. King's
New Discovery for Consumption,
Coughs and Colds, even the worst
cases can be cured, and hopeless resig-
nation is no longer necessary. Mrs.
Lois Cragg of Dorchester, Mass., is
one of many whose life was saved by
Dr. King's New Discovery. This great
remedy is guaranteed for all Throat
and Lung diseases by Latham Drug
Co., and Williams Bros. Price 50c, and
\$1.00. Trial bottles free.

You are Looking for Goods and Prices! We are Looking for Business and Trade!

IF YOU WILL CALL ON US THERE WILL BE BUSINESS DONE THAT WILL BENEFIT YOU.

For Fancy Groceries, Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls, Mixed Feed, Can Goods, Breakfast Foods,
Fresh Fish, Fresh Oysters, Fresh Sausage, Candles, Cakes, Fruits and All Kind of
Table Luxuries, We can Give You at Exceeding Low Prices!

TRY THE CELEBRATED RAVEN FLOUR AND WHITE LILY. WE ALSO HANDLE SEVERAL OTHER BRANDS OF FLOUR.

Your Produce Will be Bought at Highest Market Prices.

The goods sold you are guaranteed to be fresh and all right, and we mean by this that your money
will be refunded if the goods are not just as they are represented!

COME TO SEE US BEFORE BUYING.

GOODS DELIVERED IN TOWN FREE.

ROBERTS & ROBERTSON.

Successor to J. R. White.

THE PEOPLES STORE.

Now is the time to buy a Suit of Clothes.
Grand Clearance Sale Beginning Novem-
ber 10th. Everything in

CLOTHING

WILL BE SOLD AT NEW YORK COST.

Call and be Convinced.

R. W. CALLAWAY, MANAGER.

Columbiana, Ala.

Southern Agriculturist.

Published at Nashville, Tennessee.

Because it is edited by Southern men to suit Southern con-
ditions.

In every issue such men as Maj. Thos. J. Key, former As-
sistant Commissioner of Agriculture of Alabama, and Andrew
M. Soule, Director of the Virginia Experiment Station, answer
questions which are put to them by intelligent Southern farm-
ers.

Every issue is like a big farmer's experience meeting and
worth twice the cost of a whole year's subscription.
Twice a month the Southern Agriculturist goes to 50,000
Southern farm homes. Don't you want to join our big, happy
family? If so, send 50 cents for a year's subscription. You
will never regret it.

Southern Agriculturist, Nashville, Tenn.

AGENTS WANTED.—We give handsome premiums and liberal
cash commissions to active agents. If you want to work for us, ask
for our Premium List or Cash Commissions. Dishes and other useful
presents for lady workers. Guns, etc., for boys.

FREE To Readers of PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

For a short time we will give to every new or renewing subscriber
to our paper, a year's subscription to the Southern Agriculturist, abso-
lutely free of charge. Subscribe now and take advantage of this re-
markable offer. If you are already a subscriber, pay a full year in
advance and get this valuable present.

Your leading county paper and the leading Southern farm paper,
both for the price of one.

This proposition will not be held open indefinitely, so hurry up.

J. F. Norris, Editor Advocate.

Sample copies of the Southern Agriculturist can be had at this office.

COLUMBIANA SAVINGS BANK.

Statement of Condition July 6, 1904.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts, \$ 37,584.41	Capital paid in, \$15,000.00
Bank building, fixtures, 7,000.00	Deposits, 26,013.59
Other Real Estate, 3,000.00	Undivided profits, 2,036.14
Cash & other banks, 13,710.30	Rediscouts, 18,244.98
Total, \$61,294.71	Total, \$61,294.71

I, W. L. FARLEY, do solemnly swear that the above statement is
true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. L. FARLEY, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this July 6th, 1904.

J. R. WHITE, Register in Chancery.

This Bank does a general Banking and Loan business. Offers de-
positors the same facilities as the city Banks offer. Deposits received
from \$1.00 up. Small short time loans a specialty. Interest paid on
time deposits. We solicit your business and assure you of our appre-
ciation of the same.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Condensed Schedule in Effect June 19, 1904.

7:00pm	5:55am	ar Mobile, Ala.	8:55pm	8:00am
1:00pm	6:50pm	ar St. Louis, Mo.	1:55pm	9:00am
3:30pm	10:00pm	ar St. Louis, Mo.	4:55pm	10:00am
5:40pm	11:00pm	ar St. Louis, Mo.	6:55pm	11:00am
7:10pm	12:00pm	ar Knoxville, Tenn.	8:55pm	12:00pm
8:40pm	1:00pm	ar Knoxville, Tenn.	10:55pm	1:00pm
10:10pm	2:00pm	ar Asheville, Va.	12:55pm	2:00pm
11:40pm	3:00pm	ar Asheville, Va.	1:55pm	3:00pm
1:10am	4:00pm	ar Lynch, B'g'v.	2:55pm	4:00pm
2:40am	5:00pm	ar W'ch'g'ton, D.C.	3:55pm	5:00pm
4:10am	6:00pm	ar N.Y'rk, N.Y.	4:55pm	6:00pm

No. 22 and 21 carry Pullman sleeping cars between Mobile and Asheville. Sleeping cars between New York City and Asheville are as follows:

No. 19	STATIONS.	No. 11
7:30 am	ar Tuscaloosa, Ala.	9:25pm
9:10 am	ar Akron, Ohio	7:30pm
9:30 am	ar Greensboro, N.C.	7:45pm
10:37 am	ar Marion, N.C.	7:55pm
11:07 am	ar Asheville, N.C.	8:05pm

For full schedule of trains see page 14.

No. 16	STATIONS.	No. 15
7:30 am	ar Tuscaloosa, Ala.	9:25pm
9:10 am	ar Akron, Ohio	7:30pm
9:30 am	ar Greensboro, N.C.	7:45pm
10:37 am	ar Marion, N.C.	7:55pm
11:07 am	ar Asheville, N.C.	8:05pm

Social and Local News.

Now is the time to pay your subscription.

J. H. Mason was in Selma Monday on business.

R. W. Armstrong, of beat 9, was in town Saturday.

Ollie Goer, of Calera, spent Sunday afternoon in the city.

Dr. W. S. DuBose was in Talladega Friday and Saturday.

Marvin Vincent, of Vincent, spent Sunday in town with friends.

R. C. Naish, of beat 7, was in town Thursday last on business.

W. E. Harrison, County Treasurer, of Montevallo, is in the city.

W. D. Lacey, of Maylene, is serving as a petit juror this week.

E. T. Brasher, of Shelby, was among the visitors here last Thursday.

W. E. Merrell, of Shelby, was in town a short while Monday morning.

Dr. W. P. Hamner was over at Talladega Springs several days last week.

Oscar Bird and James Robertson spent Sunday at Vincent with friends.

Harry Roberts and Henry Chapman visited relatives in Montevallo Sunday.

Dr. J. J. DuBose, of Burnsville, visited relatives here Sunday and Monday.

J. S. Pitts and J. H. Robertson spent Sunday in the city with their families.

Prof. S. P. Williamson, of Weldon, was in town a short while Saturday.

County court is in session this week, with Judge A. P. Longshore presiding.

E. B. Nelson, of Empire, spent Saturday and Sunday here with his family.

J. W. Harrell has gone to Winona, Miss., to work for the Southern Railway.

J. P. and John S. Pearson spent a few days at Bridgeton this week on business.

Mrs. W. A. Parker returned Sunday from a visit to relatives in Birmingham.

Howard Latham spent a part of Sunday and Monday in Montevallo with his family.

Mrs. C. J. Christian has been quite sick for several days, but is some better now.

Judge A. P. Longshore spent a part of Friday and Saturday in Anniston on business.

F. M. Hafmark, of the Southern Railway, spent a part of Saturday here with his family.

Rev. G. T. Harris is attending the Methodist Annual Conference at Talladega this week.

Mrs. E. J. Harris, of Munford, visited the family of Rev. G. T. Harris a few days last week.

The post office at Nelson has been discontinued by the Post office department at Washington.

J. L. Foust, of Pelham, was in town Saturday, and while here renewed his subscription to the Advocate.

Mrs. T. J. Ponder, who has been visiting the family of E. B. Nelson, returned to her home at Prattville Friday.

Prof. W. H. Bird, who is teaching school at Dargin, spent a part of Saturday and Sunday here with his family.

Max Lefkowitz and wife, Mrs. A. Friedberger and Mrs. Simon Friedberger spent Sunday afternoon at Shelby Springs.

On account of a small wreck at Nelson last Thursday, No. 15 Southbound, was delayed five hours. There was no one hurt in the wreck.

J. T. Leeper has been appointed County Solicitor by Borden H. Burr, the newly elected Circuit Solicitor for the 7th Judicial Circuit.

J. W. Talton and G. S. Robertson, of Fayetteville, were in the city Saturday, and while here subscribed for the Advocate a year each.

Rev. W. J. D. Upshaw, of Goodwater, filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church Sunday, and preached two interesting sermons.

Henry Latham, who has been sick at the home of his parents in Montevallo, is able to be back in his fathers drug store at this place. He returned Saturday. His many friends in Columbiana welcome him back.

Oscar Bird and Jim Robertson spent last Thursday in Birmingham. They went over to see the play, "Under Southern Skies," which appeared at the Jefferson theatre on Wednesday night. Henry Walshaw, one of Columbiana's old boys, was in the play.

Try hot beef tea at Latham's Drug Store.

W. C. Powers, of Pelham, was in town Tuesday.

Dr. C. T. Acker returned Sunday from St. Louis.

M. D. L. Stewart, of beat 9, was in town Tuesday.

J. M. Morrell, of Vincent, was in the city Monday.

Fred H. Hardy, of Saginaw, was in town Tuesday on business.

Will Page has a position with Leo, Friedberger & salesman.

Be sure and go out to hear the Harvard Musical Club Dec. 2.

The cages in the old jail are now being moved into the new one.

Mrs. T. P. Roberts, of Anniston, is visiting relatives in the city.

Miss Mary Milner, of Anniston, is visiting relatives in the city.

Several cases have been disposed of in the county court this week.

The Harvard Musical Club, Friday night, Dec. 2, at School House.

Walter Ozley, of Beat 7, was among the visitors in town Tuesday.

Only one night at School House, December 2, The Harvard Musical Club.

Anything in the hot drink line that you want at Latham's Drug Store.

Rev. J. G. Walker is in Talladega attending the Methodist Conference.

Rufus Lester, after spending several days in St. Louis, returned home Monday.

B. J. Hulcombe, J. E. Cargile and W. R. Oliver, of Calera, were in the city Thursday.

Rev. W. J. D. Upshaw, of Goodwater, spent a few days here this week with his friends.

Clyde Farrell, who has been attending school here, has returned to his home at Calvary.

Dr. J. W. Shoaff, of Montgomery, spent a part of Tuesday and Wednesday in the city.

Remember the date Friday, Dec. 2, The Harvard Musical Club will be at the School House.

Andrew Jackson, of Fourmile, has accepted a position as clerk with J. H. Abercrombie.

Don't miss hearing The Harvard Musical Club at the School House Friday night, December 2.

Miss Nora McAlister, of California, visited the family of W. G. Parker a few days last week.

We have so many friends in the city this week that it is impossible to get all their names in print.

Mrs. J. S. Pitts and children returned Tuesday from a visit to relatives in Birmingham and Vincent.

Go to the School House, Friday night, December 2, and hear The Harvard Musical Club, its something fine.

Miss Driscoll Vincent, after spending a few days with friends in the city, returned to her home at Vincent Monday.

The stock of goods of J. H. Abercrombie is being straightened up, and he will be ready for business in a few days.

We are sorry to state that Mrs. Clem Watersworth and her little son, John, are quite sick at the residence of J. T. Cromwell.

In this issue will be found the advertisement of Thos. F. Atkinson. Read what he has to say, and when in town give him a call.

Try the delicious hot drinks at Latham's Drug Store. There is nothing better than a cup of hot coffee, chocolate or tomato Baulion on a cold day.

Miss Georgia Glaze, of Creswell, and Miss Ella Ray, of Harpersville, spent a few days in the city last week with friends, returning to their homes Sunday.

Read what the Southern Agriculturist has to say in this issue. Also what the Advocate offers its readers. Come in and renew your subscription to the Advocate and get the Southern Agriculturist free for one year.

County court convened last Monday with Judge A. P. Longshore presiding. The newly elected clerk Jno. R. Dyke took charge of his office, and Oscar Bird was sworn in as deputy clerk. Mr. Bird has served the people faithfully for the past four years as Chief clerk in the Probate office, and Mr. Dyke is fortunate in securing his services as deputy.

We are going to give all of our subscribers until December 15th to pay what they owe. This is the first and last notice. So come in now. This means all who have not made arrangements with us for another year. By paying a year in advance you get a paper free of charge. But remember the 15th of December. You can't run a paper without money, and our subscribers will do us a great favor by paying what they owe.

F. M. HAWKAY.

Dargin.

Rev. Will Pilgreen preached at Dargin Sunday afternoon at two o'clock.

T. M. Duncan and R. E. Powers went over to Columbiana last Friday on business.

Will Harrison passed through our town last week.

H. B. Nabors is on the jury this week.

Ben Riley, of Wilsonville, visited relatives in our town Sunday.

N. J. Riley and wife visited relatives here last week.

Mrs. J. M. Baker has been on the sick list for several days, but is better at this writing.

A. M. Richards visited relatives up near Wilsonville last Friday and Saturday.

A. C. Leonard and wife attended services at Dargin Sunday.

Prof. W. H. Bird visited his family at Columbiana Saturday and Sunday.

J. E. O'Barr and family, of Oxmoor, visited the family of J. M. Baker Sunday.

Ottis McLendon passed through taking his girl a buggy ride Sunday evening.

J. M. Baker, who has a position with Thornton Dudley above East Saginaw, is visiting his family this week.

Mrs. Jane Bailey is visiting Mrs. Lyon this week.

Sydney Lynch, of Lynch, was in our town Sunday evening.

R. C. Naish and two daughters, Misses Anna and Ella, went over to Columbiana last Thursday.

Bob Cargile and George Collins passed through our town Sunday.

John Roach, of Campbranch, has a position with C. L. O'Neal.

"Gee Whiz," didn't Teddy get the votes, Parker's side looks like "thirty cents" now, but just as I expected.

BUFFALO BILL & CO.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY IS PLEASANT TO TAKE.

The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. Mr. W. L. Reddick, of Boonsville, Md., in speaking of this remedy, says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with my children for several years and can truthfully say it is the best preparation of the kind I know of. The children like to take it, and it has no injurious after effect. For sale by Williams Bros."

Columbiana is still prospering and growing every day.

D. R. W. Hamner, Dentist Columbiana, Ala. Office at residence near L. & N. Depot. Phone No. 47.

In an other column will be found the advertisement of Latham Drug Co. Call and see them when in town. Look for their holiday advertisement next week.

Rev. W. J. D. Upshaw, who has been pastor of the Baptist church at this place for the past two years, has given up the charge, and we learn that he will move his family from Goodwater to Fort Deposit, Ala., where he has accepted the call of the Baptist church at that place. Mr. Upshaw has made many friends during his stay here, who regret very much to see him leave.

Mr. W. E. Finley and Miss Nora O. Wingard were happily married at the home of the bride's parents near Wilsonville last Sunday afternoon. Rev. W. J. D. Upshaw performing the ceremony. Mr. Finley is the son of our fellow townsman, J. T. Finley, and is a young man of fine character and has many friends in and around Columbiana. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Wingard, and is an amiable young lady. The Advocate wishes for the young couple a long and prosperous life.

FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

NEW WAY OF USING CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

Mr. Arthur Chapman writing from Durban, Natal, South Africa, says: "As a proof that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a cure suitable for old and young, I pen you the following: A neighbor of mine had a child just over two months old. It had a very bad cough and the parents did not know what to give it. I suggested that if they could get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and put some upon the dummy teat the baby was sucking it would no doubt cure the child. This they did and brought about a quick relief and cured the baby. This remedy is for sale by Williams Bros."

NOTICE.

A teacher wanted for school in District No. 5 in Shelby county, known as the Kingdom District. For further information apply to E. L. Crumpton, J. T. Acker, J. A. Holmes, Trustee, Columbiana, Ala. R. F. D. No. 4.

NOTICE.

There will be a Sacred Harp Singing Convention at the Morris school house near East Saginaw on the 1st Saturday and Sunday in December, 1904. Commencing at one o'clock A. M. Saturday. Everybody invited to come and bring your harps, and all that can bring dinner on Sunday.

F. M. HAWKAY.

Helena.

Helena, Ala., Nov. 19th, 1904.

Editor Advocate:—The election is over and we are glad of it, and will add, by parenthesis, the white men of Shelby county, have said by their votes that they did not want the democrats and 17 "niggers" to rule over their affairs. I understand the color vote was with that old rooster crowd. I hope it's so! If I owned a rooster and he couldn't run the democratic bird of last Tuesday I would kill him and get rid of the breed. He would not be of any service.

"Sentinel! what's the hour?"

"Ask McMillan, Milner, Bowden and the two Johns, (perhaps) they can tell you, 'I am struck blind'!"

"Did you ask who hit 'Billie Patterson' or how old was 'Ann'?"

The white "Hill Billies," "Rosen Chawers," "Sorghum-makers"—Farmers; the honest white men of Shelby county can tell you who killed the old rooster bird of last Tuesday. Hill—Hill—Grover Cleveland and democracy are the big 4! In the U. S. Brand, Bowden, Browne and Bowie are Shelby's 4 early birds! It is hard to name "the States 4 big ones." I heard on the train that a half witted boy had said Alabama's big 4 was: Hellfire—Hit Hard Hellin! I would have called the boy down about this joke, but I thought of what father had taught me—never fight a fool, argue with a mad woman nor play with a cripple! and besides the conductor said I was in for the fine and fray and sided with the fool boy and said old 4 was: Hold—High-head—Hellin. I took the bluff, sit down and kept quiet until Jim Elison came in and broke up the stillness, saying "Mr. Jonsin didn't we beat em easy?"

The Deadly Parallel!!

The 2 Johns and Democracy!

D. R. McMillan and W. R. Milner! SELOA!

Right has prevailed! and we have witnessed the glory of the Lord in the land! The peoples money all accounted for in county improvements and they say, O. K. Judge Longshore, et al.

If there is any mistake in the "tax raise" correct it; give us (all the people) a clean record and we will hold you up to the sun. I heard one of Helena's leading dem's say on the day of the election the county was "white by 500 majority." He was mistaken! Our ticket won by 65 majority over fraud, falsehood, d-a-m-o-o-r-a-t-s and 17 coums. Who art thou young man? Talk and do as you say. Go to the counsils and bind thy mothers teachings to thy heart, and go not in the way of them that sit in high places or in the seats of the scornful, but rather seek after truth and right and get understanding, and when you have done this, stand and the Gates of Hell can't swallow you!

Indeed and truth, I penned the foregoing in a spirit of levity and jest, hoping all will so read and consider, but if the truth has been told and is not understood, I can not modify nor retract. Bury the matchet boys, but don't forget to let the handle stick out!

Yours for the fray,

W. T. JOHNSON.

THE BEST LINIMENT.

"Chamberlain's Pain Balm is considered the best liniment on the market," writes Dr. J. B. Blair, of Georgia. "No other liniment will heal a cut or bruise so promptly. No other affords such quick relief from rheumatic pains. No other is so valuable for deep seated pains like lame back and pains in the chest. Give this liniment a trial and you will never wish to be without it. Sold by Williams Bros."

Quito.

Rev. J. W. Chesser visited our community one day last week on business.

Little Albert Johnson, is very sick at this writing, we hope for him an early recovery.

Charley Cross and Bob Dyke have accepted a position with Bass and Lee as shingle haulers.

A movement is on foot to build a church and school house at this place. There is nothing that would add more to our community than the building of a nice church and school house.

S. S. Childers and M. C. Nolan have located a shingle mill near this place.

Mrs. Mattie Cox, who has been on the sick list for quite a while, is some better at this writing.

W. L. Deslazo gathered a wagon load of pop-corn on his last week, he told me he must be thinking of being a Populist in his old days. How about it W. L.?

RAY & CO.

A RUNAWAY BICYCLE.

Terminated with an ugly cut on the leg of J. B. Orner, of Franklin Grove, Ill. It developed a stubborn ulcer unyielding to doctors and remedies for four years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured. It's just as good for burns, scalds, skin eruptions, etc. 25c. at Latham Drug Co., and Williams Bros.

Redlawn News.

Prof. John Moore was in Montgomery a few days last week on business.

Bruton Lyon has gone to Birmingham to work at the carpenters trade.

Dave Glenn, of Shelby, visited his sister Mrs. Jim Mitchell Sunday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Lyon a girl.

Will Morris is building a new dwelling on his land recently purchased from E. B. Teague.

Mrs. Henry Farr visited her mother, Mrs. Walter Baker a few days last week.

Elisha Farr and wife visited relatives at Columbiana last Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Huston and Mrs. George Baker visited Mrs. Jim Smith one day last week.

D. F. Smith passed through our community last Saturday.

Little Herbert Lyon's birthday dinner was enjoyed by all present.

Clyde Cross was seen to pass throughout our community Sunday en route to Lewis.

John and Beaufort Armstrong attended divine worship at old Chapel Sunday evening.

Jesse Stone and family leaves the 2nd of next month for Honey Grove, Tex., their future home.

Well, as it is getting late and Pap says that scattershot cotton has to be picked and the "fisters" dug tomorrow. I will close.

FRED.

DON'T RESPECT OLD AGE.

It's shameful when youth fails to show proper respect for old age, but just the contrary in the case of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They cut off maladies no matter how severe and irremediable. Dyspepsia, indigestion, jaundice, fever, constipation all yield to this perfect Pill. 25c. at Latham Drug Co., and Williams Bros.

FOR PURITY IN

Latham Drug Company,

COLUMBIANA, ALA.

Money Saved—Money Made.

I am now located at the D. C. Glenn old stand in Columbiana, and am putting in a Full Line of Staple and Fancy Groceries and will sell at very lowest price possible—FOR CASH. Also a nice line of Shoes that I purchased with the stock will be closed out at cost in order to make room for my groceries. I can save

YOU MONEY!

AND MONEY SAVED IS MONEY MADE.

Call and see me, and get prices before buying elsewhere.

Thos. F. Atkinson,

Columbiana, Alabama.

Tax Assessor and Collector's Rounds.

We will attend the following-named places and times for the purpose of Assessing State and County Taxes for the year 1905 and Collecting State and County Taxes for the year 1904

SECOND AND LAST ROUND.

Helena, beat 6, Tuesday, Nov. 1.

Bamford, beat 5, Wednesday, Nov. 2.

Gurnee, beat 19, Thursday, Nov. 3.

Maylene, beat 19, Friday, Nov. 4.

Montevallo, beat 4, Saturday, Nov. 5.

Saginaw, beat 7, Monday, Nov. 14.

Pelham, beat 17, Tuesday, Nov. 15.

Highland, beat 12, Wednesday, Nov. 16.

Bold Springs, beat 13, Thursday, Nov. 17.

K. Springs, beat 8, Friday, Nov. 18.

Days N. Roads, beat 11, Saturday, Nov. 19.

Sterrett, beat 15, Monday, Nov. 21.

Dunnaway, beat 18, Tuesday, Nov. 22.

Vandiver, beat 14, Tuesday, Nov. 22.

Vincent, beat 16, Wednesday, Nov. 23.

Creswell, beat 10, Thursday, Nov. 24.

Harpersville, beat 10, Friday, Nov. 25.

Wilsonville, beat 9, Saturday, Nov. 26.

Columbiana, beat 1, Monday, Nov. 28.

Spring Creek, beat 2, Tuesday, Nov. 29.

Shelby, beat 1, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

Blue Spring, beat 9, Thursday, Dec. 1.

Calera, beat 8, Saturday, Dec. 3.

Tax Payers will please meet us promptly with legal description of real estate, otherwise the Assessor can not be responsible for errors that may occur in land numbers. Have a correct list of personal property and come prepared to pay taxes for the year 1904. Will be in Columbiana from December 19th, 1904, to January 1st, 1905, except the 24th and 26th of December. On all taxes not paid by the 1st of January, 1905, 8 per cent. interest and 50 cents Collector's fee will be charged. Tax Books will positively close by March 1st, 1905.

JOHN S. PITTS, Tax Assessor for Shelby County.

JOHN H. ROBERTSON, Tax Collector Shelby County.

Birmingham Title & Guaranty Company.

Complete Abstract of Shelby County.

Abstracts of Title, Certificates of Title, Titles Guaranteed, A General Title Business.

BEST EQUIPMENTS; SUPERIOR WORK.

